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AWARDS FOR DISTINGUISHED SERVICE.

The War Department on March 5 and 7 announced the award of Distinguished Services Crosses to Col. Paul B. Malone, Inf., and 1st Lieut. John T. Maguire, 18th Inf., and the award of Distinguished Service Medals to Col. F. V. Abbot, U.S.A., retired, Col. Herbert A. White, J.A., and Major Thomas W. Hammond and Chauncey L. Fenton, War Department General Staff, and Major Charles H. Patterson, I.G.D. Also the D.S.M. to Lieut. Col. R. F. Metcalfe, M.C. The citations of the awards were as follows:

"Col. Paul B. Malone, Infantry, for extraordinary heroism in action south of Soissons, France, July 18-19, 1918. During the two days in which his regiment was engaged with the enemy, Colonel Malone frequently visited the advanced troops. On the evening of July 18, after the regiment had suffered severe losses, he assisted in the reorganization of a battalion for the attack upon Vierzy. On the morning of July 19 he made a personal reconnaissance of the front lines, under heavy fire, in order to ascertain the enemy position, which was of vital importance."

"First Lieut. John T. Maguire, 18th Inf., for extraordinary heroism in action near Exermont, France, Oct. 4, 1918. Lieut. Maguire although severely wounded refused to be evacuated and continued to lead his platoon until again wounded and forced by exhaustion due to loss of blood to be evacuated."

"Colonel Frederick V. Abbot, U.S.A., retired, for exceptionally meritorious and distinguished service in the organization of engineer troops and the procurement of enlisted men for service in the war. His zeal was untiring and the success of his effort marked."

"Colonel Herbert A. White, Judge Advocate, for exceptionally meritorious and distinguished service. As Acting Judge Advocate General for the American Expeditionary Forces in Germany and France he performed very difficult and exacting duties with marked skill and distinction. In connection with the vast civil business of the War Department which passed through his hands he has displayed a singular force of decision and sound judgment."

"Lieut. Col. Raymond F. Metcalfe, Med. Corps, U.S.A., has been awarded the D.S.M. for exceptionally meritorious and distinguished service as division surgeon, 36th Division. The citation says: 'In August and again in September, 1918, during serious epidemics of Spanish influenza his far-sightedness and his energetic and efficient action in personally directing the handling of these epidemics resulted in a very large reduction in the mortality.'

"Major Thomas W. Hammond, General Staff, for exceptionally meritorious and distinguished service. While a member of the General Staff in the early days of the war, his judgment and ability were applied to the solution of intricate problems concerning the distribution of the draft. He rendered meritorious service in France, both as a line and as a staff officer. The services rendered by him pertaining to the preparation and development of the Reorganization act of June 4, 1920, have been of great value to the Army."

"Major Chauncey L. Fenton, General Staff, for exceptionally meritorious and distinguished service as chief of a section of the General Staff (Personnel Branch), during the period of the demobilization and reorganization of the Army. He has rendered conspicuous service in the solution of intricate and important problems pertaining to the scientific utilization of the commissioned personnel of the Army."

"Major Charles H. Patterson, then colonel, Inspector General's Department, for exceptionally meritorious and distinguished service. As an officer of the Inspector General's Department and as Chief of the Investigations Division of that Department his rare efficiency and good judgment in the investigation and treatment of difficult and intricate problems have materially facilitated the administration of the office of the Inspector General and have been of great value to the War Department and to the Army."

"First Lieut. (Chaplain) Edwin A. Elliott, 20th Inf., U.S.A., has been awarded the D.S.C. for extraordinary heroism in action north of Nantillois, France, Oct. 12, 1918. 'An ammunition detail,' says the citation, 'having failed several times to carry ammunition over a barbed zone, Lieutenant Elliott, then sergeant, Co. E, 29th Inf., voluntarily gathered and conducted an ammunition detail over three kilometers under extremely heavy artillery and machine gun fire to the front line. In advance of his men he dragged a full box of Springfield ammunition for over a kilometer and distributed it to the front line. Later, he volunteered to carry and carried a message back to regimental headquarters.'

DIVISION TRAINS ORGANIZATION.

Organization of division trains in accordance with the latest 1920-21 tables of organization was directed by the War Department on March 15, as follows:

Div.	Motor Transp. Trains, Commands No.	Motor Transp. Cos. No.	Motor Repair Sections No.	Wagon Cos. No.
1st	1	1, 2	1	1, 2
2d	2	5, 6, 7, 8	3, 4	3, 4
3d	3	9, 10	5	5, 6
4th	4	15, 14	7	7, 8
5th	5	17, 18	9	9, 10
6th	6	21, 22	11	11, 12
7th	7	25, 26	13	13, 14
Hawaii	11	41, 42	21	21, 22

Motor Transport Command No. 11, Motor Transport Company No. 42, and all wagon companies enumerated will be filled to authorized strength gradually by corps area and department commanders from such surplus Quartermaster Corps personnel as can be supplied at stations or from the vicinity without rail transporta-

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tion. Instructions were previously issued in regard to all other units enumerated. The following designations of wagon companies now organized in the 8th Corps Area are changed as indicated: Wagon Company No. 1 to No. 4; Co. No. 2 to No. 25; Co. No. 4 to No. 26. Wagon Co. No. 3 will be transferred to Camp Travis, Texas, when transportation funds become available.

ADJUTANTS GENERAL FOR LAW CHANGES.

The Adjutants General Association met in conference at the Hotel Raleigh, Washington, D.C., March 17. The session was called by Brig. Gen. C. I. Martin, of Kansas, president of the association, for the purpose of considering certain amendments to the National Defense act as amended by the act of June 4, 1920, as it affects the National Guard, which it is proposed to submit to the military committees of Congress at the forthcoming extraordinary session. The following proposed changes in the act of June 4 were unanimously approved by the association:

To correct conflicts. Sec. 3a and Sec. 68. To amend Sec. 3a, N.D.A., by striking out the words "the location and designation of units of the National Guard and" where the same occur in the concluding clause of said section and by inserting in lieu thereof "the designation of units of the National Guard and the location and designation of units" of the Organized Reserves, etc.

Sec. 37. Amendment to make National Guard officers eligible for Reserve commission in their present National Guard grades. Insert after "any person now serving" the words "or hereafter commissioned and recognized."

Sec. 58. By adding proviso: Provided, That boys between the ages of sixteen and eighteen years, having the required physical qualifications, may be enlisted in the National Guard with the consent of their parent or guardian.

Sec. 60. Substitute for second cause: Companies and corresponding units of the National Guard heretofore or hereafter recognized at a minimum enlisted strength of fifty men may be maintained at that minimum for the period of one year, after the date of their Federal recognition and, until July 1, 1922, companies and corresponding units of the National Guard may be recognized at a minimum enlisted strength of fifty: Provided, etc.

Sec. 62. The committee does not at this time recommend any amendment in view of the fact that quite three years will elapse before the maximum quota of troops required by the law as it now reads will be approached.

Sec. 64. Substitute the following: Whenever, in the territorial distribution of National Guard troops approved by the Secretary of War in pursuance of Sec. 3a, the headquarters of any military unit is allocated to a state, the governor of that state shall have authority to appoint and commission the officers who are designated by current tables of organization as constituting such headquarters.

Sec. 65. Amend as follows: Insert after "Regular Army" in second line the words "or National Guard." Also, insert after the words "Regular Army" in the seventh line the words "or National Guard."

Sec. 67. Insert after the words "District of Columbia," eighth line from bottom of page 30, "For the hire of clerks in the offices of United States property and disbursing officers, approved as necessary by the Secretary of War."

Sec. 81. Amend to read as follows: The Militia Division of the War Department shall hereafter be known as the National Guard Bureau of the War Department. After Jan. 1, 1921, the Chief of the National Guard Bureau, etc. . . . For duty in the National Guard Bureau and for the instruction of the National Guard, the President may assign such number of officers and enlisted men of the Regular Army or officers of the National Guard as he may deem necessary, and any such National Guard officer while so assigned shall, subject to such regulations as the President may prescribe, receive out of the whole fund appropriated for the support of the National Guard the pay and allowances of a Regular Army officer having the same rank and length of service as said National Guard officer, whose prior service in the Organized Militia shall be counted in ascertaining his right to longevity pay.

Sec. 99. Amend: By adding after the words "practical course of instruction" the following: "and for the necessary period of travel from and to his home station." Amend further by striking out the final proviso.

Sec. 109. Amend tenth line: By striking out the words "captains commanding organizations" and inserting in lieu thereof "commanding officers of companies and corresponding units."

Sec. 110. Amend to read: All amounts appropriated for the purpose of this and the last preceding section shall be disbursed and accounted for by the United States property and disbursing officers of the several states, and all disbursements under the provisions of this and the preceding section shall be made as soon as practicable after the last days of March, June, September and December of each year upon pay rolls, etc.

Twenty-two states were represented at the conference. General Martin stated that the apparent tardiness of the states in not proceeding more rapidly in the past with the organization of National Guard units was not due to a lack of interest, but owing to the uncertainty of allocation of troops and for want of tables of organization. He further indicated that Congress so far has failed to provide sufficient Federal funds to enable the states to comply with their part of the provisions of the Army Reorganization act.

VICE ADMIRAL NIBLACK AT MOROCCO.

The Salvo, organ of the U.S.S. Pittsburgh, which was at the port of Oran, Algeria, on Feb. 19, in referring to the official visit made to Tangier, Morocco, by Vice Admiral Albert P. Niblack, U.S.N., commanding the U.S. naval forces operating in European waters, on Feb. 14 and 15, in the Pittsburgh, says that among the British naval and civilian officials who accompanied him in the ship were the Governor of Gibraltar, Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien; Admiral Sir Charles Madden, Commander-in-Chief of the British Atlantic fleet; Sir Bartle Frere, Chief Justice of Gibraltar; Vice Admiral Sir Roger Keyes, Commander Atlantic cruiser squadron; Gen. Sir Herbert Guthrie Smith; Commodore Fuller, chief of staff, Atlantic fleet; Lord Inverclyde, secretary to the Governor of Gibraltar; Commander Bellairs, R.N. On arriving at Tangier the Pittsburgh fired a salute of twenty-one guns, with the Moroccan flag at the main, after which Admiral Niblack made the customary official calls on the Moroccan authorities. In the afternoon the Morocco Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mohammed Tazi, entertained the Admiral and his guests at tea. In the evening the American Consul General gave a dinner in their honor, after which the British Minister entertained with a reception and dance. Upon arrival at Oran on Feb. 16 the Pittsburgh fired a salute of twenty-one guns, with the French ensign flying at the main. The Admiral, with the American Consul, made official calls on the Governor General of Algeria, prefect of the department of Oran, General Cherrier, military commandant of the department of Oran; the mayor of Oran, Dr. Gasser; Captain de Vimont, naval commandant of the department of Oran, and the American Vice-Consul, Mr. Elford. In the afternoon a seventeen-gun salute was fired in honor of General Cherrier, who made an official call on Admiral Niblack.

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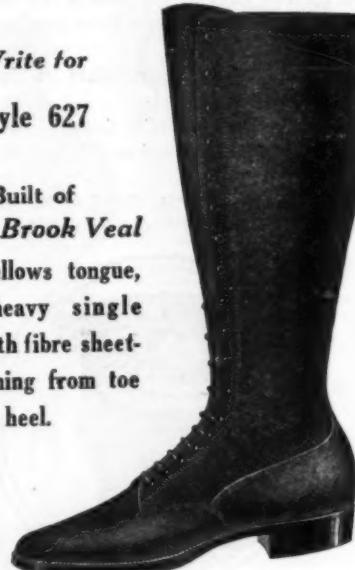
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Through a system of sending out questionnaires the Personnel Section, office of the Quartermaster General, has complete data on the special qualifications of practically every Reserve officer in the corps which number about 9,000. Not only is this true of the officers now in the Reserves, but on qualified individuals who rejected a commission offered them by the Quartermaster General. The file is so arranged that it only requires a few minutes to find any number of officers that may be required of any special qualification, or of any particular grade. Addressograph metal plates are now practically all completed containing names and addresses of Q.M.R.O.'s, which will enable the Quartermaster General to keep in constant touch by mail with his entire Reserve officer force. The Personnel Section of the Q.M.C., has charge, directly or indirectly, of the keeping of between 75,000 and 100,000 individual records of Army personnel.

A Plea for Greater Consideration for Reserve.

A Reserve Corps captain in a plea for greater consideration for the Reserve officers writes: "The Reserve has stood aside and seen the Regulars scrap among themselves and with the National Guard for more appropriations; wondering what would be the outcome. He is getting what the inarticulate usually get, which is nothing. He has seen Regular and National Guard officers, who really wished to give us our due, publicly express themselves to that effect and then get self-conscious on account of the jibes of their comrades, and fail to aid us. Even though there is a singular lack of unity among ourselves, this is not insurmountable. There is no doubt that the civilian Reservist is supposed to take the lead, but he cannot do so until the corps area commanders are allowed to appoint purely Reserve officers to General Staff assignments. I was assigned to a National Guard division for a while when a temporary officer and before that served for a period of several weeks as private of Infantry with a Reserve commission. The 26th Division treated me fine and the 17th Infantry, officers and enlisted men, treated me as a private should be until I was turned to active duty as an officer. I do not blame the pacifists or those desiring economy for the lack of appropriations for the Reserve. I do not blame Congress altogether. I can see little more than our lack of unity; the fact that experience has shown us the value of silence at certain times; none to speak for us without first having been obligated to Regular Army or Guard before being given permission to speak; and last, but not least, the self-consciousness of those in the Service who could aid us and would if they could only throw off their self-consciousness long enough."

Would Simplify Reserve Commissions.

"Why all this fuss about lack of Reserve officers?" asks an ex-captain. "The best way to get Reserve officers is to get them. Cut out some of the red tape and commission them on their records. Who wants to travel miles to be examined by an Army surgeon or stand the expense of a physician's examination such as is not necessary, in order to be commissioned after serving for years and going all through it?"

TO BROADEN SCOPE OF GORGAS MEMORIAL INSTITUTE.

Rear Admiral William C. Braisted, U.S.N., chairman of the provisional board of directors of the Gorgas Memorial Institute, to be established at Panama, C.Z., made an announcement in Washington on March 15 concerning plans for broadening the scope of the institute so that it will be an institution for research and teaching which will gain an international reputation. The Admiral, who is also president of the American Medical Institution, said that in accordance with instructions received from President Porras of Panama the co-operation of American medical colleges as well as of foreign countries is being enlisted. Permanent headquarters of the American board of directors has been established at Washington. Admiral Braisted is quoted in a dispatch to the New York Times as saying that as soon as the preliminary organization work is completed three American physicians are to be sent to Panama to put the plans into effect. One of these will be a Medical officer of the Army, one of the Navy and one of the U.S. Public Health Service. They will be stationed at Santo Tomas Hospital, Panama, where they will commence research work in tropical medicine under the superintendent of the hospital. Later, the institute will have its own building, adjoining the hospital, in front of which will be erected a statue of the late Major Gen. William C. Gorgas, U.S.A., the great sanitarian. Institutions teaching tropical medicine, such as Harvard and Johns Hopkins universities, the Rockefeller Foundation, the London School of Tropical Medicine, the Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine and the University of California, have indicated their willingness to further the aims of the Gorgas Memorial. Admiral Braisted said that Central and South American governments will be officially notified of the founding of the institute and invited to appoint committees of medical men to place before the institute problems of particular interest to their countries.

THINKS PROMOTION LAW FAIR.

Commenting on the criticism of the promotion provisions of the Army Reorganization act, a lieutenant, Q.M.C., writes that he believes that on the whole the law is the fairest for all concerned that could be enacted. If the present law is changed, he says, "then the only fair and just means of satisfying everyone concerned would be to permit a re-examination of all appointments originally made and an adjustment of the commissions that were given out to permanent officers during the months of September and October."

NO PAY FOR N.G. PERSONNEL ON SCHOOL LEAVE.

Officers and enlisted men of the National Guard detailed under provisions of Sec. 90 of the National Defense act of June 3, 1916, to attend a military service school for a regular course of study, or a school at or near an Army post for routine practical instruction, are not entitled to pay for any period they are on sick or ordinary leave of absence, according to a decision of the Comptroller.



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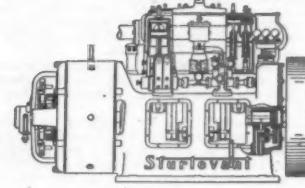
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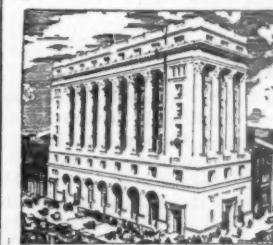
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20 VESEY STREET, NEW YORK, N.Y. TO AVOID CONFUSION WITH OTHER PERIODICALS NOTE THAT THE LAST WORD IN OUR TITLE IS JOURNAL.

RETAINING Q.M.C. TECHNICAL PERSONNEL.

Owing to the indication that Army construction will be greatly curtailed to limit expenditures during the coming year, Brig. Gen. J. M. Carson, Chief of Construction Service, Q.M.C., is facing the probable necessity of discharging a large portion of his technical civilian employees, such as architects, engineers and draftsmen. In such case it would disrupt his organization to an extent that should building in the Army resume normal proportions the year following, the Construction Service would be obliged to enter the open competitive labor market to build up again its technical force to enable it to function as a Construction Service. The present force could be tided over until next year if certain construction were carried out by it to provide facilities for disabled soldiers as authorized by the last Congress, which placed a total appropriation of nearly \$52,000,000 at the disposal of the Secretary of the Treasury. In the act providing additional hospital facilities there is a clause limiting the cost for technical and clerical assistants to three per cent. of the cost of construction. This is so small that no reputable architect would engage to do the work, as the American Institute of Architects has a standing rule that a charge of six per cent. at least shall be made, and many times more than that proportion of the total cost is charged for drawing up the plans and specifications for construction and supervision of their execution. The Construction Service already has the necessary office space and facilities, and General Carson has expressed his desire that his personnel be detailed for the necessary architectural and engineering work of any new buildings that may be constructed under the recent legislative provisions, and thus enable him to retain his technical force through the coming fiscal year, and have it in readiness for any Army construction which may be authorized for the fiscal year 1923.

In this connection it is also pointed out that the War Department is now in possession of several abandoned camp sites already provided with drainage, roads, etc., which could be utilized advantageously. Camp Lee is located in the Central Atlantic coast states; Camp Custer is in the Great Lakes country, where there is a salubrious climate, as is attested by the large number of sanitariums already located in that region; Camp Dodge is located in the Middle West; and Camp Kearny is on the Pacific coast. All these abandoned camps could be utilized for the establishment of facilities to take care of the disabled soldiers, money for which has been amply provided by the 66th Congress. It is hoped the Secretary of the Treasury, the Public Health Service, Bureau of War Risk Insurance and other governmental agencies which have the administration of hospital building in hand may see the feasibility of making use of these camps already equipped so far as walks, roads, drainage, etc., are concerned and thus save the time and money of developing other grounds to this extent, and also save the Government possible loss of money by having to dispose of the property at this time.

COURT ACTION ON CLASSIFICATION CASES.

In the cases of Cols. John W. French and William F. Creary, who were separated from the Army by operation of the classification law, counsel for the War Department entered a motion in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia on March 18 praying that the memorandum decision of Chief Justice W. F. McCoy, handed down on March 12, be revoked and annulled. Col. Frederick M. Brown of the office of the J.A.G. of the Army, who appeared for the War Department, cited a number of cases in which power had been delegated by the President, or from one executive to another, and maintained that individual action by the President in approving the separation of an officer from the Army by application of the law of classification was unnecessary. He suggested that April 2 be set as a return day in case the rule to show cause was granted and urged that a rule be signed to show cause why reconsideration of all issues should not be had and why the demurser should not be overruled and the petition dismissed. In answer counsel for the plaintiff held that the War Department by its counsel had ample time to prepare and present ar-

gument upon the points involved in the case, and that no grounds existed for the granting of the alleged relief sought. The court on March 21 upheld the view of counsel for the plaintiffs. Chief Justice McCoy has prepared a voluminous opinion of the case which, it is stated in his office, will probably be filed March 26.

TRAINING DUTY FOR NAVAL RESERVISTS.

Ten Naval Districts Provided for in Plan.

From July 1, 1920, to Jan. 1, 1921, approximately 2,000 officers and 21,000 enrolled men of the Naval Reserve Force were given active training duty for periods varying from fifteen days to three months. The lack of facilities and the limited mileage appropriation prevented the training of a larger number of Naval Reservists. Should Congress grant the necessary appropriations early in the approaching extraordinary session, it is likely that the Navy Department will be in a position to carry out the proposed plan of the Reserve Force Division of the Bureau of Navigation. The itineraries of the fleets lend themselves to the schedule. This plan for active training duty for Reservists residing in the various naval districts is as follows:

1st and 2d Districts—Training on Eagle boats and on available destroyers and battleships of the U.S. Atlantic Fleet.

4th District—U.S.S. Wolverine on Lake Erie and such destroyers as may be available.

5th District—U.S.S. Cheyenne and any destroyers or other vessels which may have accommodations for the training.

6th District—Such destroyers as may be available.

7th District—One Eagle boat and sub-chasers, also any available destroyers that may make cruises for training.

9th District—U.S.S. Essex, Gopher, Yantic, Hawk, Wilmette and sub-chasers assigned to this district.

11th and 13th Districts—Available battleships and destroyers of the U.S. Pacific Fleet, also Eagle boats assigned to these districts.

13th District—Available battleships and destroyers which may be in the vicinity of Puget Sound, also Eagle boats assigned to this district.

Washington, D.C.—Sub-chasers assigned to this district and available facilities on battleships and destroyers of the U.S. Atlantic Fleet.

It is proposed to give line commissioned officers who are qualified naval aviators fifteen days' active training duty at the naval air stations located at Rockaway Beach, N.Y.; Hampton Roads, Va.; Pensacola, Fla.; Great Lakes, Ill.; San Diego, Calif. No orders involving mileage are issued to Reservists for active training duty where the distance from home to place of training exceeds 250 miles. Where no mileage is involved, commanders of naval districts are authorized to issue orders to Reserve officers for active training duty. As the four-year enrolment period of thousands of Reserve officers is expiring, the Reserve Force division is now engaged in examining officers' records and deciding whether or not they are to be re-enrolled. Officers who are not to be re-enrolled will not be given active training duty, nor will an officer be given training duty for a period extending beyond the expiration of his current enrolment unless his re-enrolment has been authorized by the Bureau of Navigation, the officer signifying in writing his intention to re-enroll, and arrangements are made by the commandant of a naval district to re-enroll him on the vessel to which he is attached for training.

SUPER-GAS DEVELOPMENT AND PROTECTION.

The Chemical Warfare Service is experimenting with a liquid poison so strong that it is claimed that if three drops touch the skin and are absorbed it will mean death to the victim. The chemical has been known for more than two years. Brig. Gen. Amos A. Fries, Chief of the Chemical Warfare Service, stated that one airplane carrying two tons of the liquid could cover an area 100 feet wide by seven miles long and could deposit enough material to kill every man in that area. It would be entirely possible for this country to manufacture one hundred or more tons a day, he said, provided the necessary plants were available. One of the necessary facilities for its manufacture is large capacity electrical plants. By the use of electricity, liquid chlorine, an important constituent, is manufactured. At the signing of the armistice, Edgewood Arsenal was turning out twenty-five tons of liquid chlorine a day, while facilities sufficient to manufacture 100 tons a day would have been in operation within sixty days' time. An electrical plant designed to develop 15,000 kilowatts of electricity is now standing incomplete at Edgewood, the work being stopped at the end of the war. In addition to this plant, the Chemical Warfare Service had in operation prior to the armistice electrical plants at Edgewood Arsenal with a total output of 7,000 kilowatts; 5,000 kilowatts of this is maintained in constant condition for instant use, about 1,000 kilowatts being used regularly for generating power for the everyday use of the arsenal. In addition, during the war the Chemical Warfare Service built a ten-mile steel transmission line connecting with the Susquehanna Power Co., over which power can be transmitted at 77,000 volts. The system is a duplicate one with six wires and capable of carrying power enough to run a large part of the plant. In view of the rapidly growing needs for electrical power, it would seem advisable to complete the large plant started by the Government and now eighty-five per cent. finished, and sell the surplus power, which could be utilized economically by cities or transportation companies as far distant as fifty to two hundred miles. This would provide ample electricity producing plants at Edgewood Arsenal to take care of Chemical Warfare requirements if for war purposes, and at the same time furnish adequate current for experimental purposes in the meantime.

ARMOR PIERCING PROJECTILES.

In the past three years unusual progress has been made by the Ordnance Department in the design, manufacture and testing of armor piercing projectiles. Prior to 1919 all armor piercing projectiles made for the Army were of two types; namely, armor piercing shell and armor piercing shot. Armor piercing shell were tested against half caliber armor; that is, a 12-inch shell against 6-inch Class A armor plate. Armor piercing shot were tested against full caliber armor; that is, a 12-inch shot against a 12-inch Class A plate, and carried a bursting charge about one-half the weight of that contained in the shell. These projectiles were accepted for service use if two projectiles of three representing the lot, when fired at normal impact, successfully penetrated the plate and were recovered in a condition for effective bursting. The condition for effective bursting was defined as the ability of the projectile to withstand a hydraulic test at a pressure of fifty pounds per square inch. The specifications also contained a clause which authorized a ten per cent.

increase in contract price if the first two projectiles fired at normal were successful and two additional projectiles fired at ten degrees from the normal penetrated the plate and were recovered in a condition for effective bursting. As a result of certain observations made in the war, it was definitely shown that armor piercing projectiles, to be wholly successful, must be capable of penetrating heavy armor at oblique angles of impact, exploding in the vitals of the object of attack. From a careful study of the then existing types, it was evident that armor piercing shell which could only penetrate one-half caliber armor were of doubtful value, while the armor piercing shot which could penetrate at normal and ten degrees were too long to withstand the stresses set up when penetrating plate at twenty-five degrees. There were, therefore, developed in the Ordnance office new types of 12-inch, 14-inch and 16-inch armor piercing projectiles which have proven far superior to any other projectiles in existence at the present time either in our own or foreign countries. By actual firing tests it has been demonstrated that these projectiles can pierce the heaviest armor carried by ships at a striking angle of twenty-five to thirty degrees from the normal, and at this ranges much greater than heretofore used. In addition, the improved form or shape of the projectiles has resulted in establishing new records for range and accuracy in projectile firing.

ARMY PERSONNEL AS SCHOOL INSTRUCTORS.

Secretary of War Weeks issued a statement on March 18 regarding plans to prepare for the replacing by Army personnel of the civilian instructors engaged in educational and vocational training. It was addressed to all corps area and department commanders, and says that the failure of the Army Appropriation bill to become a law at the last session makes it impossible for the War Department to announce at this time definite plans for the conduct of educational and vocational training during the next fiscal year. All indications point to the belief that Congress will authorize the continuation of such training along existing lines, but that civilian instructors and civilian personnel generally must, to a considerable extent be replaced by Army personnel. The bill provided \$1,500,000 for education and vocational training and contained the proviso that whenever possible officers, warrant officers, non-commissioned officers or other enlisted men shall be detailed as instructors; that no part of the appropriation shall be available for salaries of civilian instructors other than in technical branches; and that not more than \$100,000 shall be expended for salaries and no person shall be employed at a rate of compensation exceeding \$3,000 per annum. In order that education and vocational training may be continued in the Army without impairment of the efficiency of the instruction given, corps area and department commanders will take steps immediately to cause officers and enlisted men of proper qualifications to be assigned as understudies or assistants of supervisors and instructors to be prepared to replace civilians as far as it becomes necessary to eliminate the latter. This Service personnel will not replace the civilian personnel at present engaged in this duty, but they will, as far as practicable, attend classes and will themselves be given instruction in teaching methods. During the remainder of the school year the services of the corps area consultant and his assistants should be utilized to the fullest extent practicable for the development of the military personnel, designated as understudies or assistants and for the development of the techniques of training. Plans should be made in each corps area to conduct such schools for teachers during the months of May and June as may best meet the situation with which we are now faced; at such camps and stations as may be possible, taking into consideration the restriction imposed upon the issue of orders involving travel.

DEPLETION OF ARMY UNITS CAUSES DISPROPORTION.

Since recruiting has been stopped and orders have been issued by the War Department that no transportation be issued to any enlisted man unless under exceptional circumstances rather uneven reductions in different organizations are being effected, depending upon the time when the men were recruited. For instance, the 2d Division at Camp Travis, which was recruited up to full strength, is being depleted by expiration of enlistments, while other organizations built up later are retaining their strength because enlistments have not yet expired. Few, if any, transfers from one locality to another can be made because of the limitation of funds for transportation purposes, and as a consequence the Service is becoming disportioned and will become even more so up to June 30, 1921. Officers are very much concerned over the situation, but apparently there will be no remedy until the new appropriation becomes available July 1.

ADMIRAL RODMAN ON AIRPLANE ATTACKS.

In an official communication to the Navy Department on the subject of aircraft, Admiral Hugh Rodman, U.S. N., commander-in-chief of the U.S. Pacific Fleet, adds a reference to the airplane-battleship controversy. He says: "The airplane advocates almost always seem to take it for granted that the battleships will be near the coast, hence in the radius of action of the airplanes. Such is not my conception. The battleships will operate many hundreds of miles off shore and beyond the radius of airplanes based on shore. In addition to this a fleet will not only have airplane carriers, but airplanes of their own to combat those of an enemy. No doubt many of the British advocates of the abolition of battleships have in their minds the conditions pertaining to the late war, where capital ships operated principally in a small compass in the North Sea not far from land. Even so, none was injured by airplanes."

ALLOTMENTS AND ALLOWANCES TERMINATE JULY 31.

All allotments and allowances provided under Article II of the War Risk Insurance act will terminate and be discontinued not later than July 31, 1921, that date being the end of the fourth calendar month after March, 1921, and ending also four full calendar months after the month of March, 1921, in which the war emergency terminates. This decision was given by the Comptroller on March 19 in response to a request from the Secretary of the Treasury as to what was the effective date of the termination of allotments and allowances due to the approval on March 3 of the Joint Resolution declaring that certain acts of Congress, joint resolutions and proclamations shall be construed as if the war had ended and the present or existing emergency expired.

REUNIONS OF WEST POINT ALUMNI.

New York Banquet of West Point Alumni.

The eighth annual reunion dinner of the graduates of the U.S. Military Academy was held at the Hotel Astor, New York city, on March 19. Three hundred and twenty-five alumni were on hand and ready when "assembly" sounded at seven p.m., to accord an enthusiastic welcome to Gen. John J. Pershing as the latter entered the room to join his comrades in arms. The banquet was served in the large ballroom on the main floor. The room had been appropriately decorated for the occasion, the view up the Hudson from Trophy Point standing out on its canvas screen at one end just as realistically as the representation on the opposite wall of the sally-port of the old cadet barracks. Graduates were seated at small tables, grouped by classes, with nearly every class from 1867 to 1920 represented. Col. W. N. Dykman, class of 1875, president of the Association of Graduates, spoke briefly on the new policy of the association to arouse concerted effort among graduates to secure improvements needed at the academy, mentioning a new hotel and an athletic stadium as features requiring early consideration. He then introduced the toastmaster for the evening, Col. Arthur W. Copp, class of 1904. After appropriate toasts had been given to "Our Comrades Gone West" and to the Commander-in-Chief, Major Gen. C. P. Summerall, class of 1892, responded to "The Army" and Col. G. J. Fiebeger, class of 1879, to "The Military Academy." There were no other speeches. The entertainment committee provided an excellent bill of special vaudeville acts presented by professional talent. The affair must be regarded as the most successful event of its kind yet held, and the step taken this year to organize the New York reunion under the auspices of the Association of Graduates has proven sufficiently successful to warrant repetition. During the evening, telegrams were exchanged with smaller reunions being held at various points in the United States. Graduates present of earlier classes, including 1900, were:

'82—M. Schaff, '66—H. C. Dunwoody, '67—E. S. Godfrey, '68—H. Metcalfe, C. F. Roe.

'70—W. S. Edgerly, F. V. Greene, L. H. Jerome, '73—G. O. Eaton, F. A. Smith, '74—H. M. Andrews, M. M. Macomb, E. B. Robertson, '75—W. N. Dykman, W. A. Mann, E. Wheeler, '76—H. L. Scott, '77—R. T. Emmet, H. J. Goldman, C. H. Murray, '78—H. O. S. Heistand, '79—G. J. Fiebeger, C. McD. Townsend, N. J. Whitehead.

'80—C. J. Bailey, J. L. Chamberlain, G. W. Goethals, C. E. Hewitt, C. Stewart, '81—S. E. Allen, B. Davis, H. E. Hodges, H. A. Lee, B. C. Welsh, '82—W. H. Alaire, E. Burr, C. P. Elliott, '83—B. W. Dunn, W. C. Langfitt, '84—G. Hutcheson, E. F. Ladd, D. C. Shanks, W. P. Richardson, '85—R. L. Bullard, S. E. Smiley.

'86—A. D. Andrews, C. G. Dwyer, J. C. Pershing, T. H. Rees, sr., A. Thayer, F. L. Winn, '87—G. F. Landers, W. Weigel, M. L. Hersey, E. Russell, E. C. Young, '88—W. H. Hart, '89—W. S. Graves, W. G. Haan, J. P. Hains.

'90—H. H. Bandholtz, S. G. Jones, F. B. Keech, J. R. Lindsey, G. D. Moore, J. C. Rennard, '91—J. J. Bradley, J. T. Crabs, C. P. Echols, C. Del. Hine, F. H. Schoeffel, '92—S. B. Arnold, L. R. Burgess, C. C. Jamieson, S. A. Kephart, J. McA. Palmer, C. P. Summerville, '93—F. W. Smith.

'96—H. J. Koehler, R. C. Langdon, W. A. Burnside, '97—A. J. Bowley, W. H. McCormack, '98—C. B. Humphrey, '99—C. C. Carter, F. E. Lacey, F. W. Van Duyne.

1900—G. B. Comly, V. LaS. Rockwell.

Chicago Association of West Pointers.

The Chicago Association of West Pointers held its thirty-first annual reunion at the Hotel La Salle in Chicago March 19, with sixty-one present. The oldest class was represented by Brig. Gen. Charles King, '66, who acted as toastmaster. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, H. C. Carbaugh, '82; vice presidents, R. E. Wood, 1900, H. B. Hackett, '04; secretary and treasurer, J. A. Holabird, '07. After the business meeting Nelly, '02, showed views of old West Point. Robinson, of 1920, played the piano, and Lee, of '09, gave a talk on athletics at the Military Academy, speaking of the fighting spirit required in order to produce a winning football team, and the same spirit in the Service, especially in time of war. He cited the success of the football team of the 89th Division, and the record of the division in carrying its objectives. Merillat, '15, spoke of the backing of graduates, and the moral effect that this had on the athletic teams. As a result of his talk it was directed that the secretary of the association send a telegram to the manager of the Academy football team before the Navy game. Junior officers from Camp Grant sang several of the later Military Academy songs, including "Hail, Alma Mater, Dear," which Herrick, '13, said was recognized by all later classes as the official song of West Point; comparing this to "The Star-Spangled Banner," and classing "Benny Haven" with "America." It was proposed that a vote be taken to decide which of these two songs should be the West Point song. After considerable discussion, it was moved by Chitty, '96, and seconded by Wood, 1900, that the Chicago Association correspond with the main graduate association suggesting that one song be adopted as the official song, and recommending as the opinion of the graduates assembled at this meeting, the adoption of "Hail, Alma Mater, Dear." Chitty, '96, sang several Academy songs written while he was a cadet, and, after singing "Auld Lang Syne," the meeting was adjourned. Those present of earlier classes, including 1900, were:

1866—Charles King; '82—Harvey C. Carbaugh, T. F. MacRae; '82 and '83—Henry R. Curtis; '85—H. P. McCain; '86—A. D. Kniskern; '87—Harry E. Wilkins; '88—M. McFarland, Eli A. Helmick; '90—F. M. Caldwell; '91—Harry James; '96—W. D. Chitty; '97—Willard Newbill, F. R. McCoy; '98—Manus McCloskey; '99—A. S. Cowan, Stuart Heintzelman; 1900—R. E. Wood.

St. Louis Association of West Pointers.

The St. Louis Association of West Pointers held a reunion at the University Club, St. Louis, Mo., on March 19, at which nineteen out of the thirty-five members of the association were present. The following officers were elected: Honorary president, Brig. Gen. John A. Kress, U.S.A.; president, Brig. Gen. E. J. Spencer; vice president, Col. John H. Parker, U.S.A.; secretary-treasurer, Major Spencer A. Merrell; General Spencer and Major Merrell are graduates who have returned to civil life. The principal address was made by Col. John H. Parker, U.S.A., who made a stirring address on the spirit of West Point. "The true spirit of West Point," said Colonel Parker, "is that of service. The service that gives all, that accepts the duties that lie next to the hand, that willingly takes the place on the team that

may be assigned, and gives all that it has to the discharge of these duties, whether or not reward comes by promotion, by public applause, or even by the still more grateful appreciation and words of praise of other graduates and members of the team."

The Alumni Dinner at Fort Sill.

The annual dinner of the West Point alumni serving at Fort Sill was held at the Lawton Country Club. Brig. Gen. Ernest Hinds, U.S.A., was the presiding officer; Major B. F. Miller, U.S.A., the toastmaster. General Hinds spoke on "The part played by West Point in training our officers." Other speakers were Major A. F. Brewster, Major Harry J. Malony, and Capt. James L. Guion, all U.S.A. Mr. John George, of Lawton, of the class of '04, was present. Army songs and class yells were interspersed throughout the evening.

RETIREMENTS.

Col. William A. Cavenaugh, Inf., U.S.A., was retired from active service March 17, 1921, for disability incident thereto. Colonel Cavenaugh, who served in the World War with the A.E.F., was born in Colorado, Feb. 28, 1874, and entered the Regular Army as a private in the 20th Infantry Aug. 1, 1896. His first commission was that of second lieutenant, 22d Infantry, July 8, 1918. He subsequently served in the 8th, 6th, 15th and 19th regiments of Infantry, and his last post of duty was Omaha, Neb. He is a graduate of the Infantry and Cavalry School and of the Kansas State Agricultural College.

Major Harold C. Lutz, Cav., U.S.A., was retired from active service March 18, 1921, for disability incident to the service. He was born in Minnesota, Sept. 1, 1888, and entered the Regular Army Oct. 7, 1911, as a second lieutenant, 12th Cavalry. He is a graduate of the Lake Forest University, class of 1911, and was last on duty at Fort Des Moines, Iowa.

Major A. M. Watson, U.S.M.C., who was retired for disability incident to the service on March 11, 1921, is the son of Rear Admiral John C. Watson, U.S.N., retired. He was born Jan. 4, 1883, in Michigan and was appointed second lieutenant, U.S.M.C., on April 15, 1904. Among other duties he served in China from 1910 to 1912, and aboard the U.S.S. Hancock in San Dominican waters in 1914. During the World War he was on duty in the U.S.S. Oklahoma, and as division Marine officer and aid on the staff of the division commander of Division 6, U.S. Atlantic Fleet. From April to July, 1918, he was on duty at marine headquarters as assistant adjutant and inspector. He has been on duty at Annapolis since July 20, 1920.

RECENT DEATHS.

Capt. Samuel T. Weirick, U.S.A., retired, who served for many years as a medical officer and was well known to the older officers of the Army, especially those who served at the western stations during the Indian campaigns, died at Los Angeles, Calif., March 16, 1921. The interment was made at Arlington, March 24, with military honors. Captain Weirick was born in Pennsylvania, June 3, 1843, and served during the Civil War as a private in the 16th Ohio Volunteers and as hospital steward in the 16th Ohio N.G. Infantry. He served as a captain and assistant surgeon of Volunteers in 1901-02 and was first appointed in the Regular Army as a first lieutenant in the Medical Corps June 16, 1908, and was retired two days later by operation of law. He held the degree of M.D., University of Maryland, 1865.

First Lieut. Barkley E. Lax, U.S.A., retired, formerly of the Infantry, died at Long Beach, Calif., March 8, 1921. Lieutenant Lax, who was retired from active service Jan. 28, 1921, for physical disability incident to the service, was born in Illinois, July 4, 1891, and was first commissioned in the Regular Army as a second lieutenant, 61st Infantry, in December, 1917. He had previously served as a sergeant in the 5th Illinois Infantry and as a second lieutenant in the I.O.R.C.

The remains of Capt. William J. McCrane, 306th Inf., U.S.A., killed at La Bassée, France, Nov. 6, 1918, were interred in Calvary Cemetery, Long Island City, N.Y., March 18, with military honors. A squad from the 22d Infantry, U.S.A., formed the escort and rendered the usual honors at the grave. The Rev. B. J. Reilly, former chaplain of the 306th Inf., officiated at the grave and previous to the burial mass was celebrated over the remains in St. Stephens Roman Catholic Church, New York city.

Vice Admiral Alfred A. Gervais, president of the French Naval League, died at Nice, France, March 7, 1921. He was born Dec. 1, 1837, and was made vice admiral in 1892.

John H. George, who died in El Paso, Texas, March 12, 1921, was the youngest son of the late Major C. P. George, sr., U.S.A., and brother of Major Charles P. George, Jr., Field Art., U.S.A. He served in the Navy during the World War, and besides his brother he leaves his mother, who resides at El Paso, Texas; a wife and two children, and his sisters, Elizabeth, Jeanne and Mrs. W. B. Atterbury, of Fort Crook, Neb.

Mary Eunice Burritt Knapp, wife of Frederic Knapp, and mother of Rear Admiral Harry S. Knapp, U.S.N., died at Hartford, Conn., March 22, 1921.

Robert Torrey Rice, son of Col. John H. Rice, Ord. Dept., U.S.A., and Mary Angell Rice, aged fifteen years and nine months, died recently in Washington, D.C.

Mrs. Allen F. Haynes, wife of Lieutenant Haynes, U.S. Tank Corps, was struck by an Army truck at Camp Meade, Md., on Feb. 14, 1921, and died from injuries a few hours later, never having regained consciousness. Mrs. Haynes was a daughter of Col. Henry Wistar Parker, U.S. Cav.

Mrs. Ida Hastings Morton, wife of Major Gen. Charles G. Morton, U.S.A., died at Honolulu, H.T., on March 5, 1921. Mrs. Morton was the daughter of the late Major David H. Hastings, U.S.A.

Mrs. Sophia A. Harrin, wife of Rear Admiral U. R. Harris, U.S.N., died at the Brighton Hotel, Washington, D.C., March 18, 1921.

William Lovell Warner, son of Major O. C. Warner, Coast Art., U.S.A., and Mrs. Warner, born Feb. 22, 1921, died at St. Paul Hospital, St. Paul, Minn., on Feb. 26, 1921.

Dorothy Blackburn, infant daughter of Comdr. Charles T. Blackburn, U.S.N., and Mrs. Blackburn, died at Philadelphia, Pa., March 20, 1921, aged five and one-half months.

John R. Broderick, of Brooklyn, N.Y., father of Capt.

John A. Broderick, U.S.A., died on March 12, 1921, and was buried on March 15, from St. Paul's Church, Brooklyn, N.Y.

The death is reported of Walter Johns, chief gunner's mate, U.S.N., who was killed when he jumped from an observation balloon which broke loose from the battleship Florida off Guantanamo, March 17, during maneuvers by vessels of the U.S. Atlantic Fleet. The body was recovered and taken aboard the hospital ship Relief. A. R. McNeil, private, U.S.N., attached to the seaplane division of the fleet, was also killed March 17 by the propeller of a seaplane soon after the seaplane had rescued the members of the crew of another observation balloon, which broke loose from the battleship Nevada. The body has not yet been recovered.

SERVICE WEDDINGS.

Lieut. Emmet E. Ekstrom, U.S.N., and Miss Lois G. Wile were married at the Central Christian Church in San Diego, Calif., on March 11, 1921, Rev. W. E. Crabtree, pastor, officiating. The bride and bridegroom were attended by Lieut. and Mrs. G. M. Richter.

Lieut. Leroy A. Whittaker, U.S.A., and Miss Catherine Ashley were married on March 3, 1921, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Ashley, sr., at Honolulu, H.T.

Miss Anna Waller, who arrived at Manila on the Madawaska in January last, became the bride of Lieut. Mark G. Brislaw, Inf., U.S.A., at a very pretty military wedding held at the home of Lieut. Raymond W. Odor, U.S.A., and Mrs. Odor in the Cuartel de Espana, Manila, Jan. 15, 1921.

The marriage of Miss Mary Jane Outeault, daughter of Richard Felton Outcault, and Frank Edwin Pershing, a nephew of Gen. John J. Pershing, U.S.A., and the son of Mr. and Mrs. James F. Pershing, took place March 19, 1921, at New York city, in the Church of the Transfiguration. Miss Outeault is the original Mary Jane of her father's Buster Brown cartoons. Until recently she was playing a small part with Frank Bacon in "Lightning." Mr. Pershing served as an emergency captain in the American Army overseas.

Capt. Sumner E. W. Kittelle, U.S.N., and Mrs. Kittelle, of 2229 California street, N.W., Washington, have announced the engagement of their oldest daughter, Miss Anna Louise Kittelle, to Lieut. Comdr. Charles J. Moore, U.S.N. Miss Kittelle is a granddaughter of Rear Admiral Charles D. Sigsbee, U.S.N., and a great-granddaughter of the late Commodore Henry H. Lockwood, professor of mathematics, U.S.N., the first instructor in mathematics and tactics at the U.S. Naval Academy. She did war work with the Red Cross and the War Risk Insurance. Lieutenant Commander Moore is the son of Rear Admiral Charles B. T. Moore, U.S.N. During the war he served with the American destroyers operating in British waters and is now serving under Admiral Coontz, the Chief of Naval Operations.

Mr. and Mrs. Eustace Taylor have announced the engagement of their daughter, Maud, to Capt. Jacob Myers Pearce, jr., U.S.M.C., on duty at Galveston, Texas. The announcement was made March 16 at an elegantly appointed luncheon given by Mrs. Taylor, and the marriage will be solemnized April 27. The bride-to-be, who is one of the feted débutantes of season 1920-21, was born and reared in Galveston, and is very popular in social, Army, Navy and Marine Corps circles. Miss Taylor attended the Wykeham-Rise School, Washington, Conn., and later Mme. Skerten's French School, New York city. She is a member of a prominent old Texas family. Captain Pearce was stationed at Camp Crockett for two years in 1917-18 with the 8th Regiment, U.S.M.C. (3d Provisional Brigade), but is at present on duty at Haiti.

Mrs. Charles Glover Wood announced, on March 13, 1921, the engagement of her daughter, Annelie, to Capt. Elmer Edward Adler, Air Ser., U.S.A. The wedding is to take place at 8:30 p.m., April 9, 1921, at the home of the bride's mother, 324 West French place, San Antonio, Texas. Miss Wood is a graduate of the Mulholland School for Girls and of Miss Finch's School of New York. Captain Adler is on duty in the office of the Chief of Air Service. He is of the class of 1914, U.S.M.A., West Point, and a native of Buffalo, N.Y.

Mrs. Hamilton A. Smith, widow of Col. Hamilton A. Smith, U.S.A., announces the engagement of her daughter, Patti Hale Smith, to Capt. Charles E. Purviance, Inf., U.S.A.

The marriage of Miss Alice Myles, daughter of the former British vice consul at El Paso, Texas, and Capt. William Van Dyke Ochs, Cav., U.S.A., March 28, at St. Clement's Episcopal Church, El Paso, will bring together a notable gathering.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Holmes Hix announce the engagement and approaching marriage of their daughter, Lucy Dabney Hix, to Lieut. Norborne Lewis Rawlings, U.S.N. The wedding will take place in June.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. La Boyteaux, of 320 Park avenue, New York city, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Forrester La Boyteaux, to Lieut. Edward Sanford Pogram, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A., who is now stationed at Coblenz. Miss La Boyteaux is a graduate of the Misses Masters' School at Dobbs Ferry. Her father is president of the marine insurance brokerage firm of Johnson and Higgins, of 49 Wall street. Miss La Boyteaux and her parents are sailing on May 24 to spend the summer abroad. The wedding will take place next autumn. Lieutenant Pogram is a graduate of Princeton, class of '14, and received his commission at Plattsburgh.

Miss Blanche Nolan's engagement has been announced to Lieut. D. C. Hardin, 44th U.S. Inf.

Announcement is made of the engagement and approaching marriage of Miss Martha Elizabeth Barton to 1st Lieut. William Powell Blair, 76th Field Art., U.S.A. The ceremony will take place March 31 at the home of Miss Barton at Marion, Ark.

Invitations have been issued for the wedding on April 2, 1921, of Lieut. James Connolly, U.S.N., attached to the U.S.S. New Mexico, and Miss Evelyn Smith, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. William C. Smith, of Pasadena, Calif.

Lieut. Irving Compton, U.S. Inf., and Miss Anne Catherine Warner, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Huntingdon Warner, will be married on March 31, 1921, at Columbus, Ga. Lieutenant Compton is on duty at Camp Benning as one of General Gordon's aids.

Mrs. Clement H. Sherwood, of Lyons, N.Y., announces the engagement of her daughter, Leila Clare, to Lieut. William Carvel Hall, U.S.M.C., now stationed at the marine barracks, Brooklyn, N.Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Ziba Bennett announce the engagement

of their niece, Miss Pauline Bennett Wright, to Lieut. David A. D. Ogden, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A. Lieutenant Ogden is from New Jersey, a graduate of the U.S. M.A., class of Nov. 1, 1918, and is stationed at Camp Pike, Ark. The wedding will take place in July at Bennett Hall, the plantation home of Miss Wright's uncle, Mr. Ziba Bennett. Our correspondent does not state where the plantation is located.

PERSONALS.

(Contributions to this column are always welcome.)

Major John G. Quackenbush, U.S.A., is spending a two weeks' leave at his home in Yuzoo City, Miss.

Ensign A. H. Donaldson, U.S.N., is in Washington with his parents, Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Thomas Q. Donaldson, U.S.A., for a brief stay.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Cooke, of Norfolk, Va., are guests of Col. Harry Coote, U.S.A., and Mrs. Coote at their quarters at Fort Myer, Va.

A son, Robert Alexander Gorder, was born to Capt. Alexander O. Gorder, U.S.A., and Mrs. Gorder at Camp Devens, Mass., on March 13, 1921.

Mrs. John R. Williams, widow of Colonel Williams, U.S.A., and her daughter, Mrs. Dorothy McComb, are spending some time at the Ritz, Paris, France.

Lieut. William P. Bacon, U.S.N., and Mrs. Bacon have left Charleston, S.C., for eighteen days and are visiting Lieut. Col. Willis Bacon and Mrs. Bacon, of Akron, Ohio.

Mrs. Lamar Leahy, wife of Commander Leahy, U.S.N., was a luncheon hostess in Washington on March 18 entertaining in compliment to Lady Geddes, wife of the British Ambassador.

The friends of Major Gen. James W. McAndrew, U.S.A., will be glad to hear that he is now convalescing from his recent severe illness and will return shortly to his quarters at Washington Barracks.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Brockway, of New York, are visiting the latter's mother, Mrs. R. B. Bradford, widow of Rear Admiral Bradford, U.S.N., at her P street residence in Washington, D.C.

Mrs. Charles Bromwell, widow of Colonel Bromwell, U.S.A., was hostess at a dinner of fourteen covers at her R street residence in Washington on March 21. Miss Mildred Bromwell is spending the spring in Europe.

Mrs. Violet Beale Heap, wife of Pay Director Heap, U.S.N., and her brother, Mr. John W. Beale, are the principal beneficiaries by the will of the late Mrs. Elizabeth B. Beale, which was filed for probate in Washington, D.C., on March 21.

Capt. Leland H. Hewitt, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A., and Mrs. Hewitt, of 264 Bay State road, Boston, Mass., announce the birth of a daughter, Margaret Kingsland Hewitt, March 16, 1921, at the Evangeline Booth Hospital, Boston, Mass. The baby is a granddaughter of Dr. L. G. Hewitt, of Northwood, Iowa, and of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Topliff, of Binghamton, N.Y.

Capt. Harrison Herman, U.S.A., and Mrs. Herman had as their guests at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., March 11, Max Rosen, the distinguished violinist; Virginia Rea, coloratura soprano, and their accompanist, Frederic Persons, who appeared in concert in Burlington, Vt., on March 10. Mrs. Herman, who is a pianist, has known Mr. Rosen since he made his New York début.

The Army and Navy Junior League gave its second dance at 2400 18th street, N.W., Washington, March 19. Those receiving were Mrs. T. Q. Donaldson, Mrs. David Dubois, Mrs. John V. White and Miss Catherine Knight. Mrs. Peter Murry and Mrs. David King assisted with the refreshments. Capt. Milton Davis made the introductions. These dances have become very popular among the younger set of all branches of the Service and promise to be a permanent addition to Washington society.

Brig. Gen. James H. McRae, U.S.A., and Mrs. McRae, of Camp Travis, Texas, gave a dinner of forty covers in honor of their daughter on March 4. The guests include Cols. and Mesdames Kramer and Mayo, Major and Mrs. Barker, Major Seals, Capt. and Mesdames Tilton, Steel, Ells, Lieuts. and Mesdames Jadwin and Montgomery, Captains Rafferty, Pettit, Hall and Ringland, Mr. and Mrs. Schermerhorn, Misses Poore, Bullis, Short, Sharp, Laubach, Patty Smith, Miss McRae, Miss Mildred McRae, Lieutenants Kindley, Fenton, Robinson, Warner, Boyland and Beebe.

The officers and ladies of the post of San Juan, P.R., gave a dinner and dance at the Condado-Vanderbilt Hotel, March 12, in honor of the officers who were leaving for the States. Those present were: Col. and Mrs. Melville Jarvis; Majors and Mesdames Emmanuel, Baxter and Haines; Major Wood and Miss Nadel, Major Nadel; Majors Moreno Marxach, Iriarte; Capt. and Mesdames Rowe, Wood, Navas, Leard, Dempewolf and Copeland; Captain Lopez and Miss Peters, Captain Willoughby and Mrs. Russell, Lieutenants Cianchini and Sapia-Bosch; Lieuts. and Mesdames Vazquez-Bruno, Green, Cordero and Sebastian and Lieutenant Font.

Miss Maibelle Heikes-Justice, who has been spending several weeks in Washington at the New Willard, has left for her home in New York city and will a little later go to California. Many entertainments have been given in her honor in Army circles, and those of diplomatic and social as well. Mrs. Ray Carlson, wife of Major Ray Carlson, U.S.A., gave a dinner for her while in Washington, followed by others in Army circles. Miss Justice is the daughter of the late Hon. James Monroe Justice, at one time a U.S. Army officer, and comes from a long line of military ancestry, both in England and America. A relative was Gen. William Clive Justice, V.C., colonial fighter of England, whose daughter married Lord Hely-Hutchinson, second son of the Earl of Donoughmore, also a colonial army leader, and for a number of years Governor of Cape Town, South Africa. She is also a writer of fiction.

Mrs. Henry H. Worthington, widow of Captain Worthington, 9th Inf., 2d Division, U.S.A., and a resident of 431 West James street, Lancaster, Pa., has received the Distinguished Service Cross posthumously awarded Captain Worthington and the official order giving the citation. Captain Worthington was killed in action in France, July 18, 1918. The decoration was awarded for "extraordinary heroism at Maisy, France, April 12-13, 1918," the citation saying: "When the enemy launched a powerful raid after a terrific bombardment for five hours, Captain Worthington gathered his men into effective combat groups and although greatly outnumbered drove the enemy from the trenches, inflicting heavy casualties on them. Although severely wounded by a grenade early in the action he continued to direct his company throughout the night until the enemy was driven out and his evacuation became necessary through weakness."

Mrs. Mabel Marsh, mother-in-law of Lieut. James E. Simpson, Cav., U.S.A., will sail for Honolulu March 31.

Brig. Gen. Cornelius Vanderbilt, N.Y.N.G., wife and daughter sailed from New York March 22 for Europe on the Aquitania.

A daughter, Nancy Reed Dunn, was born to Capt. Sidney F. Dunn, Field Art., U.S.A., and Mrs. Dunn at Camp Bragg, N.C., Feb. 28, 1921.

A daughter, Susan Jane Miller, was born to Major Fauntleroy M. Miller, 44th U.S. Inf., and Mrs. Miller at Schofield Barracks, H.T., on Feb. 28, 1921.

Brig. Gen. D. C. Shanks, U.S.A., and Mrs. Shanks have returned to Boston, Mass., from a three months' trip to Panama, Central America and Florida.

Major E. J. Dawley, U.S.A., and Mrs. Dawley, of West Point, N.Y., announce the birth of a daughter, Harriet, at Providence, R.I., on March 14, 1921.

Miss Sara Louise Fisher, of Middlebury College, Vt., is spending the Easter holidays with her uncle, Major and Mrs. Frank E. Winter, Fontanet Courts, Washington.

Mrs. Willis Uline and Miss Cynthia Uline, from Camp Benning, Ga., are visiting Mrs. Uline's brother, Mr. James N. Taylor, in New York city, at the Sherman Square Hotel.

Among the recent guests at the Hotel Clark, Los Angeles, Calif., were Major Franklin Babcock, U.S.A.; Lieut. J. J. Quinn, U.S.N., and Lieut. M. W. Arps, U.S.N., and Mrs. Arps.

Comdr. Robert Henderson, U.S.N., and Mrs. Henderson have taken an apartment at Hotel Brighton, Washington, D.C. Commander Henderson is on duty in the office of Naval Intelligence.

Major Ursula Diller, U.S.A., and Mrs. Diller are residing at the Hotel Albion, Cathedral street, Baltimore, Md. Major Diller has been detailed as assistant to the quartermaster, 3d Corps Area.

The birth of a son to Mrs. William G. Purdy, wife of Lieutenant Purdy, 50th Inf., A.F. in G., at the station hospital, Coblenz, Germany, on March 6, 1921, is announced in the Amaroc News, of that city.

Brig. Gen. Alexander Elliot Williams, U.S.A., and Mrs. Williams will soon take possession of their recently purchased home at 2300 19th street, N.W., Washington. Mrs. Williams has ordered complete overhauling, to be finished by April 1, when she will return to the city from the South, where she has been since October.

Lieut. Col. Edwin A. Hickman, Gen. Staff, U.S.A., now on duty in Washington, has been awarded the D.S.M. "for exceptionally meritorious and distinguished service as chief of a section of the General Staff which had charge of estimates and financial matters pertaining to the conduct of the war and the support of the Army."

Among the guests at the Hotel Astor, New York city, last week were Col. John P. Haines, Major Alfred H. Erch, Mrs. Erch, Major A. R. Harris, Majors and Mesdames S. V. Bingham and E. H. Chase, Jr., U.S.A.; Lieut. Comdr. Harry W. B. Turner, William E. Lawhead, Lieut. Robert R. Thompson, U.S.N., and Mrs. Thompson.

Capt. Mason M. Patrick, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A., the War Department representative on the Permanent Committee on Highway and Highway Transport Education, attended an important conference at Columbia, Mo., on March 18 and delivered an address on "The Army's Highway Transport Problem" which was of great interest to the delegates.

Gen. John J. Pershing, U.S.A., was godfather at the christening of Agnes Beattie Collins, infant daughter of Major and Mrs. James L. Collins, U.S.A., and Mrs. Collins, recently, in Washington, D.C., at the Florence Court Apartments. Mrs. McAndrew, wife of Major Gen. J. W. McAndrew, U.S.A., was godmother. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Thomas A. Walsh, pastor of the Church of St. Thomas the Apostle.

Capt. Leroy P. Hartley, Dental Corps, U.S.A., and Mrs. Hartley arrived recently from overseas where Captain Hartley was serving with the American Forces in Germany. This is Mrs. Hartley's first visit to the native land of her husband, she having been born in France. Captain Hartley will enjoy a short leave, during which time he will visit his mother who resides at Nelsonville, Ohio. He has been assigned to duty in the 5th Corps Area.

"Rear Admiral and Mrs. George F. Winslow, U.S.N.," writes a correspondent, "continue giving pleasure to those who fortunately meet these charming Navy people. The Admiral's fund of Navy experiences gathers many admirers desirous of learning of the life afloat and on shore, especially the latter, when in the good U.S. Navy ship Waterer he was tossed ashore in Peru by a tidal wave. Their friends dread the end of the gay season when the brilliant couple leave for their New Bedford (Mass.) home."

Among those who attended a tea and reception of the League of American Penwomen in Washington recently was Mrs. George Washington Stuart, president of the Baltimore Auxiliary, and wife of Colonel Stuart, Inf., U.S.A. Col. J. M. T. Partello, U.S.A., a writer on astronomical subjects and the father of Mrs. Stuart, addressed the Penwomen, recounting incidents in his career as an Army officer. Capt. John Beveridge, a British army officer, sang, accompanied by Mrs. Archibald Gracie, of Washington.

Major Albert T. Rich, Inf., U.S.A., and Mrs. Rich have taken an apartment at 2625 Central avenue, Indianapolis, Ind., where Major Rich has recently been detailed for duty as inspector-instructor of the Indiana National Guard. Major Rich has recently returned from three years and four months' continuous service overseas, having sailed from New York with the 2d Division on Sept. 7, 1917. Mrs. Rich was with Major Rich in Europe from September, 1919, until they left for the United States in December, 1920. Major Rich is well known in the New York National Guard, where he served as an inspector-instructor for several years and accomplished excellent work and along the most progressive lines.

Mrs. Lora W. Steere, wife of Major T. I. Steere, U.S.A., entertained informally recently at her studio, 218 New Jersey avenue, N.W., Washington, in honor of her mother, Mrs. Henry Steere, who is her guest in Washington for a few days. Dainty refreshments were served and as each guest departed she was presented with an Easter favor, a bas-relief modeled by Mrs. Steere herself. The studio was prettily decorated with spring blossoms. Those invited were Mrs. J. M. Howard, Mrs. Brigham, Mrs. R. H. E. Kelton and her mother, Mrs. Wells, Mesdames John B. Kendrick, William J. Harris, Raymond Briggs, Mary Bradford, H. Hersman, Edward E. Browne, John H. Small, Gilmer Brenizer, and Everett Sanders and the Misses Steel, Isabelle Grant, Maybelle Small, Julia Harris and Florence Steere.

Col. W. R. Davis, Med. Dept., U.S.A., and Mrs. Davis are spending this week at Hotel Astor, New York city.

Mrs. Roswell H. Blair and small son are spending a month at Charleston, S.C., with Lieutenant Blair, U.S.N.

A son, Donald Craig Carr, was born to Lieut. Frank L. Carr, U.S. Cav., and Mrs. Carr at Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 28, 1921.

A daughter, Mary Jane Evey, was born at Camp Grant, Ill., March 18, 1921, to the wife of Major John M. Evey, Dental Corps, U.S.A.

A son, Robert Early Ballard, was born to Capt. James L. Ballard, U.S.A., and Mrs. Ballard at Chillicothe, Ohio, on March 13, 1921.

Chaplain John R. Wright, U.S.A., on duty at Camp Grant, Ark., has been elected chaplain of Coxswain Shoemaker Post No. 77, American Legion.

Mrs. Thomas T. Craven and Miss Anne Craven will open their cottage at Jamestown, R.I., on April 1. Captain Craven, U.S.N., recently joined the U.S.S. South Carolina.

Mrs. Vidmer, wife of Col. George Vidmer, U.S.A., office of the Chief of Cavalry, has gone to Louisville, Ky., to join her mother and probably will be away from Washington for two months.

Rear Admiral William S. Smith, U.S.N., and Mrs. Smith have as their guest at their apartment at the Wyoming, Washington, their daughter, Mrs. George Kennedy, of Worcester, Mass.

Mrs. Kathleen Graham Dunwoody, who has been spending the winter in Paris, has left for Naples, from which port she intends sailing March 30 on the Faber Line steamer Providence for New York.

Major A. D. Newman, U.S.A., Office of the Chief of Cavalry, is now permanently located at 2006 Columbia road, Washington, D.C. Major Newman has assumed charge of the matériel and equipment section.

A son, John Anthony Sabini, was born to Capt. D. J. Sabini, U.S.A., and Mrs. Sabini at Fort Sill, Okla., on Feb. 25, 1921. Captain Sabini and family will sail on April 5 for Manila, P.I., where he has been ordered for duty.

Miss Betty Fleming, daughter of Col. R. J. Fleming, U.S.A., and Mrs. Fleming, will spend the Easter holidays with her grandmother, Mrs. Grimes, at the Marlborough, Washington, D.C. Miss Fleming is attending Wellesley College.

Secretary of War Weeks was the principal speaker at a meeting of the Pittsburgh (Pa.) Chamber of Commerce on the night of March 19. His address was devoted to the reorganization of Governmental activities in Washington, economy, taxation and the tariff.

Capt. George H. Penrose, U.S.A., who was recently assigned as Chief of the Cemetery Division, office of the Quartermaster General, having arrived at Washington from Omaha, Neb., where he was on duty in the office of the depot quartermaster, has taken apartments in the Woodley.

Rear Admiral William S. Sims, U.S.N., and Major Gen. Robert Lee Bullard, U.S.A., commanding the 2d Corps Area, were among the guests at a farewell dinner given by the Allied Loyalty League in honor of Sir Philip Gibbs at the Hotel Biltmore, New York city, on March 21. Sir Philip sailed for England on the following day.

Capt. and Mrs. Lewis, of Fort Washington, Md., entertained at a delightful at home in honor of Mrs. Lewis's mother, Mrs. Charles Dean, of Portsmouth, Va. The dining room was prettily decorated with pink flowers and candles, and Mrs. Stuart cut cream. The guests were invited to call at five and a delightful afternoon was enjoyed.

Capt. and Mrs. John W. Mayben, of San Juan, P.R., gave a dance March 10 in honor of their daughter, Miss Quina Peters. The house was beautifully decorated with ferns, palms, and flags. Capt. and Mrs. Mayben were assisted in receiving by Capt. and Mrs. J. A. Rowe, Capt. and Mrs. Manuel B. Navas and Lieut. and Mrs. A. Vazquez-Bruno. Refreshments were served and an enjoyable time was had by all the guests.

Mrs. Leonard Wood, wife of Major General Wood, U.S.A., and daughter, Miss Louise Wood, returned to New York March 22 from France, where Miss Wood has been identified the last six months with the activities of the American Committee for Devastated France. Mrs. Wood made the trip to France in order to return with her daughter. General Wood was at the pier to meet them. The General and Mrs. Wood left for Chicago at once, en route to the Philippines. They are to sail from Seattle on April 9 on the steamship Wenatchee, according to a press dispatch from that city.

Lieut. Col. John L. Shepard, Med. Corps, U.S.A., has been awarded the D.S.M. for exceptionally meritorious and distinguished service. "In 1918 as surgeon of Camp Funston, Kas., and of the 89th Division," says the official citation, "he displayed high administrative, technical, and constructive ability in preventive measures adopted against epidemics and in the conservation of physical defectives by their segregation and development. Later he performed conspicuous services in connection with hospital demobilization in France and the return to the United States of the sick and wounded."

Gen. Louis Collardet, military attaché at the French Embassy at Washington, has accepted the review of the 13th Coast Defense Command, N.Y.N.G., at its armory in Brooklyn, N.Y., Wednesday night, March 30. Col. Sydney Grant, commanding, who served in France in the World War, arranged the review in honor of the "Veterans Français de la Grande Guerre," and a body of veteran French soldiers will parade with the 13th, the event being a unique one in the history of armory reviews. All French war veterans in Greater New York have been invited, and it is Colonel Grant's idea to further cement the bonds of comradeship that existed between the Allies and the United States in the World War and which vicious pro-German propaganda is seeking to tear asunder.

Mrs. Hugh Rodman, wife of Admiral Rodman, U.S.N., entertained March 11 with a reception at the Virginia, Long Beach, Calif., with several hundred guests in attendance. The hostess was assisted in receiving by the wives of the officers of the Admiral's staff, and by Mrs. Clarence Williams, Mrs. Nathan Twining and Mrs. McLean, wives of Admirals attached to the fleet. A ball was given in honor of Admiral Rodman and commanding officers attached to the Pacific Fleet at the Ambassador Hotel in Los Angeles, March 12, which was very largely attended. On the stage of the ballroom a miniature ship appeared to be entering port. A large "Welcome" banner was on its prow. Forty searchlights played on the vessel, and smoke issued from its funnels, giving a very realistic appearance to the craft. Mesdames Rodman, Williams and Twining were in the receiving line. The ball was the largest social event in Los Angeles in many months.

A daughter was born to Lieut. Comdr. G. G. Gilliland, U.S.N., and Mrs. Gilliland at Annapolis, Md., on March 15, 1921.

Major William A. Benson, Reg. Corps, U.S.A., has opened an office and engaged in the brokerage business as W. A. Benson and Co., in St. Louis, Mo., handling grocers' lines exclusively.

Miss Margaret Clewell, of Richmond, Va., is spending the Easter holidays with her brother and sister-in-law, Capt. and Mrs. Edgar L. Clewell, U.S.A., at the Northumberland, Washington, D.C.

Capt. Raymond Sherman, U.S.A., and Mrs. Sherman announced the birth of a son, James Allen Sherman, at Camp Devens, Mass., on March 16, 1921. Captain Sherman is a member of the 13th Infantry.

Mrs. Quigley, wife of Captain Quigley, entertained with a pretty St. Patrick's bridge tea at her home in Columbus, Ga., for Misses Ackerson, Rose, McDonald, Rote, H. H. Smith, Miss Averett and Mrs. Dayton.

Mrs. Walter C. Short and baby son, Dean, who have been the guests of Mrs. Short's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Walter C. Dean, Oklahoma City, will leave soon to join Major Short, Gen. Staff, U.S.A., at Camp Grant, Ill.

Lieut. Comdr. F. W. Osburn, U.S.N. (retired), and Mrs. Osburn announce the birth of a son, Clarke William Osburn, at New York Nursery and Child's Hospital, 161 West 61st street, New York city, on March 19, 1921.

Lieut. D. C. Howard, Jr., U.S.A., enlisted personnel division, Office of the Quartermaster General, has been ill since March 10. Recent reports indicate that he is improving and it is hoped he will soon be fully recovered.

Capt. Leland H. Hewitt, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A., and Mrs. Hewitt, of 264 Bay State road, Boston, Mass., announce the birth of a daughter, Margaret Kingsland Hewitt, at the Booth Memorial Hospital, Boston, Mass.

Mesdames Christophel and Spottawood were hostesses at a bridge and tea on March 17 at Fort Sheridan, as a farewell for Mrs. Gleasner, Capt. Hall Gleasner having been ordered to Fort Leavenworth. Attending were Mesdames Helmick, Gleasner, Cowan, Dunn, Morgan, Favour, Chitty, McCullough, Stacey, Worrall, Lewis, Ewell, Ross, Scott, O'Connor, Merrillat, Hess, Barr, Halla, Collette, Hutter, Saunders, Van Osten, Griffes, Mrs. A. Kittman, of Highland Park; Mrs. John Caldwell and Mrs. Oscar Schmidt, of Wilmette, and the Misses Alice Hess, and Florence Helmick.

GENERAL PERSHING VS. DUAL CITIZENSHIP.

Gen. John J. Pershing, U.S.A., was among the principal speakers at the great meeting of real American citizens in Madison Square Garden, New York city, March 18, arranged under the auspices of the American Legion to protest against the propaganda now being spread by hyphenated citizens to cause discord between the United States and her late Allies in the World War. General Pershing received a great ovation and made some forceful remarks. He said, in part: "We have no quarrel with Americans of foreign birth or stock who cling to the music, the art, the folklore and the better traditions of the old lands. But we do object to the foreign-born citizen who attempts to decide American questions for a foreign reason, whether he be of German lineage and proposes to determine an American policy because of German prejudices, or whether he be Irish, Italian, Hungarian or Russian, who seeks for similar reasons to decide upon American questions.

"I bitterly resent the abuse of American citizenship or residence for the purpose of political or warlike propaganda in foreign countries. In America there can be no place for those who, while claiming equal citizenship with us and enjoying its privileges under our flag, yet continue their allegiance to another country. There can be no such thing as dual citizenship in America. Under no guise can this country be made the breeding place of intrigue. We welcome all who honestly desire to become American citizens and adopt America as their own, but we abhor the intriguer who at the same time would secretly plot against our interests."

Madison Square Garden was packed with 15,000 people, and there were three overflow meetings outside formed from the 20,000 persons who could not gain admittance. There was no division of sentiment against the hyphenated citizen and the political exhorter, who favor the United States as a ground for foreign feuds. Col. F. W. Galbraith, Jr., national commander of the American Legion, presided, and some 200 patriotic and civic organizations were represented.

CHAPLAINS' SERVICE SCHOOL.

A testimonial dinner to Chaplain Cephas C. Bateman, U.S.A., retiring director of the Chaplains' Service School at Camp Grant, Ill., and the graduation exercises of the school were both held on March 16 in the Jewish Welfare building at the camp and proved a very enjoyable event. The program in addition to vocal and instrumental music was as follows: Invocation, Rt. Rev. Peter J. Muldoon, D.D.; remarks, Chaplain Cephas C. Bateman, retiring director; address, Brig. Gen. George Bell, Jr., commandant; address, Chaplain Joseph L. Hunter, new director; awarding certificates and address by Chaplain John T. Axton, Chief of Chaplains, U.S.A.; response for class, Chaplain Albert F. Vaughan; address to the retiring director, Chaplain Cephas C. Bateman, in behalf of the faculty and students, Chaplain Ora J. Cohee; benediction, Rev. W. H. Fulton, D.D.

The student chaplains, third term, Jan. 3-March 18, 1921, were the following: Garrett L. Allen, Harlan J. Ballentine, William R. Brady, John J. Byrne, Thomas G. Conboy, Aloysius C. Dineen, James E. Duffy, Albert L. Evans, Willis T. Howard, Elmer A. Huset, John O. Lindquist, Frank P. Mackenzie, Charles A. MacLeod, Foye A. Moon, Peter J. Quinn, Herbert A. Rinard, Theodore F. Rudisill, Paul B. Rupp, William J. Ryan, Aristeo V. Simoni, Earle M. Stigars, Emerson E. Swanson, Benjamin J. Tarskey, Ralph H. Tibbals, Frank M. Thompson, Edgar N. Thorn, Albert F. Vaughan.

Chaplain Bateman, who will be retired for age on May 16, 1921, was born in Michigan May 16, 1857. His father and grandfather were ministers of New England ancestry. He was appointed to the Army from Oregon in 1890. He has followed the colors of his country in Montana, Idaho, Washington, California, Arizona, New Mexico, Texas, Illinois, and temporarily in Georgia, Florida, Ohio, and the District of Columbia. His foreign service includes Cuba and two periods in the Philippines. During the last year of his active Army life he has been identified with duty incident to the organization and operation of the Chaplains' Service School. To March 30, 1921, he has served continuously longer than

any other chaplain in the history of the Regular Army of the United States.

ARMY RELIEF SOCIETY.

Chemical Warfare Branch.

The Chemical Warfare Branch of the Army Relief Society in Washington will have a tea dance on the afternoon of April 16. Mrs. Harding, wife of the President, has accepted an invitation to be a patroness. The tea will be in a garden party setting on the roof of the Hotel Washington, which is provided with both open and closed roof gardens so that the nature of the weather will not interfere. Mrs. Wadsworth, wife of Senator James Wadsworth, Jr., and Mrs. Kahn, wife of Representative Julius Kahn, chairmen of the Senate and House Committees on Military Affairs, respectively, will be in the receiving line. Mrs. Fries, wife of Brig. Gen. Amos A. Fries, Chief of Chemical Warfare Service, is president of this newly organized branch. Tickets at \$1 may be had from Mrs. Ovid E. Roberts, 1306 Parkwood place, Washington, D.C., telephone Columbia 8137.

Branch No. 2, of Washington.

"Mrs. George M. Sternberg," writes a correspondent, "had completed twenty loyal years as the presiding officer of the Army Relief Society, Branch No. 2, of Washington, when she declined the renomination as president at the annual meeting held on March 15; and Mrs. Egon A. Koerper, having served ably as treasurer for seventeen years, also refused renomination. It was with regret the society accepted the resignation of these faithful officers and that of Mrs. L. A. Baker, the corresponding secretary."

PROTEST REMOVAL OF FORT MONROE POSTMISTRESS.

Strong protest has been made against the contemplated removal of the present postmistress at Fort Monroe, who has held the office four years, is the widow of an Army officer and has a child to support, and against appointment of a civilian in her place who is said to have political influence. Col. Elmer J. Wallace Post No. 17, American Legion, of Fort Monroe, recently adopted resolutions against such action, asserting that to make the change would be an act of injustice. It was set forth that Fort Monroe serves a military community which is non-voting and non-political in its nature; that during the World War period the volume of business at this postoffice increased from a few hundred letters each day to a total average of more than 100,000 daily. No criticism of the administration of her duties by the postmistress has been made, the resolutions recited, while she has received letters of commendation from the commanders of both land and naval forces for her efficient services, as well as from many other persons of influence and responsibility. Consideration of the situation from the standpoint of efficiency and the desires of persons at the post suggests that she be not removed. The resolutions concluded that this particular case should direct the attention of the American Legion to the desirability of a governmental policy that in future all appointments of postmasters at military and naval stations should be reserved for worthy and competent widows of officers and enlisted men, or disabled enlisted men of the Army and Navy who must earn their own living. The resolution directed the commander of the post to forward certified copies of the resolutions to the President of the United States, to the Postmaster General, to each of the U.S. Senators and Congressmen from Virginia, to the commander, Virginia Department of the Legion, to the national commander of the organization and to the *ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL* and other publications, with a request that the action of the post be brought to public notice. A correspondent at Fort Monroe writes that the entire garrison is deeply concerned and interested in the matter of the appointment of the next postmaster there. Mrs. Ambler H. Cardwell, widow of Capt. S. C. Cardwell, C.A.C., is an applicant for reappointment and her application has the endorsement of the entire garrison—it is understood that her petition was signed by more than 1,700 patrons of the office. In addition to the local post of the American Legion, the Fort Monroe section of the Army Relief, and an enlisted men's club, passed resolutions endorsing her reappointment, a fitting tribute to the efficient manner in which she has conducted the affairs of the office.

ASSOCIATION OF MILITARY COLLEGES MEETS.

The Association of Military Colleges and Schools of the United States held its eighth annual meeting on March 23 and 24 at Washington, D.C. At the opening session Col. F. J. Morrow, G.S., Chief of R.O.T.C. Branch, War Plans Division spoke on relations with the War Department, changes in R.O.T.C. regulations, summer camps and general conduct of the work. Major Gen. C. S. Farnsworth, U.S.A., Chief of Infantry, also addressed the association, after giving the delegates a demonstration at Camp Meade, Md., of the progress made in tank manipulation by recently trained companies. A paper was read by Col. L. T. Richardson, U.S.A., on the mission of the essentially military school in time of war; Col. Harrison Hall, U.S.A., gave an address on the detail of officers of the Army to educational institutions; Col. Robert M. Danford, U.S.A., commandant of cadets, U.S. Military Academy, read a paper on the present methods of training and discipline at West Point. These were followed by a general discussion, concluding the first day's session. At the annual dinner in the evening Gen. John J. Pershing was the guest of honor. He spoke of the value of military training in youth and the excellent service rendered by military schools and colleges maintaining R.O.T.C. units. Major Gen. Willard A. Holbrook, Chief of Cavalry; Major Gen. Charles S. Farnsworth, Chief of Infantry, and Major Gen. P. C. Harris, The A.G., also spoke. Gen. E. W. Nichols, president of the Virginia Military Institute, presided. On March 24 a discussion of problems of internal administration included these topics: The honor system, with discussion opened by Col. Thomas D. Landon, Borden-town Military Institute; co-ordination between academic and military instruction, discussion opened by C. W. Newhall, Shattuck School, Faribault, Minn.; War Department inspection standards, discussion opened by Col. E. Y. Burton, Missouri Military Academy. Reports of committees and election of officers concluded the meeting, the present officers being re-elected for the ensuing year. The association went on record unanimously that it is the duty of the American boy, willingly, and without compensation, to give a reasonable amount of time to preparation for defending his country, and that the association favors the giving of this training without com-

pensation, especially if by so doing it is made possible for more young men to avail themselves of such training.

WAR DEPARTMENT FORMS BASEBALL ASSOCIATION.

The War Department has organized a baseball association and intends to have one team which will be composed of the best players of War Department personnel selected by competition to represent it this summer in the departmental baseball league. For the past two years the War Department has not been represented in the departmental league except through the Finance Department, which last year won second place in the final games. The departmental league will now be made up of representative clubs of the War, State, Treasury and Postoffice Departments, Government Printing Office and the Naval Hospital. The president of the association is Brig. Gen. H. M. Lord, Finance Department; vice president, Lieut. Col. Wait C. Johnson, War Plans Division, Gen. Staff; secretary, Major O. K. Sadler, Signal Corps; and treasurer, Major R. A. Osmun, Q.M. C. The executive committee is composed of Lieut. Col. Wait C. Johnson, 1st Lieut. St. Clair Street, Air Service, Mr. A. A. Hussey, Finance Department, and Mr. C. I. Schwinger, The A.G. Dept. This committee is delegated to appoint a manager who is to select the players subject to the approval of the executive committee, and who shall have charge of the players on the field, in the clubroom and of all equipment belonging to the association. It shall also have direct charge of the management of the association, including the selection of the players and disposition of funds. Major Sadler was a well known West Point baseball player; Mr. Hussey of the executive committee was manager of the Finance Department team last year, and the other members of the executive committee are experienced in baseball. Names of prospective players have been submitted to the executive committee, which will select a manager to organize the teams. It is expected there will be enough players to organize various teams with the War Department to compete among themselves and in this way be in good training for contests with the departmental league.

ANNUAL BANQUET, MILITARY ORDER OF THE CARABAO.

The Main Corral of the Military Order of the Carabao, after four years of hibernation, due to the World War, held its annual "wallow," or banquet, at Rauscher's, in Washington, D.C., on March 19. The attendance was large and the enthusiasm and jollity unbounded. Parodies of popular songs were sung. No. 5 on the program was the same song that when sung at the banquet in 1913 made the Order of the Carabao doubly famous through the action of the then President of the United States in issuing, a few days after the banquet, a reprimand to the officers who had taken part in the banquet. The title, "A Soldier's Song," was printed in the program at the banquet of March 19, with a generous accompaniment of question and exclamation marks, and was subtitled as "The song that spilled the beans in 1913." Major Gen. Wendell C. Neville, U.S. M.C., Paramount Carabao, presided. Among those present were Major Gens. C. T. Menoher, Charles F. Humphrey, Merritt W. Ireland and James W. McAndrew, Brig. Gens. William Mitchell, Robert E. Noble, George P. Scriven, C. W. Hobbs, Dennis E. Nolan, W. D. McCaw and L. A. Matile, U.S.A.; Rear Admirals T. J. Cowie, R. H. Jackson, U.S.N.; Major Gen. G. F. Elliott and Brig. Gen. G. Richards, U.S.M.C.; Cols. T. Q. Ashburn, E. B. Bennet, G. C. Barnhardt, S. D. Boak, R. J. Burt, E. D. Bricker, C. R. Darnall, J. D. Glenn, J. R. R. Hanney, Guy V. Henry, James A. Moss, J. M. Morgan, A. T. Smith, Julian R. Lindsey, I. C. Welborn, A. W. Yates and O. L. Spaulding, Jr., U.S.A.; Capt. Hugo W. Osterhaus, George W. Steele, Jr., C. C. Bloch, W. L. Chambers, E. B. Larimer, Ridley McLean, A. W. Marshall, W. R. Gherardi, U.S.N., and James F. Smith, former Governor General of the Philippines.

"THE BEST YANKEE SOLDIER ON THE RHINE."

The finale of the second annual competition between enlisted men of the A.F. in G for the prize offered by the Y.M.C.A. for "the best Yankee soldier on the Rhine," took place at the hut of the Y.M.C.A. in Coblenz on March 4. With their respective battalions massed to cheer them on, and in the presence of General Allen, commanding, his staff and many other officers, as well as a number of civilian spectators, the two final contenders strove for the title. These were Corp. D. A. Fly, Co. C, and Pvt. J. E. Schaeffer, Co. L, both 8th Infantry, who were the survivors of the fierce competition in which six hundred men took part. Private Schaeffer was awarded the first and Corporal Fly the second prize. The contests began in February and included setting-up exercises, half-mile run, twenty-foot rope climb, running and standing high jump, standing broad jump, weight throwing, swimming, pull-up contest and quarter-mile potato race. General Allen presented Private Schaeffer with a bronze plaque offered by the Y.M.C.A. and also a complete uniform. The officers of the 8th Infantry contributed a purse of more than \$200. Corporal Fly received a bronze plaque.

CHIEF OF MILITIA BUREAU.

In behalf of Brig. Gen. Charles L. Martin, adjutant general of the state of Kansas, and president of the Adjutants General Association, who is mentioned for appointment as Chief of the Militia Bureau, Senator Cappon, of Kansas, called on the President on March 21. The Senator emphasized the fact that letters of endorsement of the candidacy of General Martin had been written by the Governors of thirty-five states. At the War Department no information was available as to the probability of Secretary Weeks recommending the appointment of Col. George C. Rickards, of Pennsylvania, whose nomination as Chief of the Militia Bureau failed of confirmation in the last Congress.

ARMY TRANSPORT SOMME BRINGS OVERSEAS DEAD.

The U.S. Army transport Somme arrived at New York from Antwerp on March 13 with the bodies of 1,008 United States soldiers who died overseas and who have now been buried in this country. Among them were men of the 105th, 106th, 107th, 108th Infantry Regiments, and the 104th, 105th and 106th Machine Gun Battalions; 102d Engineers, 102d Field Signal Battalion; 22d Division; 105th Infantry, 42d Division; and a number of men of the 77th Division, bodies of soldiers

from elsewhere completing the total. Services for the dead were held on the pier at the Port of Embarkation, Hoboken, N.J., on March 16, Protestant, Catholic and Jewish ministers officiating. Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, N.Y.C., and a number of other New York Guard officers and others who served overseas were present, together with many members of the American Legion. The War Department purposely did not publicly make known the names of the dead in order that their relatives or friends might not be annoyed by civilian strangers seeking to be engaged to take charge of the funeral details.

TORNADO AT CAMP BENNING.

A tornado last week unrooted practically every public building at the Infantry School, Camp Benning, Ga. Many buildings were wrenched from their foundations, window panes were blown out, trees were broken off, and damage was done amounting to thousands of dollars. Fortunately no lives were lost, nor was any one seriously injured. It is estimated that \$12,500 will be required for labor to restore the roofs besides new material for replacing buildings on their foundations, plumbing, electrical repairs and many other items of labor and material that will be necessary. The Construction Service, Quartermaster General's Office, Washington, D.C., is awaiting detailed information so that action may be taken immediately to provide what is needed to restore the camp to a habitable condition, and the authorities there in the meantime are proceeding to make repairs as best can be done with the material and labor at hand.

THE TWO U.S.M.A. CLASSES GRADUATED IN 1917.

The class graduated from the U.S. Military Academy on Aug. 31, 1917, the promotion of whose members to captain was included in the nominations confirmed by the Senate on March 14, was the class which normally would have been graduated in 1918, as a correspondent notes, but whose date of graduation was set forward a year. It should not be confused with the regular class of 1917, U.S.M.A., graduated in June of that year, whose members received their promotions to captain as of June, July and August, 1919.

CAMP MERRITT BASE HOSPITAL OFFICERS ASSOCIATION.

The second annual dinner of the Camp Merritt Base Hospital Officers Association will be held on April 9, at the New York Athletic Club, 58 West 50th street, New York city. The meeting will be at 6:30 and dinner at 7:30. There are 275 members of the association, and so far eighty-five have expressed their intention of attending. A list of members with addresses is being forwarded to all members. Dr. Walter B. Mount, M.D., 21 Plymouth street, Montclair, N.J., is secretary of the association.

CARRIER PIGEONS FOR PHILIPPINES.

Sergt. Conrad L. O'Briant, Air Ser., U.S.A., has been designated for instruction at Ross Field, Calif., in the care and handling of pigeons with a view to his taking to the Philippines twelve pairs of carrier pigeons intended for the Philippine government. This is the detail mentioned several weeks ago in this paper. Sergeant O'Briant sails about June 1.

THE ARMY.

ORDERS RECEIVED TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

S.O. 67-O. MARCH 23, 1921, WAR DEPT.

The retirement of Col. L. E. Goodier, J.A.G.D., from active service on March 23, 1921, is announced.

The transfer on March 10, 1921, of Col. C. H. Hilton, Q.M.C., to the Coast Art., with rank from July 1, 1920, is announced. Colonel Hilton will proceed to Camp Jackson, S.C., for duty with 39th Artillery Brigade.

The transfer on March 10, 1921, of Capt. W. H. Waugh, Q.M.C., to the Corps of Engrs., with rank from July 1, 1920, is announced.

Capt. F. N. Stiles, M.C., to sail about June 5 for Manila for duty.

Capt. W. A. Boyle, M.C., to San Francisco, Letterman General Hospital, for duty.

The transfer on March 10, 1921, of Major D. Olmstead, F.D., to Signal Corps, with rank from July 1, 1920, is announced.

Capt. C. J. Dick, F.D., to Fort Leavenworth for duty as finance officer, relieving Major E. B. Spiller, F.D., who will return to proper station, Chicago.

The resignation by Capt. A. W. Draves, O.D., as an officer of the Army, April 10, 1921, is accepted.

First Lieut. G. E. Haynes, A.S., to Langley Field, Hampton, Va., for duty.

Second Lieut. R. D. Biggs, A.S., to Langley Field, Hampton, Va., for duty.

Chaplain J. O. Lindquist to Manila on the transport sailing about July 5 for duty with 43d Infantry.

The transfer on March 10, 1921, of 2d Lieut. H. McCormick, Gav., to Air Service, with rank from July 1, 1920, is announced.

Par. 32, S.O. No. 37-O, W.D., Feb. 14, 1921, relating to Capt. R. L. Burnell, F.A., is revoked.

Major K. C. Greenwald, F.A., now at Camp Knox, Ky., will report to the commandant, Field Artillery School, for duty.

The following officers of Field Artillery are assigned as hereinafter indicated: Capt. H. C. Bowman, 7th F.A., Camp Dix, N.J.; 1st Lieut. P. R. Jones, 5th F.A., Camp Bragg, N.C.

The transfer on March 10, 1921, of 2d Lieut. J. D. Summers, C.A.C., to the Air Service from July 1, 1920, is announced.

Capt. F. H. Hastings, C.A.C., is assigned to the coast defenses of San Francisco, Fort Winfield Scott, and will join.

Leave one month and ten days to 1st Lieut. A. P. Brainer, C.A.C.

The transfer on March 23, 1921, of Capt. H. F. Safford, C.A.C., to the Ord. Dept., with rank from July 1, 1920, is announced. Captain Safford will proceed to Boston for duty.

Lieut. Col. A. E. Deitsch is detailed as inspector-instructor, Missouri N.G., and to Kansas City.

So much of Par. 40, S.O. No. 62-O, W.D., March 17, 1921, as relates to Lieut. Col. B. G. Ruttencutter, Inf., is revoked.

Colonel Ruttencutter is detailed for duty as inspector-instructor, Massachusetts N.G., and to Springfield.

Leave for one month and fifteen days to Lieut. Col. A. E. Deitsch, Inf.

Lieut. Col. O. C. Nichols, 64th Inf., is transferred to the 6th Inf. for duty.

Major H. B. Keen, Inf., is detailed as inspector-instructor, Montana N.G., and to Helena, Mont.

The following officers of Inf. are assigned to the regiment indicated: Capts. E. L. MacLean, 34th Inf., L. F. Sullivan, 5th Inf., and W. H. Gordon, 56th Inf.; 1st Lieut. J. S. Davidson, 64th Inf.

Leave two months to 1st Lieut. J. W. Whitney, Inf.

G.O. 7, FEB. 10, 1921, WAR DEPT.

This order relates to the following subjects: Procurement of quartermaster, ordnance and Air Service supplies; appointment of Major Oscar Westover, Air Ser., as Director of Aircraft Production; establishment of Central Patent Section;

sale of arms and equipment to officers of the O.R.C.; designation of special service schools and school troops.

G.O. 8, FEB. 15, 1921, WAR DEPT.

This order relates to the following subjects: Use or display of live ammunition as part of Army exhibits at fairs, etc., prohibited; designation of Army corps; change in designations of certain tank units; duties of flight surgeons and their status in relation to other medical officers at the same station; officers to be placed on the General Staff Corps Eligible List.

BULLETIN 3, MARCH 1, 1921, WAR DEPT.

This bulletin relates to the following subjects: Discontinuance of Reserve Officers' Training Corps unit in Union University; computation of foreign service with Porto Rico Regiment; establishment of Reserve Officers' Training Corps unit in the University of California; pensions for invalids, widows, minor children, etc.; certain military reservations in New Mexico placed under control of the Secretary of the Interior; joint resolution of Congress—to cease enlisting men in the Regular Army.

EXPENDITURES FROM COMPANY FUNDS.

Circular 50, March 1, 1921, War Dept.

In making disbursements from the company fund as provided in Par. 88, Special Regulations No. 57, company commanders will incur no obligations which cannot be met in full by funds on hand or to be received for the current month. An exception to this rule may be made by authority of the battalion, regimental or post commander to cover a special transaction if it is deemed necessary. The officer charged with the inspection of the fund account by Par. 90, Special Regulations No. 57, will inquire as to any outstanding bills other than those pertaining to the current month and will take any necessary corrective measures if such are found to exist.

By order of the Secretary of War:

PEYTON C. MARCH, Major General, Chief of Staff.

FOREIGN SERVICE TOURS.

Warrant Officers, Field Clerks and Nurse Corps.

Circular 57, March 5, 1921, War Dept.

Foreign service tours as fixed by Cir. 421, W.D., 1920, will be applicable to warrant officers, field clerks and members of the Army Nurse Corps. Department or corps area commanders are authorized to approve applications of warrant officers and field clerks for extensions to foreign service tours as provided for enlisted men in Par. 2, Cir. 421, W.D., 1920 (Foreign service tours), and Par. 1, Cir. 25, W.D., 1921 (Relief of enlisted men from foreign service). Members of the Army Nurse Corps will be relieved and assigned to foreign service duty upon recommendation of the Surgeon General under the same rules and regulations as apply to officers.

By order of the Secretary of War:

PEYTON C. MARCH, Major General, Chief of Staff.

EDUCATION OR ARMY CHILDREN.

Circular 70, March 15, 1921, War Dept.

A list of civilian educational institutions that offer concessions to Army children, including instructions for procedure to secure such concessions, has been completed in pamphlet form by The Adjutant General of the Army and is available for distribution to members of the Service.

Officers, warrant officers and enlisted men desiring this information will apply directly to The Adjutant General of the Army.

By order of the Secretary of War:

PEYTON C. MARCH, Major General, Chief of Staff.

GENERAL STAFF CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. P. C. MARCH, C.S.

Brig. Gen. W. M. Wright, G.S., is relieved from further detail as a member of the War Department Claims Board. (March 18, W.D.)

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

MAJOR GEN. P. C. HARRIS, THE A.G.

Major H. B. Lewis, A.G., from present assignment and duties in the Hawaiian Department and is assigned to 3d Division, Camp Pike, Ark. (March 22, W.D.)

JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

MAJOR GEN. E. H. CROWDER, J.A.G.

Major F. E. Blackman, J.A., report in person to Judge Advocate General of Army for duty in his office. (March 18, W.D.)

GENERAL OFFICERS.

MAJOR GEN. H. L. ROGERS, Q.M.G.

The retirement of Major Gen. H. Liggett from active service on March 21, 1921, is announced. (March 21, W.D.)

QUARTERMASTER CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. L. H. WILLIAMS, Q.M.C.

Sick leave three months to Col. G. McK. Williamson, Q.M.C. (March 21, W.D.)

The following officers of Q.M.C. from present assignment and to Antwerp, Belgium, on transport to sail about April 6, and then to Coblenz for duty: Major C. L. Corbin and Capt. G. E. Hobson. (March 18, W.D.)

The transfer of Major J. B. W. Corey, Q.M.C., to Field Artillery, Reg. Army, at his own request, with rank from May 15, 1917, is announced. (March 19, W.D.)

Capt. J. J. Deemings, Q.M.C., to Antwerp, Belgium, on transport to sail about April 5 for duty. (March 17, W.D.)

Capt. E. E. MacMorland, Q.M.C., to Camp Taylor, Ky., for duty, relieving 1st Lieut. E. A. Manthey, Q.M.C., who will proceed to Hoboken, N.J., for duty with Transportation Service. (March 18, W.D.)

Leave two months, about April 1, to Capt. J. D. Hahn, Q.M.C. (March 21, W.D.)

First Lieut. J. D. Hill, Q.M.C., to Coast Defenses of Narragansett Bay, Fort Adams, R.I., for duty. (March 17, W.D.)

First Lieut. W. Q. Jeffords, Jr., Q.M.C., will report in person to the officer in charge 3d District Construction Service, Q.M. Corps, Fort Mason, Calif., for duty. (March 18, W.D.)

First Lieut. J. T. Newland, Q.M.C. (Inf.), from assignment with American Forces in Germany and from further detail in Q.M.C., and to United States and to Edgewood Arsenal, Md., for duty. (March 19, W.D.)

Second Lieut. DuV. G. Watkins, Q.M.C., to Camp Holabird, Md., for duty, relieving 1st Lieut. E. R. Adlington, Q.M.C., who will proceed to Camp Jeap, Ga., for duty. (March 21, W.D.)

Leave thirty days, under exceptional circumstances, effective about March 21, to Field Clerk C. P. Hinton, Q.M.C. (March 19, W.D.)

Staff Sgt. W. M. Underwood, Q.M.C., will be placed upon the retired list at Camp Pike, Ark., and to home. (March 19, W.D.)

Staff Sgt. P. R. Taylor, Q.M.C., Supply Service (appointed March 17, 1921), to Jeffersonville, Ind., for duty. (March 17, W.D.)

Master Sgt. H. Winter, Q.M.C., will be placed upon the retired list at Presidio of Monterey, Calif., and to home. (March 19, W.D.)

Staff Sgt. J. E. Board, Q.M.C., Supply Service (appointed March 12, 1921), is assigned to duty at present station. (March 12, W.D.)

Tech. Sgt. B. V. Sela, Q.M.C., Construction Service (appointed March 14, 1921), now in 1st Corps Area, is assigned to duty at his present station. (March 14, W.D.)

Tech. Srgts. C. C. Bailey, J. J. Hynds, W. G. Miller, T. Thorsen and J. Abernathy, Q.M.C., Supply Service (appointed March 12, 1921), now in 9th Corps Area, are assigned to duty at their present stations. (March 12, W.D.)

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

MAJOR GEN. M. W. IRELAND, S.G.

MEDICAL CORPS.

Officers of M.C. to duty as follows: Major F. H. Poole from Philippines and assigned to duty as flight surgeon at Mather Field, Calif.; Major O. J. Gentekow to Camp Grant, Ill.; Capt. A. C. Sutton to Washington to commandant

Army Medical School; 1st Lieut. R. T. Arnest to duty as instructor in hygiene and sanitation, Infantry School, Camp Benning, Ga.; 1st Lieut. J. E. Stanton to Manila on transport sailing about May 5, 1921.

Leave one month to Major L. A. Kefauver, M.C. (March 18, W.D.)

Major H. G. Ford, M.C., to San Francisco, Letterman General Hospital, for duty. (March 18, W.D.)

Major M. B. Mobley, M.C., to Camp Jackson, S.C., for duty. (March 18, W.D.)

Capt. W. H. Conner, M.R.C., to home and from further active duty. (March 17, W.D.)

Leave one month to Capt. J. N. Merrick, M.C. (March 18, W.D.)

Capt. E. H. Green, M.R.C., from further active duty to home. (March 18, W.D.)

The following officers of M.C. to places specified for duty: Major J. S. Fox, Camp Knox, Ky.; Capt. J. M. Huddleston, Fort Totten, N.Y. (March 21, W.D.)

Officers of M.C. to duty as follows: Capt. R. P. Bourbon to New York city; 2d Whitehall street; Capt. E. A. Lodge to Camp Dix, N.J.; Capt. T. B. Collins to Camp Dix, N.J.; Capt. R. K. Simpson to Mitchel Field, Long Island, N.Y., for pursuing a course of instruction; 1st Lieut. M. G. Healy will report by telegraph to commanding general 8th Corps Area, Fort Sam Houston. (March 21, W.D.)

First Lieut. J. M. Odell, M.C., to Honolulu, H.T., on transport sailing about May 5 for duty. (March 17, W.D.)

Par. 19, S.O. 58-O, March 12, 1921, W.D., relating to 2d Lieut. J. L. Morgan, M.A.C., is revoked. (March 22, W.D.)

ENLISTED MEN.

Master Sgt. A. Nolan, Med. Dept., to Field Service School, Medical Department, Carlisle Barracks, Pa., for duty. (March 14, W.D.)

Staff Sgt. T. N. Hawkins, Med. Dept., Fort Monmouth, S.D., to Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., for duty. (March 14, W.D.)

Master Sgt. W. George, Med. Dept., will be placed upon the retired list at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, and to home. (March 18, W.D.)

DENTAL CORPS.

Major W. O. Boss, D.R.C., to Edgewood Arsenal, Md., for duty. (March 19, W.D.)

Capt. A. M. Smith, Jr., D.C., to Arcadia, Fla., for duty. (March 17, W.D.)

Capt. S. J. Rohde, D.C., to Washington Barracks for duty. (March 21, W.D.)

Leave one month and twenty-five days to Capt. G. J. Krakow, D.C. (March 22, W.D.)

First Lieut. M. A. Sanderson, D.C., to 4th Corps Area, Fort McPherson, Ga., for duty. (March 19, W.D.)

First Lieut. J. T. Cosler, D.R.C., to active duty at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind. (March 22, W.D.)

VETERINARY CORPS.

First Lieut. J. W. Graham, V.R.C., to Camp Meade, Md., for duty. (March 19, W.D.)

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

BRIG. GEN. H. M. LORD, C.F.

Capt. W. A. MacNicholl, F.D., to Camp Lewis, Wash., for duty. (March 21, W.D.)

Staff Sgt. W. C. Lang, F.D. (appointed March 18, 1921), is assigned to duty in the office of Finance Officer, Army Reserve Depot, Columbus, Ohio. (March 18, W.D.)

Tech. Sgt. H. H. Barnes, F.D. (appointed March 19, 1921), now at Camp Meade, Md., is assigned to duty at that camp. (March 19, W.D.)

Tech. Sgt. J. A. Fitzpatrick, F.D. (appointed March 19, 1921), to Fort Brown, Texas, for duty. (March 19, W.D.)

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

MAJOR GEN. L. H. BEACH, C.E.

Leave two months to Col. C. L. Petter, C.E., about May 1, 1921, with permission to leave the continental limits of the United States. (March 21, W.D.)

Lieut. Col. C. O. Sherrill, C.E., is detailed in charge of the public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia and as military aid to the President, relieving Major C. S. Ridley, C.E., who will report in person to the Chief of Engineers for duty. (March 21, W.D.)

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

MAJOR GEN. C. C. WILLIAMS, C.O.

Major T. L. Coles, O.D., to Baltimore, Md., for duty with Ballistic Section, Technical Staff, O.D. (March 18, W.D.)

Major J. H. Hunter, O.D., to Dover, N.J., for duty. (March 18, W.D.)

Capt. H. W. Churchill, O.D., to Philadelphia for duty. (March 18, W.D.)

Capt. C. A. Watkins, O.D., to Curtis Bay Ordnance Reserve Depot, South Baltimore, Md., for duty. (March 21, W

Reed General Hospital, Takoma Park, D.C., for treatment. (March 21, W.D.)

So much of Par. 20, S.O. 45-O, W.D., Feb. 24, 1921, as relates to the following officers of Air Service, is revoked: First Lieuts. B. A. Coyle, W. B. Gravely, A. C. Kincaid, O. G. Trunk, G. L. Usher and 2d Lieut. G. P. Johnson. (March 21, W.D.)

Second Lieut. W. S. Hamlin, A.S., to Langley Field, Hampton, Va., for duty. (March 19, W.D.)

The following officers of A.S. to Langley Field, Hampton, Va., not later than April 15, for temporary duty of taking instruction at Air Service School of Aerial Photography: Second Lieuts. E. Abbey, R. T. Cronan, L. H. Dunlap, G. E. Grimes, B. Hoppin, F. A. Johnson, D. E. Jones, E. C. Kiel and A. Lindeburg. (March 21, W.D.)

CHAPLAINS.

CHAPLAIN J. T. AXTON, CHIEF OF CHAPLAINS. Chaplain P. J. Quinn relieved from duty with 1st Cav. and is assigned to duty at the Presidio of San Francisco for duty. (March 21, W.D.)

CAVALRY.

MAJOR GEN. W. A. HOLBROOK, C.C.

Lient. Col. C. R. Mayo, Cav., having reported at these headquarters, is announced as assistant to the Assistant Chief of Staff for Operations, 8th Corps Area, with station at Fort Sam Houston, Texas. (Feb. 27, 8th Corps Area.)

Under exceptional circumstances, leave fifteen days, at once, to Lient. Col. H. Bowie, Cav. (March 19, 3d Corps Area.)

Par. 29, S.O. 61-O, W.D., March 16, 1921, relating to Lient. Col. W. R. Taylor, Cav., is revoked. (March 21, W.D.)

So much of Par. 2, S.O. 55-O, W.D., March 12, 1921, as relates to Major C. L. Stevenson, Cav., is revoked. (March 17, W.D.)

Leave three months to Major E. W. Burr, Cav., about March 20, 1921. (March 18, W.D.)

Major M. G. Garr, Cav., is detailed as assistant professor at Michigan Agricultural College, Lansing. (March 18, W.D.)

Major H. C. Lutz, Cav., having been found incapacitated for active service on account of disability incident thereto, his retirement from active service is announced. (March 18, W.D.)

Major F. S. Snyder, Cav., to Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., for duty. (March 19, W.D.)

Major M. B. Rush, Cav., will report in person to C.O. Fort Des Moines, Iowa, for duty. (March 21, W.D.)

So much of Par. 2, S.O. 55-O, W.D., March 12, 1921, as relates to Major C. L. Stevenson, Cav., is revoked. (March 22, W.D.)

Majors of Cav. to duty as follows: K. H. Gorman to Carlstrom Field, Arcadia, Fla., for duty and pilot training; H. E. Mitchell is detailed in Finance Department, effective June 30, and to Washington; C. L. Stevenson is detailed for duty as inspector-instructor, Cav., N.Y.N.G., and to New York city. (March 22, W.D.)

Leave one month to Capt. G. H. Carruth, Cav. (March 17, W.D.)

The transfer on March 19, 1921, of Capt. L. Canaler, Cav., to Signal Corps, Reg. Army, at his own request, with rank from July 1, 1920, is announced. (March 19, W.D.)

The transfer of Capt. H. B. Flounders, Cav., to Air Service, Reg. Army, at his own request, with rank from Oct. 12, 1917, is announced. (March 19, W.D.)

Capt. J. C. Ward, Cav., is assigned to 15th Cav. and to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo., for duty. (March 21, W.D.)

Capt. G. H. Carruth, Cav., is assigned to 13th Cav. and to Fort Clark, Texas, for duty. (March 21, W.D.)

The following Cavalry officers are assigned to 5th Cav. and to Marfa, Texas, and join regiment: First Lieuts. H. DeB. Bruck and H. P. Stewart. (March 18, W.D.)

First Lieut. L. B. Conner, Cav., is detailed as assistant professor at the University of Arizona, Tucson. (March 18, W.D.)

The transfer of 1st Lieut. D. C. Howard, Jr., Cav., to Q.M.C. Reg. Army, at his own request, with rank from Sept. 20, 1919, is announced. (March 19, W.D.)

First Lieut. J. W. Carroll, Cav., from present duty in Philippines and is assigned to 10th Cav. (March 21, W.D.)

First Lieut. R. S. Parker, 10th Cav., is transferred to 9th Cav. and to Manila on transport sailing about May 5 for duty. (March 21, W.D.)

Master Sgt. A. Entringer, Hors. Troop, 1st Cav., will be placed upon the retired list at Camp Harry J. Jones, Douglas, Ariz., and to home. (March 18, W.D.)

FIELD ARTILLERY.

MAJOR GEN. W. J. SNOW, C.F.A.

So much of Par. 10, S.O. 55-O, W.D., March 9, 1921, as relates to Major C. P. George, F.A., is revoked. (March 18, W.D.)

Major J. E. Mort, F.A., to Fort Leavenworth and report in person on Sept. 5, 1921, for duty as a student officer at the School of the Lines. (March 18, W.D.)

The leave granted Major W. C. Crane, Jr., F.A., is extended twenty days. (March 19, W.D.)

Major C. Andrus, F.A., is detailed for duty as inspector-instructor, F.A., Washington N.G., about April 15, and to Seattle for duty. (March 21, W.D.)

Leave two months to 1st Lieut. C. A. Easterbrook, F.A. (March 17, W.D.)

Leave two months to 1st Lieut. G. Henninger, F.A. (March 17, W.D.)

First Lieut. C. S. Richards, F.A., is assigned to 4th F.A. and to Camp Stanley, Texas. (March 22, W.D.)

First Lieut. J. J. Turner, F.A., now attached to 9th F.A., Fort Sill, Okla., is assigned to that regiment. (March 22, W.D.)

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. F. W. COE, C.C.A.

Lient. Col. R. F. Woods, C.A.C., to Fort Warren, Mass., for duty. (March 17, W.D.)

Lient. Col. C. E. N. Howard, C.A.C., to Fort Williams, Me., for duty. (March 17, W.D.)

Lient. Col. J. L. Long, C.A.C., to Fort Hamilton, N.Y., for duty. (March 19, W.D.)

Lient. Col. D. Y. Beckham, C.A.C., to Fort Howard, Md., for duty as assistant to the Assistant Chief of Staff for War Plans and Training. (March 19, W.D.)

The transfer on March 18, 1921, of Major R. H. Hannum, C.A.C., to the Ordnance Department, Reg. Army, at his own request, with rank from July 1, 1920, is announced. He will remain on his present duties until further orders. (March 18, W.D.)

Leave one month to Capt. G. H. Drewry, C.A.C. (March 17, W.D.)

Leave one month to Capt. C. W. Bundy, C.A.C. (March 17, W.D.)

Capt. E. H. Freeland, C.A.C., having reported, is assigned to duty at these headquarters in connection with the procurement of applicants for citizens' military training camps, with station at Fort McPherson, Ga. (March 18, 4th Corps Area.)

Leave one month to Capt. P. H. French, C.A.C. (March 19, 18, W.D.)

Capt. A. V. Winton, C.A.C., to Fort Washington, Md., for duty. (March 19, W.D.)

Leave one month, upon his arrival at San Francisco, with permission to apply for an extension of two months, to Capt. E. H. Underwood, C.A.C. (March 18, 8d Corps Area.)

Leave one month, March 19, to Capt. C. W. Bundy, C.A.C. (March 19, 18, W.D.)

The following officers of C.A.C. are assigned as hereinafter indicated and will proceed to stations specified for duty: Capt. W. Sackville to Fort Hancock, N.J.; 1st Lieuts. P. W. George to Fort H. G. Wright, N.Y., and C. G. Benham to Fort Moultrie, S.C. (March 18, W.D.)

Par. 28, S.O. 61-O, W.D., March 16, 1921, relating to 1st Lieut. C. G. Benham, C.A.C., is revoked. (March 18, W.D.)

Leave one month and twenty days to 1st Lieut. C. G. Benham, C.A.C. (March 18, W.D.)

First Lieut. F. H. Koerbel, C.A.C., to Fort Warren, Mass., for duty. (March 19, W.D.)

The following master sergeants, C.A.C. (appointed March 12, 1921), will remain on their present assignments: H. S. Hammard, Fort Mills, P.I.; F. Werner, Fort Washington, Md.; A. M. Cloud, Fort Moultrie, S.C.; H. Morelock, Fort

Rodman, Mass.; G. W. Hepler, Fort Du Pont, Del.; W. H. Gee, Fort Dade, Fla.; H. A. Fowle, 30th Art. Brigade, C.A.C., Camp Eustis, Va.; B. J. Llewellyn, Fort Crockett, Texas; J. F. Doyle, Fort Moultrie, S.C.; W. H. Stevens, Fort Monroe, Va. (March 12, W.D.)

Second Lieut. H. P. Hennessy, April 15, will report to C.O. 39th Art. Brigade, C.A.C., Camp Jackson, S.C., for duty. (March 18, W.D.)

Master Sgt. W. Illingworth, C.A.C., 2d band, will be placed upon the retired list at Fort Williams, Me., and to home. (March 19, W.D.)

INFANTRY.

MAJOR GEN. C. S. FARNSWORTH, C.I.

Par. 14, S.O. 58-O, W.D., March 12, 1921, relating to Col. M. S. Jarvis, 65th Inf., is revoked. (March 19, W.D.)

Col. J. F. Gohn, Inf., having reported, is attached to the office of the Assistant Chief of Staff for Operations, 8th Corps Area, for duty, with station at Fort Sam Houston, Texas. (March 9, 8th Corps Area.)

The following officers, retired, from general recruiting service to home: Col. J. R. Lindsay and R. B. Powers; Lieut. Cols. N. M. Cartmel, W. A. Powell, H. A. Hegeman and W. M. Craigie; Majors H. S. Wygant, C. W. Harris, F. L. Minnigerode, G. R. Nunan, E. L. Swift, T. T. Frissell and J. M. Kelse, Jr.; Capts. B. A. Dixon, G. R. Armstrong, T. Gordon and W. C. Tremain; 1st Lieuts. D. P. McCord, T. L. McAllister and J. E. Torrence. (March 17, W.D.)

Col. W. A. O'avenagh, Inf., having been found incapacitated for active service on account of disability incident thereto, his retirement from active service is announced. (March 17, W.D.)

Leave three months to Lieut. Col. C. J. Nelson, Inf. (March 17, W.D.)

C. Col. C. H. Martin, Inf., is detailed in the A.G. Department. (March 19, W.D.)

Col. W. M. Morrow, 15th Inf., is transferred to 34th Inf., Camp Meade, Md., upon completion of present tour of foreign service. (March 18, W.D.)

Col. W. R. Dashiel, 35th Inf., is transferred to 60th Inf., Camp Jackson, S.C., upon completion of present tour of foreign service. (March 18, W.D.)

The following officers of Inf. are assigned as hereinafter indicated and will proceed to stations specified: Lieut. Cols. T. B. Seigle to 18th Inf., Camp Dix, N.J., and E. M. Norton to 4th Inf., Camp Pike, Ark. (March 17, W.D.)

So much of Par. 42, S.O. 62-O, March 17, W.D., as relates to Lieut. Col. J. S. Cecil, Inf., is revoked. (March 19, W.D.)

Lieut. Col. B. R. Wade, 20th Inf., is transferred to 9th Inf. and to duty. (March 19, W.D.)

Lieut. Col. G. G. Lewis, Inf., now attached to 20th Inf., is assigned to that regiment. (March 19, W.D.)

The following officers are relieved from further recruiting duty and will proceed to places indicated for duty in connection with the distribution of Victory medals: Lieut. Col. W. A. Kent, Inf., to Atlanta, Ga.; Lieut. Col. J. L. Miller, Inf., to Chicago, Ill.; Major J. F. Crutcher, Cav., to Fort Thomas, Ky. (March 19, W.D.)

Lieut. Col. J. S. Cecil, Inf., from general recruiting service to Richmond, Va., and is detailed for duty as inspector-instructor, Infantry, Virginia N.G. (March 19, W.D.)

The following officers of Inf. are assigned to regiments specified for duty: Lieut. Cols.—R. Smith to 52d Inf., Camp Grant, Ill.; B. G. Ruttencutter to 36th Inf., Camp Devens, Mass. Majors—W. Baerke to 49th Inf., Fort Snelling, Minn.; G. O. Charlton to 9th Inf., Camp Travis, Texas; H. Shekerjian to 12th Inf., Camp Meade, Md.; L. Summer to 49th Inf., Fort Snelling, Minn. Capts.—H. G. Cokendall to 46th Inf., Eagle Pass, Texas; J. R. Dismore to 37th Inf., Fort Wayne, Mich.; T. E. Griffith to 64th Inf., Camp Meade, Md.; L. J. Harris to 38th Inf., Camp Pike, Ark.; P. H. Hathaway to 47th Inf., Camp Lewis, Wash.; C. A. Lundy to 7th Inf., Camp Pike, Ark.; A. L. Morris to 55th Inf., Camp Meade, Md.; G. H. Rarey to 37th Inf., Fort Wayne, Mich.; L. W. Shaggs to Tanks, Franklin Cantonment, Camp Meade, Md.; F. W. Caswell to 63d Inf., Madison Barracks, N.Y.; J. R. DeVal to 37th Inf., Fort Leavenworth, Kas. First Lieuts.—F. W. Caswell to 63d Inf., Madison Barracks, N.Y.; J. R. DeVal to 37th Inf., Fort Wayne, Mich.; H. G. Dowdall to 32d Inf., Presidio of San Francisco, Calif.; J. W. Heiss to 34th Inf., Camp Meade, Md.; E. H. Keltner to 23d Inf., Camp Travis, Texas; W. F. Newton to 56th Inf., Camp Meade, Md.; R. E. Sample to 63d Inf., Madison Barracks, N.Y.; J. F. Somers to 4th Inf., Camp Pike, Ark.; W. M. E. Sullivan to 63d Inf., Madison Barracks, N.Y.; W. Jesse to 30th Inf., Camp Pike, Ark. (March 17, W.D.)

So much of Par. 10, S.O. 55-O, W.D., March 9, 1921, as relates to Lient. Col. B. G. Ruttencutter, Inf., is revoked. (March 18, W.D.)

Leave, on account of sickness, for one month to Lieut. Col. A. J. Dougherty, Inf. (March 17, W.D.)

The following officers of Inf. are attached to regiments indicated and will proceed to stations designated for duty: Lieut. Cols.—J. S. Cecil to 56th Inf., Camp Meade, Md.; D. Potts to 12th Inf., Camp Meade, Md.; Majors—F. E. Overholser to 34th Inf., Camp Meade, Md.; J. M. Pruy to 28th Inf., Camp Dix, N.J. (March 17, W.D.)

So much of Par. 10, S.O. 55-O, W.D., March 9, 1921, as relates to Lieut. Col. A. Smith, Jr., Inf., is revoked. (March 22, W.D.)

The following officers are transferred as indicated and will proceed to stations specified and join regiments: Major T. R. McCarron to 58th Inf., Camp Lewis, Wash.; Major G. R. Koehler to 25th Inf., Nogales, Ariz. (March 17, W.D.)

Major A. C. Evans, 5th Inf., is transferred to 18th Inf. and to Camp Dix, N.J., for duty. (March 17, W.D.)

Major H. O. Olsen, Inf., is assigned to 56th Inf. and to Camp Meade, Md., for duty. (March 19, W.D.)

Leave three months and ten days to Major J. B. Richardson, Inf., about May 24, 1921. Upon expiration of this leave Major Richardson will comply with Par. 10, S.O. 55-O, W.D., March 17, W.D.)

Major E. I. Small, Inf., is assigned to 12th Inf., Camp Meade, Md., for duty. (March 19, W.D.)

Leave two months to Major F. L. Whitley, Inf., with permission to apply for an extension of one month. (March 18, W.D.)

So much of Par. 44, S.O. 62-O, W.D., March 17, 1921, relating to the following officers of Inf. is revoked: Lieut. Col. W. C. Rentfro, 27th Inf., is transferred to 25th Inf. and will join regiment. (March 18, W.D.)

Major P. D. Parkinson, Inf., is detailed as assistant professor at University of Oklahoma, Norman. (March 18, W.D.)

Major H. Huston, Inf., from duty with Washington-Alaska Military Cable and Telegraph System, Valdez, Alaska, and is assigned to 37th Inf. (March 21, W.D.)

Leave two months to Major H. Shekerjian, Inf. (March 21, W.D.)

The following officers of Inf. report to Fort Leavenworth and report in person Sept. 5 as student officers at the School of the Line for the year 1921-1922: Majors R. P. Lemly and R. W. Drury, Inf. (March 22, W.D.)

Major C. C. Bankhead, 17th Inf., is transferred to 55th Inf. and will join. (March 22, W.D.)

The following officers of Inf. are relieved from assignment to 41st Inf.: Capt. W. F. Freshoff, on duty at Fort Crook, Nebr.; Capt. F. C. McKinley, now at Walter Reed General Hospital, Takoma Park, D.C. (March 18, W.D.)

The leave granted Capt. J. F. Goodman, Inf., is extended one month. (March 18, W.D.)

Capt. J. E. Haywood, 60th Inf., now a student in the company commanders' class at the Infantry School, Camp Banning, Ga., is relieved from assignment to 60th Inf. (March 18, W.D.)

Capt. W. M. E. Sullivan, Inf., is detailed as assistant professor at Emory University, Ga. (March 18, W.D.)

Capt. A. R. C. Sander, Inf., is assigned to 47th Inf. and to Camp Lewis, Wash., for duty. (March 21, W.D.)

The following officers of C.A.C. April 1, to Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., for completing course of instruction in ordnance matériel: Capts. J. G. Holmes, M. W. Kreage and 1st Lieut. W. E. Becker. (March 22, W.D.)

The following officers of Inf., now on duty with regiments indicated after their names, are assigned to those regiments: Capts. R. T. W. Duke, 2d Inf.; W. C. Briggs, 20th Inf.;

H. McGuire, 56th Inf., and 1st Lieut. R. F. Stone, 16th Inf. (March 22, W.D.)

The following officers of Inf., now on duty with regiments indicated after their names, are assigned to those regiments: Capts. P. During, 56th Inf.; F. A. Woolley, 56th Inf.; K. J. Fielder, 56th Inf.; T. M. Jersey, 1st Inf., and C. E. Ryan, 34th Inf. (March 22, W.D.)

The following officers of Inf., from duty in Philippines and are assigned to 37th Inf., Fort Wayne, Mich.: Major J. M. White, 1st Lieut. J. D. Chambliss and E. M. Jenkins. (March 17, W.D.)

Leave one month to 1st Lieut. R. E. Richards, Inf., about April 1, 1921. (March 17, W.D.)

The following officers of Inf., to Camp Meade, Md., for duty: First Lieut. M. M. Maner to 41st Inf., D. Jones to 56th Inf., and T. H. Young to 64th Inf. (March 17, W.D.)

First Lieut. G. T. Wyche, 9th Inf., is transferred to 55th Inf. and to Camp Meade, Md., for duty. (March 17, W.D.)

Leave one month to 1st Lieut. T. M. Jersey, Inf., about March 17, 1921. (March 17, W.D.)

Leave one month and fifteen days, about March 20, 1921, to 1st Lieut. W. E. Whittington, Inf. (March 17, W.D.)

Leave one month and fifteen days, upon arrival in United States, to 1st Lieut. D. F. Pratt, 21st Inf. (March 19, W.D.)

NOTES OF ARMY PERSONNEL.

Col. J. Mayhew Wainwright, N.Y.N.G., who has been selected to succeed Mr. Williams as Assistant Secretary of War, was on March 22, 1921, commissioned as colonel, Inspector General's Department, Officers' Reserve Corps.

Col. Charles D. Roberts, U.S.A., executive officer, and Lieut. Col. C. A. Trott, training section, office of the Chief of Cavalry, are on an inspection trip in the interest of the Infantry. Their itinerary will include Camps Lee, Jackson, Benning, Travis, Eagle Pass, Pike, Sherman, Fort Sam Houston, Fort McPherson, Fort McIntosh and Fort Benjamin Harrison.

Col. E. S. Walton, U.S.A., has recently taken the place of Major C. L. Corbin as executive officer in the office of Chief of Construction Service, Q.M.C., having previously been chief of the 1st District, Construction Service, with offices in Washington, D.C. Major Corbin is scheduled to sail for Germany on April 5, where he will serve as utilities officer, Q.M.C., in the A.F. in G. Capt. George F. Hobson, Corps of Engrs., is also detailed to duty with Major Corbin in taking charge of the utilities in the A.F. in G., which have been turned over to the care and supervision of the Quartermaster Corps.

Lieut. Col. Clarence O. Sherrill, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A., on duty in Washington, D.C., was on March 21 appointed military aid to President Harding. Colonel Sherrill will continue his duties as Superintendent of Public Buildings and Grounds in the District of Columbia. As military aid he succeeds Major Clarence S. Ridley, Corps of Engrs., who has been assigned to duty at Fort Leavenworth.

Major Glenn P. Wilhelm, Ord. Dept., U.S.A., who is on duty with the Infantry Board at Camp Benning, expects to visit several arsenals in the interest of development work on Infantry equipment.

The Cuban government has accepted the invitation of the U.S. Government to send officers to Army schools. One officer is to attend the Air Service Observation School at Fort Sill, Okla., and another officer is to attend the Air Service Pilot School at Arcadia, Fla.

The office of the Chief of Cavalry is now in its new quarters in the War Department Annex, second floor, at 18th and E streets, N.W., Washington, D.C.

The Chief of Infantry recently received from the Infantry Board at Camp Benning, Ga., the following expression of appreciation of the assistance rendered by Major Joseph O. Mauborgne, Signal Corps, in connection with its study of radio equipment: "The advice and assistance of Major Mauborgne of the Signal Corps was invaluable to the Infantry Board during its consideration of radio communication." Major Mauborgne is one of the foremost radio experts in the country.

General Pershing's Future Status.

In reply to interrogations at a conference with press correspondents on March 2 relative to the future status of Gen. John J. Pershing, Secretary of War Weeks said he had under consideration some activity in connection with the Military Establishment for General Pershing "appropriate to the General's experience." Further than that statement the Secretary would not comment, except to say that he had had several conferences with General Pershing, but that nothing definite has resulted. It is generally accepted in Washington that the letter General Pershing wrote to the then Secretary of War Baker on June 7, 1920, with regard to the possibility of his relinquishing military duty, and to which Mr. Baker replied on June 10, is a closed incident and that General Pershing's services will be devoted to the Army for some time to come.

Gen. John J. Pershing, U.S.A., was the guest of honor at the weekly luncheon of the National Republican Club in New York city on March 19. He was accompanied by his aid, Major John G. Quekemeyer, U.S.A. Owing to the number of his engagements for the day, General Pershing did not make a speech at the function. On the same afternoon he visited the new Red Cross clubhouse for disabled ex-Servicemen at 129 East 39th street. After viewing the game rooms, study, cafeteria, swimming pool and dormitory, he congratulated the club's founders. General Pershing, accompanied by several members of his staff, was among the visitors at the annual Flower Show held at the Grand Central Palace, New York city, on March 19. He was the guest of Mrs. Belmont Tiffany. One of the booths he visited was "The Dugout," where garden nicknacks, made by wounded soldiers, were on sale.

Gen. Wood Nominated Provost of U. of Pennsylvania.

Major Gen. Leonard Wood, U.S.A., who had the honor of being nominated as provost of the University of Pennsylvania at the monthly meeting of the Board of Trustees on March 21, will, it is understood, be unanimously elected at the next meeting of the board, which will be held on April 18. If he accepts the office of head of the university, as is expected, General Wood, after his return from the Philippines, will be placed on the retired list of the Army upon his own application. Secretary of War Weeks said on March 22 that this matter had been discussed when General Wood called on March 21. Mr. Weeks also said that General Wood would be senior of the special government mission to the Philippines, which will engage the attention of General Wood and his chief associate, W. Cameron Forbes, former Governor-General of the islands, for a period of five months. Three months of this time will be devoted to a comprehensive study of conditions in the archipelago and the qualifications of the Filipino people for self-government. The remaining two months will be spent in travel between the islands and the United States. This program would enable General Wood to return to the United States by Sept. 2, in time to assume his duties with the Pennsylvania University at the opening of the fall term. General Wood is to sail from Seattle April 9.

To further the work of the Near East Relief in giving aid to the people of Armenia, Major Gen. Leonard Wood, U.S.A., issued an appeal from Fort Sheridan, Ill., on March 19 in which he called attention to the sacrifices the people of Armenia have made for the faith, ending the appeal with these words: "I, and the American men and women who sign with me, ask that this work go on. It is an American work in the best traditions of big-hearted American generosity. It cannot falter or pause."

Civilian Employees, Q.M.C. Reduced 100,000.

Records of the Quartermaster General's office indicate that from Feb. 19, 1919, the date when Major Gen. H. L. Rogers, Quartermaster General, returned from France, up to the present time, civilian employees of the Q.M.C. have been reduced by more than 100,000. Further de-

ductions will be effected before the end of the current fiscal year.

Arrested for Death of Major A. P. Cronkhite.

The War Department instituted an investigation into the circumstances of the death of Major Alexander P. Cronkhite, U.S.A., at the request of Major Cronkhite's father, Major Gen. Adelbert Cronkhite, U.S.A., now commanding the 3d Corps Area, but who at the time of the occurrence was in command of the 80th Division, A. E. F. Major Cronkhite died at Camp Lewis, Wash., on Oct. 25, 1918, as the result of a pistol shot wound. Roland R. Pothier, who was serving as a sergeant bugler at Camp Lewis at the time, was arrested at Providence, R.I., on March 18, 1921, by operatives of the bureau of investigation of the Department of Justice, charged with having killed Major Cronkhite. Pothier, it is reported, was permitted to plead to a charge of involuntary manslaughter and was held in \$10,000 bail and committed to jail to await the action of the Federal grand jury at Tacoma, Wash. Following Major Cronkhite's death an Army court of inquiry found that he had shot himself accidentally while at pistol practice. Soon after General Cronkhite returned from France he caused the body of his son to be exhumed. It was found that the wound could not have been self-inflicted. The Department of Justice, while investigating Pothier's connection with the case, has also been inquiring into the possible responsibility of Robert Rosenbluth for Major Cronkhite's death. He served as a captain first with the 1st and later in the 2d Engineers, A.E.F., having attended the training camp at Plattsburgh, N.Y., in 1916. He was later ordered home and detailed as an instructor at Camp Forrest, Ga. On March 23 former Captain Rosenbluth was arrested in New York city, by agents of the Department of Justice, charged with having "shot, or caused" Major Cronkhite to be shot. One official of the department is quoted in the press as having said that his arrest was due to admissions made by Pothier, and added that there were believed to be indications that Major Cronkhite was killed as the result of a plot of at least one officer and several enlisted men belonging to the unit which Major Cronkhite had out for pistol practice on the day of his death.

Polo at Camp Lewis.

The Camp Lewis Polo Association was recently organized at Camp Lewis, with Major Gen. Charles H. Muir president; Col. W. H. Jordan, Jr., and Major F. M. Barrows, vice presidents; and Capt. N. C. Manley (all U.S.A.), secretary. A field committee consisting of Majors Albert S. Peake and Barrows and Lieut. John L. McKee, U.S.A., was appointed at the same time. It is the intention of the association to form a team which will at times challenge teams from Vancouver and Boise Barracks and from Seattle and Portland. A field has already been laid out. Colonel Jordan is quoted in a Tacoma, Wash., paper as saying: "The Government is boosting polo. It is being done throughout the Army. Horses, equipment and the like are being given players. We expect to see the sport take a leading role in athletics at Camp Lewis. It is a most remarkable sport and one that will appeal to any American when it is once seen and understood." Two teams have already been organized at Camp Lewis, from the 16th Field Artillery and the 59th Infantry. Teams are also to be organized in the 77th Field Artillery and the 57th Coast Artillery. There are two former pioneer teams, the 7th Brigade and the Freebooters outfit. In a series of three games recently the Freebooters won two. The lineup was: Maloney, Manley, Field, Dupuy and Barrows for the Freebooters; and Peak, Collier, McKee and Boisseau for the Brigade. In a recent game, the first between the 16th F.A. and the 59th Infantry, which was won by the Artillery by a score of 4 to 2, the lineups were as follows: 59th Inf.—Colonel Jordan, No. 1; Lieutenant Wise, No. 2; Lieutenant Boisseau, No. 3, and Major Fletcher, No. 4. 16th F.A.—Major Riley, No. 1; Captain Maloney, No. 2; Major Barrows, No. 3, and Major Donegan, No. 4. Lieutenant Wise made a goal in the first period; Captain Maloney made two in the second period; Major Barrows one, and Major Riley one. Colonel Jordan made one goal in the fourth period.

Retirement of Master Sergeant Koerpel.

The enlisted faculty of the School for Bakers and Cooks, Camp at Empire, C.Z., were hosts at a smoker on March 3 on the occasion of the retirement of Master Sgt. Charles Koerpel, senior instructor. The guests were students of the school, members of Bakery Co. No. 10, Q.M.C., and detachment Q.M.C., Camp Gaillard, C.Z. It was an informal gathering and enlivened by many stories of the Service, both old and new. Sergeant Koerpel was presented with a silver cigarette case and holder, appropriately engraved, as a token of esteem. He entered the Service in October, 1889, as a member of Battery C, 2d Art., serving also in the 3d Art., 3d Inf., 7th Inf., 4th Wisconsin Vol. Inf., 5th Art., Hospital Corps, Coast Art. Corps and joining the Q.M. Corps in 1914. He served the rest of his time in that branch. He was commissioned first lieutenant, Q.M.C., in 1917; promoted captain, A.G. Dept., in 1918. He was assistant commandant of the School for Bakers and Cooks, Fort Shafter, H.T. After discharge from commission he was sent to the Panama Canal Department to assist in establishing the School for Bakers and Cooks at Camp Gaillard and was senior instructor until date of his retirement. His service, writes a correspondent, has been noteworthy, because of technical knowledge, devotion to duty and sterling qualities of honesty and fair dealing. He has grappled with new and unusual conditions which arose during the war which tested his ability, and in every case he proved equal to the situation. Major Gen. H. L. Rogers, Quartermaster General, in a letter to Sergeant Koerpel upon his retirement said: "No more worthy example of sterling patriotism can be found than that of our old and tried non-commissioned officers who have unflinchingly endured the hardships and privations of a soldier's life during thirty years of honorable service and who have been ready at all times to subordinate their personal interests, even to the sacrifice of life itself, in defense of our country. Sergeant Koerpel leaves the School for Bakers and Cooks with the best wishes of all for many years of success and happiness."

A BASIC UNIT FOOD SYSTEM.

Sgt. H. Clyatt, U.S.A., who has been on duty as mess steward at Fort Thomas, Ky., has issued in pamphlet form the results of his efforts in working out a basic unit system which he has developed and used in feeding a large number of men during the last four years, as he explains in a preface. The system was devised for the purpose of making a short cut in much of his work as a mess steward. He uses 100 as the base of his tables, which makes figuring with decimal multiplication simple. His basic units figure all food down

to one standard of the unit of 100 portions, and brings recipes up to 100 portions or persons. His system, he says, was developed as a necessity during the World War. Used in conjunction with the Army Cook's Manual of 1917, it gives a wide range in quantity cooking and food handling. The tables of quantities are based on the main articles of food in the Army, with the fixed allowance in money, and afford the lowest cost for the food values in calories or energy production.

NOTES OF THE ARMY.

Fire at Mitchel Field.

A fire at Mitchel flying field, Mineola, N.Y., on March 19, supposed to have been caused by defective electric wiring, destroyed the large wooden hospital building, expensive medical equipment and supplies. The loss was estimated at \$250,000. The thirty patients in the hospital were safely removed to a nearby building.

Slight Changes in Fencing Equipment.

As a result of exhaustive study of Infantry fencing equipment by the Infantry Board a few minor changes in the wooden guns will be made. The gun will be slightly heavier and the end of the bayonet will be more heavily padded.

Influenza Attacks A. F. in G.

Influenza in epidemic form has broken out among troops of the American Forces in Germany stationed at and near Coblenz, says an Associated Press dispatch from that city dated March 22. The 2d Battalion of the 8th Infantry is reported to have been quarantined, forty-five cases having been reported. The form of the attack is said to be severe, but no deaths had been reported.

Signal Corps Receives Rapid "Movie" Camera.

The Signal Corps has received a cinematograph camera which will record as many as 200 pictures a second as against about sixteen a second by the ordinary moving picture camera. It will be used for making studies of movements of the horse, etc., and for photographing the motion of projectiles. It is stated that there are only two cinematograph cameras in existence capable of the speed of this one of the Signal Corps.

Sale of Motor Vehicles.

Auction sales of surplus motor vehicles of the Motor Transport Service will be held in the month of April at all the large depots, including Camp Jesup, Ga., Camp Boyd, Texas, and probably at Camp Norrie, Texas, and at South Amboy, N.J. Definite dates and places for the sales have not yet been determined, but announcements will be made and full publicity will be given the subject sufficiently in advance of the dates of sale to enable any one interested to attend.

Fund Shortage Hinders Moving Tank Cos.

Some Infantry organizations have been awaiting the allocation to them of their authorized tank units. It is explained that although a number of division tank companies have been organized at the Tank Center, Franklin Canton, Camp Meade, Md., it is impossible to send them to their respective divisions owing to the lack of transportation funds.

Combined Wheel and Caterpillar Mount.

In order to insure the establishment and maintenance of adequate manufacturing facilities in time of peace to provide for quantity production in case of war, it is the purpose and aim of the Army to develop tanks with caterpillar tractors along lines adaptable to the work of commerce. According to officers interested in the subject it is the endeavor to evolve a vehicle with a demountable wheel and caterpillar mount so that in case of bad roads or across country the caterpillar traction may be used, and where good roads are available the track may be taken off and the vehicle may travel on rubber-tired wheels. This purpose has been attained in the Christie mount, it is claimed, and further studies and experiments are being made to bring it to a higher degree of perfection. Preliminary trials indicate that the combination wheel and caterpillar mount possesses great possibilities.

Test and Issue of Glasses to Infantry.

The Ordnance Department is furnishing to the Infantry Board various samples of field glasses which will be studied with a view to deciding upon the best monocular and binocular glass obtainable for use of the Infantry. There is a large quantity of different makes of field glasses now on hand and no immediate purchases are contemplated, but these tests are being conducted so that when it becomes necessary to procure an additional supply full and complete data concerning the best type will be immediately available. Similar tests are also being made of the compass for field use. Such precaution is one of the ways the Infantry Board and other branches of the Army are preparing now to guard against extravagant expenditure of money in case an emergency should arise. The following issue of field glasses has been approved by the War Department and will be included in War Department Circular No. 80 as it is now being revised. No field glasses are issued to commissioned officers. In time of peace the issue will not exceed six to brigade headquarters, six to regimental headquarters, four to battalion headquarters, four to rifle companies, six to machine gun companies and six to howitzer companies. Brigade Headquarters, one per non-commissioned officer; Regimental Headquarters, three to intelligence platoon and one per sergeant and corporal in visual section; Battalion Headquarters, one per non-commissioned officer and two to visual section; Rifle Company, one per sergeant except mess and supply sergeants and company clerk; Machine Gun Company, one per non-commissioned officer except supply and stable sergeants, transport corporals and company clerk; Howitzer Company, one per non-commissioned officer except mess and supply sergeants, transport and ammunition corporals and company clerk.

The Hour Glass, Organ of the 7th Division.

The Hour Glass, published weekly at Camp Meade as the organ of the 7th Division, is the latest soldier publication to make its appearance. With Lieut. Col. Ode C. Nichols, 6th Inf., as editor; Lieut. John Gibson, 34th Inf., associate editor, and Pvt. John H. Shaw, of the same regiment, as business manager, the first number, full of "snap" as it is, gives every indication that its career will be successful and a long one. The news of the camp in particular and of the Army in general is thoroughly and well covered, while the number of advertisements of concerns and individuals is large—always an indication of success. In an editorial the announcement is made that the new publication "first, hopes to be helpful; second, we hope to be interesting; third, we hope to be amusing." May these hopes be realized.

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EMERGENCY APPOINTMENTS TO REGULAR ARMY END.

With the confirmation of appointments in the Army made as a result of the examinations of July and October, 1920, of officers who held emergency commissions during the war, and the final approval of the promotion list, appointments of emergency officers to the Army are at an end, except as they might qualify under the provisions of Sec. 24e, to take the examination to be held from April 25 to April 30 for appointment in the grade of second lieutenant. The law relative to appointment as second lieutenant requires that the applicant shall be a warrant officer or enlisted man of the Regular Army between the ages of twenty-one and thirty years, who shall have had two years' service; or a Reserve officer, or an officer, warrant officer or enlisted man of the National Guard, or a member of the Enlisted Reserve Corps, or a graduate of a technical institution approved by the Secretary of War, between twenty-one and thirty

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SHORTAGE OF NAVY PERSONNEL.

During the debate on the Naval Appropriation bill for the fiscal year 1922 in the Senate, before the 66th Congress came to its end, it appeared that there was a prospect of the Senate and the House coming to a compromise on an enlisted personnel for the Navy of not less than 110,000 men, a figure midway between the strength fixed by the House and that recommended by the Senate Committee on Naval Affairs. Recent reports heard in Washington indicate that members of the House who are committed to national economy have expressed themselves as being absolutely opposed to an increase of appropriations beyond that already fixed by the House in the bill for 1922, which was for 100,000 men. Press dispatches have expressed the fear that the House may be disposed still further to reduce this figure.

It has been shown again and again that economy as practiced by Congress causes bewilderment in the mind of the average man. This emotion must be awakened again by the spectacle presented of such a contemplated action as reducing the enlisted personnel of the Navy to a point where the keeping in commission of "a fairly well-rounded fleet," to use the words of a statement presented to the Senate Committee on Naval Affairs by Admiral R. E. Coontz, Chief of Operations, at the hearing of the committee on Feb. 18, would be an impossibility. This statement was inserted in the record of the hearing at the suggestion of Senator Swanson, who said it was his belief that instead of discussing the Navy enlisted personnel from the viewpoint of taking 110,000 or 120,000 men and then fitting them to the ships, "the better way is to take the ships that you think ought to constitute your active Navy and then furnish the men required to equip them in good shape." The table submitted by Admiral Coontz shows that 79,864 men would be necessary for the "operating forces on basis of 120,000 men, with 80,000 available for seagoing vessels." This would include twenty-seven categories of vessels in full commission on July 1, 1921, comprising fifteen battleships, first line (including U.S.S. California), requiring 10,789 men; two battleships, first line (reduced complements for flagship duty other than with battle force), 1,800 men; eight cruisers (miscellaneous), 3,422 men; 122 destroyers, first line, 13,908 men; 87 submarines, 2,562 men; seven destroyer tenders, 3,298 men; five submarine tenders, 1,413 men; five shore-based submarine tenders, 2,181 men; two repair ships, 977 men; two hospital ships, 570 men; six storeships, 1,034 men; two auxiliaries (target repair), 182 men; one auxiliary (radio repair), 120 men; two aircraft tenders, 686 men; one aircraft carrier (not yet commissioned); two mine layers, 698 men; thirty-five mine sweepers and fleet tugs (twelve for use with mine force), 1,818 men; nine colliers, 1,000 men; eleven oilers, 1,166 men; six transports and cargo ships, 1,118 men; two ammunition ships, 438 men; fleet aviation detachment, 1,180 men; flag complement, 1,111 men; nineteen patrol craft, 2,991 men; two auxiliaries (survey ships), 360 men; two fish commission ships, 125 men; thirteen special duty craft (by stations), 821 men. With these would be included in reserve or reduced commission on July 1, 1921: One experimental ship (Ohio), 600 men; six battleships, second line (for midshipmen's practice cruise), 3,600 men; twenty-two submarines (training and reserve complements), 129 men; nineteen Eagle boats, (25 men each), 475 men; eighteen mine sweepers (25 men each), 450 men; and 176 destroyers, first line (50 per cent complements), 9,831 men.

The official "comment" made on this statement reads: "Above table represents a fairly well-rounded fleet. It does not provide as adequately as is desirable for new construction due for completion during the year and precludes the possibility of our developing destroyer tactics to the extent planned with the Navy at full legal strength, 143,000 men. It naturally affects the essential shore activities of the Navy, such as aviation and radio communication, for which restricted provision only can be made on account of the reduction of men from a total of 143,000 to 120,000. It will be necessary to place out of commission during the year two battleships, first line, four battleships, second line, and certain cruisers in order to provide for the two battleships, first line, Maryland and Colorado, and the light cruisers, first line, and other vessels now under construction. It will become essential, also, during the course of the fiscal year, to take over from the builders and man twenty-nine submarines and to provide facilities for these vessels in the shape of tenders to the extent of a total personnel of 1,805, for submarines and tenders combined. This may force certain destroyers out of commission. The following vessels, among many others of a lesser military value, will be out of commission at the end of the fiscal year: Two battleships, first line; seventeen battleships, second line; six cruisers, second line; three light cruisers, second line; twenty-one destroyers, second line." Admiral Coontz furnished another table showing the

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years of age. Emphasis is laid on the fact that appointments of emergency officers are at an end because inquiries as to their chances of now getting appointments in the Regular Army have been coming from various sections in behalf of men who took the examinations in July and October last year and who for various reasons were compelled to decline appointment. It may be said that there is no longer any possibility of such a man receiving an appointment under Sec. 24, but that his one chance to get a commission in the Army is by taking the April examination for second lieutenant, providing he meets the requirements of Sec. 24 as outlined above and can qualify.

ARMY PROMOTION COMMISSIONS BEING SENT OUT.

The Officer Personnel Division, The Adjutant General's Office, is sending out the commissions of officers promoted in the Regular Army. Promotions are being made in all casual vacancies down to Nov. 23, 1920, in the field grades, but not below, this date being set because of the unsettled cases of officers separated from the Army by operation of classification under the Army Reorganization act of June 4, 1920, which are now in court for adjudication. Promotions in the grade of captain of date later than July 1, 1920, are also held up pending adjustment of certain cases which would get the July 1, 1920, date of rank if approved. It is stated at the War Department that adjustment in the latter case will probably not be reached for several months.

PROMOTION LIST PAMPHLET SOON TO BE ISSUED.

The printed pamphlet containing the promotion list of the Regular Army will not be ready for issue until after April 1. The page proofs are now in process of revision in the War Department. A copy of the pamphlet is to be sent to every officer in the Army.

ILLEGAL WEARING OF INSIGNIA A CRIME.

The Fox bill introduced in the New York State Legislature making the unauthorized wearing of a badge or button of the American Legion or other military orders a misdemeanor became a law on March 10 with the signature of Governor Miller.

operating forces on a basis of 100,000 men with 60,000 men on seagoing vessels which illustrates the extent of the harm that would be done to the Service if Congress carries out its present reported plan of reducing the enlisted personnel to 100,000 men, to say nothing of any further reduction. This table gives a total of 59,982 men. The official "comment" reads: "Above table contemplates as out of commission the following valuable units: Two battleships, first line; three light cruisers; 218 destroyers, first line; three destroyer tenders. While effort is made to maintain vessels out of commission in satisfactory condition, it must be recognized that such vessels are subject to rapid deterioration, and the keeping out of commission of so large a number of practically new destroyers, with the strain it will place on navy yard facilities, can be regarded as little less than disastrous to the material efficiency of the vessels. As men are obtained, as many of these destroyers as possible will be recommissioned in reserve, with half-complements on board. All told, they require for maintenance in reserve, with fifty per cent. complements, a total of 12,225 men."

It is to be remarked in the tables showing the original and present complements of many of the ships in the Fleet that there has been a considerable increase in their numbers. This is explained by the statement that: "The basic reason for the increase in complements of ships at present over original complements lies in the increase of fire control and radio appliances and in the lessons of the World War. Battleship radio stations have increased from one to five stations. The development of aviation has required the installation and consequent manning of additional guns on all fighting ships. The lessons of the World War taught conclusively that all guns must be manned in battle, including the secondary battery guns on both broadsides. (It was customary before the war to provide men only for one broadside of the secondary and intermediate guns.) Certain of the auxiliary ships are shown with the original complements which they had under different operating conditions; for instance, the Prometheus and Vestal were originally colliers with a small collier complement, while now they are fleet repair ships with a large mechanical force aboard."

The above two technical comments show that to place 218 destroyers alone out of commission "can be regarded as little less than disastrous to the material efficiency of the vessels," and that to cut down the personnel of the fighting ships of the Fleet is to throw away all the lessons learned at the cost of the World War. If Congress is prepared to go as far as this it must be prepared to take the blame and the people of the country must also be ready to accept the responsibility if the Navy as a whole deteriorates. For neither Congress nor the people can then declare that they were not informed as to what would be the material outcome of reducing the enlisted personnel of the Navy to a strength of 100,000 men or less.

MAKING AN UNWORKABLE ORGANIZATION GO.

The Accomplishment in Naval Aviation.

In face of the distribution of the activities of aviation in the Navy among a dozen divisions of the bureaus in the Navy Department commendable progress has been made in Navy aviation. For in spite of an unworkable organization progress has been accomplished because of the splendid spirit of co-operation in the bureaus and because of the effort put forth in the office of Naval Operations. Still the need of an organization which will function properly is pressing, particularly because of the steady advance of aviation, and in the new Congress effort will be made early to secure authorization for the establishing of Bureau of Aeronautics, which is strongly favored by the Chief of Naval Operations, the Naval War College, the House Committee on Naval Affairs, the National Advisory Committee on Aeronautics and the chiefs of bureau in the Navy Department. Organization of a Bureau of Aeronautics will not require great changes in the Navy Department and no change outside of it. It will, in fact, save much money by bringing about greater efficiency in the administration of aviation. Organization of the bureau will not mean a change of status or promotion of aviators. It simply means that the Navy will have the opportunity to form a workable departmental organization for aviation.

For three years prior to 1914 naval aviation was handled as a matter of experimentation in the Bureau of Navigation. When the United States entered the war aviation, for want of a better place to put it, was transferred to the Office of Naval Operations. In its infancy aviation prospered as a division in that office, but after the armistice the division was abolished and the activities scattered among the bureaus, with the Director of Naval Aviation merely a liaison officer between these various activities. The original divisional organization, however, has been outgrown by the advancing importance of the Air Service of the Navy to the extent that a bureau organization is recognized as absolutely necessary. At present aeronautical activities are distributed among a dozen or so divisions. The Bureau of Construction and Repair has entire cognizance of the hull and wings of airplanes; the Bureau of Engineering has cognizance of the motor; the Bureau of Navigation has cognizance of some of the instruments and absolute control of the personnel, and so it is with other bureaus. The Director of Aviation has no control whatever of any of these vital activities.

Without enactment of law the least illogical division of the Navy Department in which to place aviation was in the Office of Naval Operations. Now, this office had three main divisions—material, ships' movements, and planning—and the least illogical of these three divisions in which to establish aviation was in the planning division. The Director of Naval Aviation has been, therefore, simply the senior member of a sub-section for aviation of the planning division in the Office of Naval Operations. He has had no executive or administrative power whatever, but has been invested with authority for planning only. There is, therefore, no one on whom can be placed the responsibility for the progress and efficiency of naval aviation, and there is no Navy officer who has the authority to control the various parts of aviation in the different bureaus. Since the Director of Aviation reports to the Chief of Naval Operations, the latter is theoretically held responsible for aviation affairs. But his duties as senior officer of the Navy and his responsibility for all naval operations and war plans leaves him little time for the affairs of aviation. Thus the situation has been hopeless, yet, as has been said, great credit is due to the Chief of Naval Operations for making an unworkable scheme function. The forming of a Bureau of Aeronautics would simply mean the bringing together into one office of the aviation personnel under one officer who could direct and co-ordinate their efforts. The chief would then have cognizance of the whole field of aviation and would be held responsible for its efficiency and progress. The existing machinery of the Navy Department would unquestionably be utilized more economically and more efficiently by the co-ordinating of aviation effort which the new bureau would be able to bring about. No serious opposition to the plan to establish a Bureau of Aeronautics has developed in any direction and the law would have been enacted at the final session of the 66th Congress but for the congestion of legislative matters due to the situation relative to the appropriation bills.

ARMY UNIFORM STANDARD RESUMED.

Laxity Allowed Following Armistice at End.

The resumption of regulations and specifications for the Army uniform and the regulations governing the wear of the uniform prescribed in Special Regulations Nos. 41 and 42, W.D., 1917, as changed, was directed by Secretary of War Weeks on March 18. The order directed that Circular No. 85, W.D., Feb. 19, 1919, be rescinded and the Service notified, and that hereafter the provisions of the Uniform Regulations will be strictly complied with. More than two years have elapsed since the War Department countenanced laxity in conforming to the Uniform Regulations for the reason that it was not desired to work hardship shortly after the war by requiring abandonment of articles of clothing purchased in good faith in time of urgent necessity. Secretary Weeks has come to the conclusion that two years' wear should have rendered such unauthorized clothing unfit for further use, so that on the ground of expense to the officers of the Army there was no further reason to countenance the varieties of articles of the uniform apparent in Washington, particularly. The order requiring the standard uniform, it was said in Army circles, would affect only those officers who have adopted certain modifications that appealed to their own view of what the uniform ought to be, and these officers are said to compose a small group.

In requiring strict compliance with the Uniform Regulations the Secretary of War issued an edict which will cause the abandonment of the "swagger" English-cut coat with its long skirt, slit in the back, and large bellows pockets, which has tended to confuse the uniform with that of the British or some other foreign army. The breeches of different material and color from that of the coat and of exaggerated cut, also much affected in the last two years, will have to be discarded. The uniform overcoat, of which so many varying types have been worn, with and without fur collar, and of lengths comparing with the oldtime "pea jacket" and the ankle-length ulster, will now be of standard cut, with collar buttoning close to the neck and without lapels, and the length must be from one to ten inches below the knee. Trench coats with flaring tails, fur lined coats, leather coats and short moleskin coats are hereafter in the discard. Boots and shoes and leggings, in which "style" has been predominant, and which presented many difficulties, must return to normal and conform strictly with regulations. Laxity in dress, the wearing of soiled or torn uniforms, combinations of uniforms and civilian clothing, unbuttoned coats and overcoats, constitute for officers and men in the Service entirely a question of discipline and will be treated as such.

In Washington the disparity in uniforms worn by officers on duty in the War Department has very largely disappeared except as to overcoats and raincoats. During the winter any group of officers met in the streets might present as many different styles and cuts of overcoats as there were numbers in the group, but the most glaring exaggeration was the "pea jacket," approximating a bright yellow rather than olive drab and with a lambs-wool collar thick enough for Arctic wear, a coat very much affected by junior officers. Until a standard raincoat is adopted, a rainy day in Washington will continue to bring on display everything in a rain-shedding garment from the poncho to the smartly-cut raincoat which is an exact reproduction of the regulation overcoat. Officers recently from overseas are apt to comment on the appearance of the uniform worn in Washington because of the disparity between them and the excellently uni-

formed officers and men of the American Forces in Germany. It has been remarked that every officer who has seen these forces is enthusiastic in his admiration of their uniforms and equipment. As one officer said: "Those officers and men are smartly clad in uniforms which are exactly alike in cut, fit and color. They look like the soldier, and they are soldiers. That American Force when it comes home ought to prove an object lesson and be the greatest influence against laxity in dress and deportment to the officers and men of the Army on duty in the United States."

LIMITED RECRUITING IN THE NAVY.

Limited recruiting of men for certain ratings on first enlistment was resumed in the Navy on March 10 in order to fill vacancies in these ratings, which had almost become depleted. In addition re-enlistment was extended beyond the confines of men who had had continuous service, which had been the rule since the recruiting stop order was issued in December. As a result of this limited acceptance for enlistment the week ending March 17 shows total first enlistments of 224, re-enlistments seventy-five, extensions three, a total of 302, and a gain of 251 over the previous week. Up to March 10 re-enlistments in the Navy had dropped to an average of approximately fifty-five a week. The psychological as well as practical effect of the stop-order is strikingly illustrated by the fact that where it was certain that the Navy would attain its authorized strength of 143,396 by March 1, if the pace of last November were maintained, the actual strength of the Navy on March 21 was 120,922, including 902 Reservists on active duty, and 1,319 prisoners, etc. The falling off in enlisted strength was at an average of about 2,250 a week. The Marine Corps was suffering an average of about 115 separations a week. Recruiting officers declare that the former pace will not again be possible to attain because industrial conditions appear to be improving and in the middle and western states the opening of agricultural operations is making for the employment of thousands of men who ordinarily are attracted to Army and Navy life.

RECOGNITION OF MAJOR GEN. HUNTER LIGGETT.

The commissioned personnel of the Army will be gratified to know that Secretary of War Weeks has stated he will recommend that Congress make possible the appointment of Major Gen. Hunter Liggett, U.S.A., to the rank of lieutenant general on the retired list. The Secretary, in discussing his intention on March 22, said that this reward should be extended to General Liggett for his great service in the World War and that he could see no reason why there should be any opposition to providing for the proposed appointment. "It would be unwise to refuse that commendation to an officer who commanded 1,000,000 men so successfully," said the Secretary. "Every one of the European nations with which we were associated in the war has rewarded its high commanding officers and it is an example which we should follow. The cost to the country is negligible. It is a matter of justice that General Liggett be similarly honored." Mr. Weeks said on March 22 that no action had been taken to fill the vacancy in the ranks of the major generals created by the retirement of General Liggett. He said a name probably would be added to the list of general officers that he intends to send to the Senate, and at the same time an announcement would be made of the new commander for the 9th Corps Area, which General Liggett commanded until his retirement.

RECRUITING IN MARINE CORPS RESUMED.

Recruiting has been resumed in the Marine Corps with the purpose of keeping the enlisted strength up to 22,000 until June 30, as appropriation for this strength is available. When the Marine Corps ceased recruiting, it provided that re-enlistments could only be made from members of the corps, and enlisted personnel of the Army and Navy were not allowed to transfer on completion of their contracts in these Services. This restriction, and the fact that the Marine Corps has been weeding out boys under age, those who had dependents and others who were undesirable, resulted in a sudden falling off in enlisted strength. Re-enlistments also dropped to an average of thirty a week. In the Navy the average is only about sixty a week at this time. Enlistment in the Marine Corps will be for three or four years, and no young man will be accepted for enlistment as an apprentice. The minimum age will be twenty years, height not less than sixty-five inches, and weight not less than 130 pounds. Only those men from the Army or the Navy who are exceptionally desirable will be accepted and illiterates are absolutely barred. No quotas have been assigned to the various recruiting divisions, but quotas will be assigned for the month of April, May and June.

PROMOTED ARMY OFFICERS AND BACK PAY.

Many Army officers have been anxious to know how they stood with respect to drawing back pay in case they were promoted to fill a vacancy in the past, but were not confirmed in such grade until recently. As to this the Finance Department announces: "An officer who was commissioned in the Regular Army prior to July 1, 1920, and promoted to fill a vacancy existing July 1, 1920, is entitled to difference in pay from date of vacancy. In the case of an emergency officer who accepted commission in the Regular Army subsequent to July 1, 1920, a promotion with rank from July 1 would be effective for pay purposes only from date of acceptance of original commission in the Regular Army."

MARINE CORPS APPOINTMENTS.

Permanent Commissions for Temporary Officers.

Long-looked-for appointments to permanent commission in the Marine Corps are announced this week for 747 temporary commissioned and twenty temporary warrant officers. These comprise appointments in grades as follows: Captains, 218; first lieutenants, 276; second lieutenants, 233; warrant officers, 20. These officers, who served as temporary officers in the U.S. Marine Corps in the World War have been permanently commissioned as a result of the approved action of a special selection board, headed by Major Gen. Wendell C. Neville, U.S.M.C. The selection board had been in session more than six months and each of its members personally examined the records of all candidates. The work has been done with an eye single to selecting the best possible material to fill the vacancies in the commissioned grades of the Marine Corps, and that the approved report of the board's deliberations will meet unanimous approval of the officers and enlisted men is a natural expectation. Since nearly three-fourths of the commissioned strength of the Marine Corps will be affected by the board's decisions, and as the future efficiency of the corps depends to a large degree upon the wisdom of the selections, the greatest care was exercised in determining the personnel of the board with a view to selecting officers of known ability and of knowledge and close acquaintance with the younger officers of the corps. In addition to General Neville, the members of the board were Brig. Gens. Smedley D. Butler and Harry Lee, Col. Rufus H. Lane and Frederic L. Bradman, Lieut. Col. H. C. Snyder and J. W. Wadeigh, with Major Jesse F. Dyer, recorder.

Authorization for filling the existing vacancies in the permanent authorized strength of the Marine Corps was contained in the act of June 4, 1920. Under the terms of this act the board was enabled to select any man who had served as an officer in the Marine Corps during the World War, whether he was still acting as a temporary officer or whether he had resigned at the close of hostilities. The policy was adopted by the board of using as a basis for selection a list of all candidates for commission arranged in order of date of original commission as temporary officers. From their position on this list candidates might be moved up or down only by unanimous vote of the members of the board. As a basis for change in the position of officers on this list a comprehensive system of marking was instituted by which a man who had especially distinguished himself in battle was credited with an appropriate mark, and might be rewarded by being placed higher on the list as his marking justified, or a man who had fallen short in the qualifications required of a captain or first lieutenant might be retained in the list in a lower grade. As a result, men who were tried in battle and distinguished themselves especially, winning decorations and letters of commendation, were awarded in each grade the highest numbers it was in the power of the board to bestow. Thus the leading captain is Leroy P. Hunt, winner of the Distinguished Service Cross and the Navy Cross, who commanded first a company and later, as temporary major, was second in command of a battalion in the historic crossing of the Meuse river on the eve of the armistice. Following him is Clifton B. Cates, winner of two D.S.C. and known throughout the A.E.F. for his daring and qualities of leadership. After these are a score almost equally distinguished, winners of D.S.C. and other decorations awarded by the United States and Allied governments. In the grades of first and second lieutenant the same procedure was followed. The candidate ranked first among the second lieutenants is Louis Cukela, winner of a Congressional Medal of Honor, and many other decorations, and in both junior grades the leading names are those of men who won signal honor for themselves and the Marine Corps in the World War.

The recognition bestowed upon former non-commissioned officers by the board is an outstanding feature. These men have grown gray in the wars and campaigns of the Marine Corps in all quarters of the globe. Of the total of 219 selections for commission as captains 122 were former non-commissioned officers who had served as temporary officers in the war. Of the 276 first lieutenants, 187 were former non-commissioned officers, and of the 233 second lieutenants, 180 were former enlisted men. Of interest also was the action of the board in connection with Capt. George W. Hamilton, who served in the war as a temporary major, commanding a battalion of the 5th Marine Regiment, 2d Division, with distinction. After the armistice Captain Hamilton resigned his commission and went into business, but later made application for reinstatement. By action of the board he is reinstated as a permanent captain next junior to Capt. Lyle Miller on the lineal list. The complete list of the new permanently commissioned officers is as follows:

Appointed as Captains.

- Hunt, Leroy P.
- Cates, Clifton B.
- Fay, John H.
- Moseley, Gaines
- Hornbeak, Charles
- Sherpherd, Louie C.
- Whitehead, Frank
- Wiggins, Howell
- Blake, Robert
- Noble, Alfred H.
- Robertson, James F.
- Murray, Charles I.
- Cornell, Percy D.
- Platt, Jonas H.
- Kelly, Francis J., Jr.
- Cunningham, Samuel G.
- Harvin, Gilder D., Jr.
- Hale, Augustus B.
- Curtis, Thomas J.
- Turner, Arthur H.
- Moriarity, James F.
- Conachy, Peter
- Williams, Robert E.
- Galliford, Walter T. H.
- Patchen, Fred G.
- McCauley, Edwin P.
- Erskine, Graves B.
- McNels, James A.
- Jones, Louis B.
- Croka, William B.
- Yowell, Robert
- Ashurst, William W.
- Mulcahy, Francis P.
- Coffenberg, Bailey M.
- Kalbfusseis, Edward D.
- Montague, Robert M.
- Kierer, Francis S.
- Beattie, William F.
- Hine, Oliver G.
- Crosson, William J.
- Campbell, Daniel E.
- Holmes, Maurice G.
- Batts, James E.
- Woodworth, Wethered
- Webb, James W.
- Tildsley, John M.
- Woods, Louis E.
- Marshall, William McN.
- Scott, George H.
- Collier, Eugene F. C.
- Amer, Fred O.
- Davis, William H.
- Hart, Franklin A.
- Adams, George F.
- Spotts, George W.
- Skinner, Bennett W.
- Burke, Jessie J.
- Crabbie, William L.
- Gale, Thomas B.
- Hannix, Field
- Jones, Charles M.
- Gover, Lewis L.
- Sinick, Roy C.
- De Leon, Leon L.
- Wright, Lee W.
- Price, Reuben B.
- Dosane, George P.
- Green, Walter J.
- Reich, James E.
- Schmidt, Carl S.
- Ubel, Charles
- St. Clair, Charles C.
- Walker, John
- Pelletier, Eugene L.
- Salsman, Otto
- Shurtliff, Harry V.
- Pierces, Francis E.
- Gamble, Harry W.
- Melville, Leslie W.
- Arnett, Boos
- Cushing, Francis G.
- Eickmann, Charles L.
- Gulfoyle, Patrick W.
- Becker, Frank Z.
- Landon, Nathan E.
- Mulhaly, Eugene L.
- Wariner, Lodes R.
- Brown, Oakley E.
- Glacken, Lee G.
- Horn, Lee F. S.
- McCorckle, James E.
- Batts, Maurice A.
- Elsworth, Harry A.
- Habbs, Charles B.

- Barnaby, Warren C.
- Gregory, Maurice C.
- Biedel, Gustav F.
- Dwight, Thomas
- Haley, John J.
- Wooding, Walter
- Creamer, Frank D.
- Mills, William
- Maxwell, Robert W.
- Thalheimer, William F.
- Fogg, Benjamin F.
- Cobb, Howell
- Joyce, Thomas F.
- Grimm, Charles
- Brown, William F.
- Lewis, Augustus T.
- Williams, Robert W.
- Stout, Arthur J.
- Creasy, Andrew E.
- Page, Arthur H.
- Curtis, Donald
- Perkins, Jesse L.
- McClure, Clarence N.
- Kearney, Michael
- Holt, Edward H. W.
- Broadstrom, Broc G.
- Wilson, Angus
- Spencer, Ery M.
- Smith, James P.
- Shaver, Frank E.
- Shaver, Norman M.
- Duffy, John F.
- McDonald, John A.
- Medary, Clarence H.
- Drew, Stephen P.
- Huefe, Edward G.
- McGann, James H.
- Snow, James E.
- Martin, Hans O.
- Dagler, Alvin J.
- Hughes, Louis J.
- Augustus Merrill, William
- Johnson, Joseph
- Nichols, Earl C.
- Kelleher, Martin J.
- Canavan, Martin
- Swinnerton, Joseph M.
- Way, Leslie G.
- Farquharson, Archie
- Winter, Robert W.
- Cole, Glen C.
- Cox, Max
- Lott, Charles M.
- Presley, Russell A.
- Russell, Ernest L.
- Becker, William F.
- Marlin, Charles H.
- Klemast, Charles F.
- Hammond, Earl B.
- Holland, Timothy J.
- Saffron, Charles D.
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- Cobb, Howell
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- Saffron, Charles D.
- Archibald, Robert J.
- Barnaby, Warren C.
- Gregory, Maurice C.
- Biedel, Gustav F.
- Dwight, Thomas
- Haley, John J

289. Burke, Arthur J.
240. Yeager, Stanley L.
241. Watts, Brent S.
242. Harney, Melachi L.
243. Stump, John S.
244. Monahan, James S.
245. Cummings, Francis M.
246. Felt, Howard N.
247. Graves, Walter W.
248. Bemis, John A.
249. Buchanan, George V.
250. Gervais, Louis
251. Bachstein, Harry S.
252. Larkin, De Vere O.
253. Hanson, Raymond W.

- Appointed as Warrant Officers.*
1. Mueller, John W.
2. Betherman, Harold H.
3. Lueders, Fred
4. Perry, William R.
5. Ouvrette, Harry H.
6. Evans, John F.
7. Jeter, Ray W.
8. Finger, Charles F.
9. Robinson, William S.
10. Erdman, William L.
11. Diskin, James W.
12. Carroll, Charles C.
13. Johnston, Norman
14. Crawford, William T.
15. Hill, Charles P.
16. Wald, Charles
17. Aitken, William R.
18. Folger, Lester N.
19. Makinson, Jacob
20. Moore, Harry C.

OFFICERS' RESERVE CORPS NOTES.

Program for Utilizing O.R.C. Members.

First steps in the direction of activity for the Officers' Reserve Corps are now under way in the War Department and administrative measures will be adopted soon of interest to the members of the corps who, through the long months of inactivity, have been restless because there was no assurance emanating from official channels that the interests of the corps had any place in the Army reorganization. Corps area and department commanders will be furnished lists of all members of the Officers' Reserve Corps residing in their areas or departments. These lists are for the use of the commanding generals in taking the necessary steps toward compliance with the requirements of the organization and training of the Reserve Corps, which will be effective on the issue of regulations for the O.R.C., shortly to come from the press. This first step relative to the corps is in compliance with the organization of the components of the Army as set forth in Sec. 3, Army Reorganization act of June 4, 1920. It is explained at the War Department that action which would have bestirred activity in the Officers' Reserve Corps had to be slow because of the requirements of the law. The process of formulating the regulations in the committees of the General Staff composed of Reserve and Regular Army officers has been a long one, but this work has been completed, the tentative regulations submitted for review and revision and final approval have only now been possible. On publication of these regulations Reserve officers will have a better understanding of their obligations, duties and privileges, and it is hoped that this information will serve to check the disposition of members of the corps to resign.

R.O.T.C. Graduates for Reserve Corps.

Judging from the number of applications received in the War Department from young men attending educational institutions which maintain R.O.T.C. units, and who expect to graduate this year, approximately 1,300 will be commissioned in the O.R.C. before July 1. Tenders of commissions to prospective graduates are being sent out at this time. If a man qualifies for appointment in the O.R.C. and declines he will be furnished a certificate of qualification on which he will be granted a commission at any time he applies for it and takes the necessary physical examination, within five years. Where a graduate is under twenty-one years old he will be furnished a certificate of qualification for a commission in the O.R.C. on reaching his majority. This certificate will also run for five years from date of issue. As the War Department is placing considerable dependence upon the graduates of R.O.T.C. units for high grade officer material for the junior grades, much gratification is expressed because of the promise of a large influx of these graduates from the units to the O.R.C. this year.

Field Artillery R.O. Ammunition Allowance.

Ammunition allowance for instruction of Field Artillery Reserve officers has been amended by adding the following to Special Regulations No. 32: The following expenditure of ammunition is authorized for each officer of the Field Artillery Section, O.R.C., who may be attached to an organization of the Regular Army for target practice: Sixty rounds shrapnel 75-mm.; forty rounds shell 75-mm. or fifty rounds shrapnel 155-mm. howitzer (shell if shrapnel is unavailable), depending upon the armament of the organization to which he may be attached. This allowance is authorized for the calendar year 1921 only and the expenditure of this ammunition will be preceded when practicable by sufficient smoke bomb or terrain board practice to indicate to the officer supervising the instruction firing that the use of this ammunition is justified in each particular case.

NATIONAL GUARD NOTES.

Status of Surplus N.G. Officers.

Instructions relative to the retention on active duty status of National Guard officers rendered surplus by reorganization have been sent to the adjutants general of all states and territories and the District of Columbia Militia, as follows:

"Officers of the National Guard units Federally recognized prior to March 1, 1921, and rendered surplus through the reorganization of such units under tables of organization, 1921, will be retained on active duty status as additional officers in such units until absorbed through vacancy or the annual expansion of the National Guard required under Sec. 62, National Defense act, approved June 3, 1916. Additional officers not absorbed as herein provided by June 30, 1923, will be transferred to the National Guard Reserve."

This authority was based upon representations made by Brig. Gen. Jesse M. Carter, U.S.A., Chief of Militia Bureau, that the number of surplus officers would aggregate less than 100. In making this estimate the Militia Bureau counted upon the complete co-operation of the state authorities toward providing vacancies wherever possible for the surplus officers under their jurisdiction, either through the elimination of officers whose services have not been satisfactory or by transfer of commissioned personnel among their National Guard units, or by holding places for such surplus officers when new units are being formed. If vacancies are not found by June 30, 1923, the surplus officers are to be placed in the National Guard Reserve. The instructions apply to those officers rendered surplus through the elimination of positions formerly held by them in the organization or by a reduction in the number of officers prescribed for a unit. There is no warrant under this authority for carrying an officer on the active list at a rank higher than that pre-

scribed for his position under the new tables of organization. For example, a battalion adjutant of an Engineer regiment was formerly carried as a captain while under the 1921 tables this position is now filled by a first lieutenant. This authority does not warrant carrying such a battalion adjutant in the grade of captain because he has been recognized in that grade. He must become a first lieutenant if he remains as battalion adjutant or a vacancy must be found for him as a captain. In several states the conversions of units to conform to new tables of organization are not being carried out as prescribed by the Militia Bureau. In this connection attention has been invited to the provisions of Secs. 60 and 116 of the National Defense act.

Appropriations of States for N.G.

Reports reaching the Militia Bureau concerning appropriation of funds for the support of the National Guard by the various state legislatures are gratifying. The legislature of Indiana accepted without change the estimates submitted, and those interested in the National Guard in Washington express satisfaction over the provisions made for the coming year in that state. In fact it seems that there is a very favorable sentiment throughout the country with respect to this component of the Army of the United States. The sentiment is perhaps embodied in a recent statement of Brig. Gen. C. I. Martin, of Kansas, president of the Adjutants General Association: "We don't want war, but if it comes we are going to be prepared for it."

N.G. Regulations and Disbursements.

On the invitation of the War Department, through the Militia Bureau requesting five states to send representatives of the National Guard to Washington to confer with the War Department General Staff, in regard to compilation of regulation affecting the National Guard with respect to the handling of U.S. property and the disbursements of funds, Maryland, Texas, New York and Pennsylvania responded. Wisconsin was requested to send a disbursing officer, but failed to comply. Major Louis C. Wilson, Q.M.C., represented the Militia Bureau at the conference. It is believed this cooperation will be of material assistance to the committee charged with the drafting of Regulations of the National Guard on the subject of U.S. property and the disbursement of funds.

"Rifle Marksmanship" Published.

Document 1021, War Department, entitled "Rifle Marksmanship," has been published for the guidance of the Regular Army and the National Guard, effective Jan. 1, 1921. This publication will supersede the Small Arms Firing Manual so far as rifle practice is concerned, but the latter will govern pistol practice until the issue of Pistol Marksmanship. State adjutants general will obtain their allotment of this publication by making requisition through regular channels.

N.G. to Turn in Certain Watches.

Organizations of the National Guard have been requested to turn in to the War Department the following types of watches since they have been eliminated as articles of issue in time of peace: Watches with fifteen to twenty-one jewels and those equal to the Ingersoll, cheapest grade, as prescribed in Circular 152, W.D., 1920; pocket watches with luminous hands and numbers, water and dustproof, gun metal cases with non-breakable crystal, Waltham movement, or equal as prescribed in Circulars 178 and 179, W.D., 1920, also wrist watches prescribed in the same circulars, having luminous hands and numbers with wristlets. They should be sent to the commanding officer, Frankford Arsenal, and the Militia Bureau advised as to the kind and number returned and the date of shipment.

ARMY PROMOTION LIST NUMBERS.

The following statement shows the promotion list numbers corresponding to the actual or constructive dates of original commissions in the Regular Army. It has been prepared in the Register Section, Officers' Division of The Adjutant General's Office, and is stated to be officially correct. Officers of the Regular Army will doubtless find this statement of interest.

On the promotion list the junior officer in each grade is as follows: Col. William B. Forsyth, Cav., No. 345; lieutenant colonel, Arthur J. Lynch, Q.M.C., No. 1065; major, Paul T. Bock, Corps of Engrs., No. 3395; captain, W. J. Ungethun, Inf., No. 7333. The statement is appended:

Actual or constructive dates of original commissions—numbers on promotion list.

- 1890—1. 1891—2 to 6; 46. 1892—7 to 31. 1893—32 to 45; 47 to 52. 1894—53 to 85. 98. 1895—86 to 97; 99 to 115; 134. 1896—116 to 133; 135 to 154. 1897—155 to 206.
1898, April 26—207 to 245.
1898, May and June—246 to 284; 345, 346, 377, 451, 491; 493 to 500; 510, 511, 609, 610, 641, 819.
1898, July—286 to 344; 347 to 362; 368, 384; 452 to 454; 512, 914.
1898, August to December—363 to 367; 369 to 376; 378 to 383; 385, 420, 437, 440; 455 to 464; 501 to 513; 528; 525, 537; 570 to 583; 557 to 590; 608, 612, 642, 659, 681, 684, 685; 820 to 830; 847; 898 to 900; 938.
1899—368 to 409; 411 to 419; 421 to 436; 438; 441 to 455; 465 to 490; 492; 502 to 509; 524; 536; 538 to 569; 584, 586; 591 to 606; 611, 613 to 640; 648 to 657; 682, 683; 686 to 734; 736 to 789; 744, 749, 750; 789 to 798; 831 to 835; 837 to 846; 848 to 871; 874, 875, 877, 879, 890, 896, 901, 905; 907 to 913; 915 to 929; 946, 958, 977.
1900—607, 658, 735; 740 to 748; 745 to 748; 751 to 765; 767 to 788; 799 to 818; 836 C, 872, 873, 876, 878; 880 to 889; 891 to 895; 897, 902, 903, 906; 920 to 922 C; 934 to 945; 947 to 964; 969 to 972; 978 to 988; 1001, 1012 C.
1901, Jan.—776, 904; 973 to 976; 989 to 994 C.
1901, Feb. 2—995, 1000; 1002 to 1011; 1013 to 1210; 1257 C.
1901, March to Dec.—1211 to 1244; 1347 C.
1902—1245 to 1346; 1348 to 1356; 1358 to 1367 C.
1903—1363 to 1465; 1485, 1567 C.
1904—1464 to 1484; 1486 to 1566; 1568 to 1593 C.
1905—1594 to 1688; 1703, 1704 C.
1906—1689 to 1702; 1705 to 1762; 1808, 1818, 1911 C.
1907—1763 to 1807; 1809 to 1817; 1819 to 1874 C.
1908—1875 to 1910; 1912 to 2083; 2085 to 2129; 2138, 2351, 2401, 2410 C.
1909—2130 to 2137; 2139 to 2277 C.
1910—2278 to 2350; 2352 to 2400; 2402 to 2409; 2411 to 2445; 2447 to 2529; 2646, 2852.
1911—2446; 2530 to 2645; 2647 to 2784; 2889, 2926 C.
1912—2804; 2765 to 2851; 2853 to 2889; 2890 to 2925; 2927 to 3008 C.
1913—3009 to 3136 C.
1914—3137 to 3237; 4037 C.
1915—3238 to 3393; 4038 to 4040 C.
1916—3394 to 3985; 3975, 4006, 4014, 4016; 4041 to 4045 C.
1917, Jan. to March—3985 to 5974; 5976 to 6005; 6007 to 6013; 6016 to 4055; 4046 to 4062 C.
1917, April—4059 to 4400 C; May—4401 to 4458 C; June—4459 to 4990 C; July—4991 to 5393 C.
1917—Aug. 1—5393 to 5395 C; Aug. 2—5396 to 5399 C;

Aug. 3—5340 to 5342 C; Aug. 4—5343, 5344 C; Aug. 5—5345 to 5444 C; Aug. 6—5445 C; Aug. 7—5446 to 5512 C; Aug. 8—5513 to 5556 C; Aug. 9—5557 to 5717 C; Aug. 10—5718 to 5728 C; Aug. 11—5724 to 5786 C; Aug. 13—5727 to 5798 C; Aug. 14—5739 to 5773 C; Aug. 15—5774 to 7423 C; Aug. 16 to 51—7424 to 7582 C.

1917, Sept.—5783 to 7680 C.
1917, Oct. 1 to 20—7661 to 7725 C; Oct. 21—4036, 7726, 7727 C; Oct. 24—7728 to 7753 C; Oct. 25—7754 to 7794 C; Oct. 26—7793 to 7925 C; Oct. 27 to 31—7926 to 7931 C.
1917, Nov. 1 to 36—7932 to 8006 C; Nov. 27, 8007 to 8013 C.
1917, Dec.—8025 to 8084 C.
1918, Jan.—8083 to 8088 C; Feb., 8089 to 8098 C; March—8099 to 9075 C; April—9076 to 9173 C; May—9174 to 9334 C; June—9335 to 9402 C; July—9403 to 9791 C; Aug. 974 to 10044 C; Sept., 10045 to 10201 C; Oct., 10202 to 10337 C; Nov., 10338 to 10905 C.

THE AIR SERVICES.

Foreign Officers Studying Flying at Army Schools.

Personnel from South American countries who are now taking flying training at U.S. Air Service schools comprise one captain, six lieutenants and one civilian, as follows: At Carlstrom Field, Arcadia, Fla., Lieuts. Carles Gilardi, of Peru; H. Zuniga Cooper and J. Arvalo Garasco, of Chile; Eddie Laborde, of Cuba; Huberto Teran and Guillermo Freile, of Ecuador; and Miguel G. Grana, of Guatemala. Capt. M. Arozarena, of Cuba, is taking training at March Field, Calif. Lieutenant Freile will be transferred to the Mechanics' School at Rantoul Field, Ill., and Lieutenant Teran to the Photographic School at Langley Field, Va. Request has also been made for Ensigns Victor M. Padula and Silvio Leporace, of the Argentine navy, to receive flying training at Carlstrom Field, and for Leriere Bastos, of the Portuguese army, to have one month's training at the Air Service Engineering School, Dayton, Ohio.

Air Service Association Growing.

The Army and Navy Air Service Association, which was formed at headquarters of the Army Air Service immediately after the armistice, is making a very healthy growth in membership and also beginning to expand into branch associations which are forming at fields and air stations throughout the United States. In response to a letter urging those eligible to join the association, written by Major Gen. Charles T. Menoher, U.S.A., Chief of Air Service, and president of the association, there has been a large accession to the membership list, twenty-eight fields and stations of the Air Service reporting 100 per cent. membership. Capt. William A. Moffet, director of Naval Aviation, has been invited to membership on the board of control of the association and has accepted.

Moving Army Air Service Mechanics' School.

The removal of the Air Service Mechanics' School from Kelly Field, Texas, to Chanute Field, Rantoul, Ill., by order of the commanding general, 8th Corps Area, was carried out with an efficiency worthy of record. It took ninety cars, a train, run in four sections, to haul the equipment of the school. Not one piece of freight was damaged en route, there was not one case of illness, and no cases of disciplinary action of any kind during the entire movement. The personnel was moved in three sections, the first troop training leaving Jan. 27, the second Feb. 19, and the third Feb. 23. The personnel of the school now consists of twenty-seven officers, one warrant officer, 659 enlisted men, and 120 civilian employees. The movement ended Feb. 25 with the arrival of Major George E. Stratemeyer, the commandant, at Chanute Field. Equipment for instruction will be installed, every necessary alteration made and instruction in every department functioning at capacity by April 15. Favorable sentiment toward conditions at Chanute Field is reported throughout the command, with the exception of the wives of some of the officers, who are having battles of their own learning the cooking combinations of the coal stoves at this field. Even along this line matters are progressing favorably, however. Officers declare that the morale throughout the school promises to be higher than heretofore.

Locating Lost Torpedo by Airship.

Extraordinary efficiency of the crew of the Navy non-rigid airship B-18 in locating a lost torpedo at sea is reported from the naval air station at San Diego, Calif. A torpedo lost from a vessel during battle practice caused a search to be made by airship which lasted more than two hours, when the nose of the torpedo was sighted, the body being submerged. A smoke bomb was then dropped close to the torpedo to denote its location to the destroyer co-operating in the search. The torpedo was recovered without difficulty. The ability of airships to hover over definite locations was aptly demonstrated in this performance by the B-18.

Navy Seaplanes Fly Over Hawaiian Coastline.

Two seaplanes of the Navy Air Service started from their base at Pearl Harbor, H.T., on Feb. 15 on the most ambitious flight ever attempted in the Hawaiian Islands, says a press message from Honolulu. The primary purpose of the flight, Comdr. Robert D. Kirkpatrick, U.S.N., commanding naval air detachment at Pearl Harbor, is quoted as saying, is to obtain all possible information for war-time aerial and land use of conditions of the harbors and other points on the Hawaiian coastline. Many aerial photographs were to be taken. Tentative sites for repair stations were to be looked for, as well as possible sites for landing fields. It was expected the machines would make the circuit of all the islands in the Hawaiian group, visiting the principal harbors and flying approximately 1,500 miles before returning to their base. Two Eagle boats preceded the machines for use in case of emergencies.

Parachute Drops at Army Fields.

Lieut. Arthur G. Hamilton, Air Ser., U.S.A., established what is claimed to be a new world's record in parachute jumping, at Chanute Field, Ill., on March 23, when he dropped 24,400 feet, landing safely, says a press dispatch. The previous record, 22,000 feet, was made in Texas on Feb. 22. Lieutenant Hamilton went up in a DeH-4 piloted by Lieut. Harry Weddington, Air. Ser., U.S.A. At an altitude of 24,400 feet Lieutenant Hamilton slipped over the side of the machine. There was little wind, but at about 1,300 feet he met a strong air current which carried him about eight miles north of Chanute Field, where he landed safely. Lieuts. J. L. Stromme and A. H. Shevin, Air Ser., U.S.A., sealed the barograph in the machine, after having verified the record.

A parachute drop by an officer and two non-commissioned officers of the Army Air Service took place at Chanute Field, Ill., on March 19, when Lieut. Arthur

G. Hamilton and Sergt. G. A. Shoemaker and Frank Kemeny jumped from an Army airplane while at an altitude of 2,500 feet, says a dispatch to the New York World. Capt. George E. Stratemeyer, Air Ser., U.S.A., commandant of the field, is reported as saying that the success of the jumps have confirmed the faith that Army aviators have in the Service parachute. The airplane used was a DeH-4, piloted by Lieut. Harry Weddington, Air Ser., U.S.A. It was followed by another DeH-4, piloted by Lieut. Warren R. Carter, Air Ser., U.S.A.

Other parachute jumps were made at Mather Field, near Sacramento, Calif., on March 8, when Lieut. E. C. Batten, Sergt. Richard Thorne, Corp. Paul Connors and Pts. Earl Woodward and Alexis Hargner, all Air Service, U.S.A., dropped from one airplane at an altitude of 2,000 feet. Lieut. Emil C. Kiel, Air Ser., U.S.A., was the pilot. Double parachutes, one strapped to the chest and the other to the back of each man, were used, which functioned without a hitch.

Future of Commercial Aeronautics.

In an article in the April issue of the North American Review Lieut. Clifford A. Tinker, U.S.N.R.F., who is on duty at Washington in connection with aviation activities, considers the present and future of commercial aeronautics. After asserting that aeronautics are bound up completely with military and naval usages that the birth of commercial aeronautics has been temporarily postponed, to an extent, he says: "Unless experts are dreamers, the traveler by airship from New York to London, in the next few years, will reach his destination in two days," and concludes: "To sum up, commercial aeronautics on a large scale, particularly in this country, on account of its large area, should have no terrors for financiers. It can be nothing less than a paying proposition. Aeronautics is here—and will be to the end of the world; and the bankers are here. The problem is to bring them together."

U.S. ATLANTIC FLEET ACTIVITIES.

Admiral Henry B. Wilson, U.S.N., commander-in-chief of the U.S. Atlantic Fleet, under date of March 6, U.S.S. Pennsylvania, Guantanamo, Cuba, in the All-Atlantic, gives an interesting review of the various activities of the Fleet during its cruise to the Pacific and its return, incident to its joint exercises with the U.S. Pacific Fleet under Admiral Hugh Rodman. We make the following extracts:

Battle Exercises.

The program of exercises for the battle fleet included an approach for battle on the part of the Atlantic and Pacific Fleets on the morning of joining after their respective visits to Peru and Chile. On the forenoon of Feb. 7 all destroyers of the Atlantic Fleet were sent out on a scouting line to search for and locate the Pacific Fleet, to gain scouting experience and also to give a thorough test of communications as was possible within the scope of the problem. At sunset, Feb. 7, the battleships of the Fleet were darkened and stations taken for torpedo defense, but nothing was seen of the opposing Fleet during the night.

At 5:45 on the morning of Feb. 8 a message was received from the destroyer Graham, near the western end of the scouting line, that the Pacific Fleet had been sighted. This gave estimated course and speed and was followed by other messages giving the formation of the Fleet. At 9:10 two columns of smoke were sighted and it was believed that these were the battleships of the Pacific Fleet, which was substantiated shortly thereafter by the sighting of the tops of the cage masts and the kite balloons which were sent aloft from them.

The Atlantic Fleet deployed into battle formation and it could be seen that the Pacific Fleet was engaged in the same task. For some time the two Fleets stood on parallel courses, opening and closing the range and conducting battle exercises. Upon signal from the commander-in-chief the two Fleets formed again as one fleet and stood on their course for Panama.

Athletics.

In the interfleet athletic championships, held off Panama in February for trophies presented by Admiral Wilson, there were eighteen contests of boxing, wrestling, baseball, rowing and sailing. The Atlantic Fleet won twelve and the Pacific Fleet six. Admiral Wilson congratulated the captains, officers and crews of the Atlantic Fleet on their splendid showing. The scene at the baseball game in enthusiasm was equal to that at a world's series and in sportsmanship was without an equal. The Atlantic Fleet band, drilled by Lieut. W. B. Crook, U.S.M.C., U.S.S. Oklahoma, marshaled by Frank Owings, first musician, U.S.N., U.S.S. Pennsylvania, and led by Bandmaster Lee Nordhouse, U.S.N., U.S.S. Delaware, was superb. It contained 185 pieces, the grouping was well-balanced and the whole band played most inspiring.

The struggle between the Nevada and the Idaho in the racing cutter race (won by the Nevada) was a game one. It was won by three seconds in a three mile contest. The crews of the Oklahoma's and Idaho's whale-boats rowed a grueling race against a choppy sea, the Oklahoma winning by three lengths. Less trying personally but equally meritorious was the free-for-all sailing race—in this the Arizona's sailing launch won over the Mississippi's.

"The fine sportsmanship shown in all these contests reflects the same sort of spirit that is loyal to its duty through thick and thin, and hence that wins victories for our great Republic," Admiral Wilson adds. He addressed official letters of commendation to the following officers for their individual efforts during the interfleet athletic meet held at Panama: Capt. Luke McNamee, Lieut. Comdr. J. M. Creighton, Lieut. John D. Pennington and Ensign J. J. Curley, Jr.

Gunnery and Radio.

In speaking of the future exercises of the Fleet upon its return to Guantanamo, Admiral Wilson says that in addition to various spotting practices the Battleship Force will conduct day torpedo defense, day individual, division and battle torpedo practice. The Operative Destroyer Squadron, less the 19th Division, will conduct short range director, night battle and long range battle practices. Destroyer Division 19 is preparing to conduct the most advanced forms of experimental torpedo practices that have ever been conducted in the U.S. Navy. The division is excused from all other gunnery exercises in preparation for this. Vessels of other forces will conduct such of the prescribed exercises as time and available facilities will permit. Opportunity for small arms work will be had by all ships.

The battle exercises were the first in which the new radio communication in a large fleet were used and excellent results were obtained. Reliable commun-

cation by spark was attained over more than a thousand miles by the Columbia, an average time of four minutes between time of receipt of a message by a guardship until received by the commander-in-chief for over thirty messages during the war game. Excellent radio compass bearings were obtained by the Utah while the Fleet was groping in the dense fog off Callao. Transmission of a Fleet message with answers from all ships in fourteen minutes was accomplished. These are examples of the alertness and interest shown in the attainment of efficiency in this important activity.

The cruise of the battle fleet demonstrated conclusively that communication by radio in a large fleet cannot be efficient unless the amount of transmission is maintained at an absolute minimum, the rules for regulation of power be carefully and intelligently observed, and control be rigorously maintained and as strictly followed by all ships. The commander-in-chief considers that the future of communication, especially that by radio, is a bright one and that even the doubting ones will be forced to admit that radio is a reliable and efficient means for the exchange of ideas in a naval force.

NAVAL LESSONS OF THE GREAT WAR.

Author's copies of a book published by Doubleday, Page and Co., entitled, "Naval Lessons of the Great War," were received at the Navy Department on March 21, addressed to the Secretary and Assistant Secretary, the Chief of Naval Operations, and all chiefs of bureau. The book is by Tracy Barrett Kittredge, Lieutenant, U.S.N.R.F., formerly historian of the University of California, and the title page states that he was "Naval Correspondent of the Providence Journal." The volume purports to be a review of the testimony given at the hearings before the Senate sub-committee on the Navy's conduct of the war and the author gives a series of conclusions in which legislation is urged to bring about reforms in the Navy Department. The volume of itself attracted little attention, but a "foreword" signed by Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske, U.S.N., retired, got immediate circulation in Navy circles and the book has been in demand and a topic of general discussion, considerable of it of a condemnatory nature, among officers on duty in the Navy Department. The foreword signed by Admiral Fiske is as follows:

"This book is a record of official testimony given to Congress by Navy officers under oath. It shows that the principal naval lesson of the war is the menace to the national honor and safety that was involved in committing the management of its Navy to unworthy hands. The Secretary of the Navy should be a man of the highest order of ability, knowledge and foresight. This book shows that Secretary Daniels was so far below this standard that the Navy would have been caught wholly unprepared when we entered the war, and would have been ineffective during the war, if certain Navy officers had not sacrificed nor endangered their positions by putting through important measures without his knowledge. The Secretary of the Navy should be a man of the highest character. This book shows that Secretary Daniels, both in writing over his official signature, and in oral official testimony before Congressional committees, made many statements about important naval matters within his cognizance, that were absolutely false."

The volume is dedicated to Rear Admiral William S. Sims, U.S.N., "the incarnation of the spirit of the Navy, its leader in successful operations against a foreign foe, its defender against internal dangers." The frontispiece is a photographic reproduction of a portrait of Admiral Sims, which the latter autographed as follows: "To Lieut. Tracy B. Kittredge, U.S.N.R.F., in grateful remembrance of his efficient services as a member of my staff at the London headquarters and, particularly, of his invaluable assistance in preparing the statements substantiating 'Certain Naval Lessons of the Great War' before the Senate Investigating Committee, March-May, 1920; June, 1920. William S. Sims."

In the preface, the author states: "I have had the temerity to dedicate this volume to the officer who is to day the outstanding figure of our Navy, the Admiral under whom it was my privilege to serve during the great war. I have neither sought nor obtained permission from him to do so and make my apologies to him for what may seem to him an impertinence. It should be needless to add that Admiral Sims had no knowledge of my intention to write this book, nor will he have had any knowledge of its contents until it appears in print." The author also acknowledges his grateful appreciation to Col. Robert M. Thompson, of the Navy League; to Rear Admirals Bradley A. Fiske and William F. Fullam, U.S.N., retired; and adds: "The country as a whole owes much to the Hon. Frederick Hale, U.S. Senator from Maine, the chairman of the investigating sub-committee of the Senate Naval Affairs Committee, for his patient but insistent and searching effort to bring to light matters of the most vital importance to the Navy and to the nation alike."

COMDR. BERRY REPLIES TO MR. DANIELS.

As to Retirement of Reserve Officers.

On reading the article on "Right to Executive Discretion" printed in our issue of March 5, page 768, in which former Secretary of the Navy Daniels had raised the point that in the case of Berry v. Daniels the principal question involved was "the jurisdiction of the courts to control the exercise of discretion by executive officers," Lieut. Comdr. George A. Berry, U.S.N.R.F., wrote a letter to Mr. Daniels on March 22 protesting against the statements made by the former Secretary. After quoting the first paragraph of Mr. Daniels' letter (that was reproduced in our article in full), in which he raised the point stated as to the jurisdiction of the courts, Commander Berry says: "I cannot permit such a statement to pass unchallenged. It is either another glaring instance of your ignorance and unfamiliarity with the administrative affairs of the Navy Department, or it is a deliberate and wilful misrepresentation of the facts. Had you read the pleadings and briefs filed in my case, and had you possessed the capacity to understand the same, you would know that the purpose of my suit was not to review any act involving any discretion on your part, but to compel you to comply with the plain provisions of the law as enacted by Congress. For your enlightenment in the future, permit me to say, that the purpose of my suit was not to require the President to retire me, but it was to require you, as Secretary of the Navy, to desist from obstructing, by unlawful personal methods, my right to appear before the retiring board in order to avail myself of the President's discretion in case the retiring board should find that I had incurred physical disability

in line of duty and should recommend me to the President for retirement."

After stating that Justice Siddons said in the course of his opinion that the courts have no right to review by mandamus proceedings any discretionary act of an executive officer; that this question was not involved in the case "and it has never been contended that it was except by yourself" Mr. Berry continues: "After this case had been argued and submitted, you addressed a communication to Congress, expressing doubt as to the meaning of the act of July 1, 1918, and asking Congress to definitely declare its intention in regard thereto by subsequent legislation. Congress, by amendment to the Appropriation bill of June 4, 1920, provided in no uncertain terms, that it was its intention that Reserve officers injured in line of duty, only, should be retired under the same terms and conditions as officers of the Regular Navy. Upon the passage of the aforementioned act, the Navy Department again immediately began ordering injured Reserve officers before retiring boards, and up to the date of this letter, between forty and fifty have been retired. Notwithstanding the action of the department in this respect, you have, for personal reasons, refused either myself, or Ensigns Burgess or Thompson, to appear before retiring board, for no other reason than that we had the audacity and temerity to commit an act of lèse-majesté in resorting to the courts to compel you to comply with the law—a position, I submit incompatible with a man supposed to be big and large enough to hold the office of Secretary of the Navy. The question of whether or not I should be retired for disability incurred in line of duty can best be determined by my appearance before a retiring board."

TRANSFERS TO PERMANENT NAVY.

The following officers have qualified for transfer to the permanent Navy under the provisions of the Naval Appropriation act of June 4, 1920:

Lieutenant, Medical Corps: Walter P. Dey and Richard W. Hughes, U.S.N.R.F.

Lieutenant, Dental Corps: Lieut. (T) Thomas White, U.S.N.; Lieuts. Fred A. Batkin and Frederick W. Mitchell, U.S.N.R.F.

Lieutenant, Chaplain Corps: Lieuts. (T) William N. Thomas, Charles V. Ellis, Herbert Dumetrey, Clinton A. Neyman, U.S.N.; Lieut. Comdr. James S. Day, U.S.N.R.F.; Lieut. (j.g.) (T) William T. Holt, U.S.N.

Pharmacist: Pharm. (T) Emil E. Heun and Matthew Birdistle, U.S.N.

NOTES OF NAVY PERSONNEL.

Rear Admiral Frederick B. Bassett, U.S.N., shifted flag from U.S.S. Dixie to U.S.S. Bridgeport March 16, 1921.

The first American Marine Exposition to be held in Philadelphia was formally opened in the 1st Regiment Armory on the night of March 14 by Rear Admiral W. S. Benson, U.S.N., chairman of the U.S. Shipping Board. Admiral Benson was introduced to the assemblage by Capt. Louis M. Nulton, U.S.N., commandant of the 4th Naval District, and also of the Philadelphia Navy Yard.

Rear Admiral Harry A. Field, U.S.N., has been detached as commandant of the 13th Naval District and the navy yard at Puget Sound, Wash., effective March 31, and assigned to command the train, U.S. Pacific Fleet, relieving Rear Admiral Joseph L. Jayne, who has been admitted to the naval hospital at Mare Island, Calif. Admirable Jayne suffered a stroke aboard his flagship more than a month ago, and it is hoped that he will make a good recovery.

Capt. Sumner E. W. Kittelle, U.S.N., has been assigned to duty as governor of the Virgin Islands, relieving Rear Admiral Joseph W. Oman, who has been ordered home. Captain Kittelle, who will also be commandant of the naval station at St. Thomas, sails for his new post on April 20.

Captain Holden C. Richardson, C.C., U.S.N., who is in charge of the naval aircraft factory at Philadelphia, delivered an address on the Navy's work in building aircraft before the Philadelphia Lehigh Club in that city on the night of March 18. Commander Richardson described the new 800-foot dirigible now building at the Navy's aircraft factory and the new types of NC planes which are equipped with nine Liberty motors each in place of the four motors used in the older machines of this type.

Major Littleton W. T. Waller, Jr., U.S.M.C., on March 22 was appointed a member of the ammunition tests and arms selection committee for the National Matches, 1921, vice Lieut. Douglas C. McDougal, U.S.M.C., relieved.

Resignations of Navy Officers.

Four of the eight officers whose resignations were accepted by the Secretary of the Navy during the week of March 17-24 were of the permanent Navy, as follows: Lieuts. L. P. Sargent and R. F. Collins, line; L. D. Huffman, M.C., and A. L. Burleigh, D.C. The four temporary officers in the list were Lieut. R. L. Fielder, M.C.; Lieuts. (j.g.) E. Kauth and C. H. Crawford and Chief Pharmacist J. H. Meyer.

Captain Craven on Naval Aviation.

The article on "Naval Aviation and a United Air Service," by Capt. T. T. Craven, U.S.N., that appeared in the U.S. Naval Institute Proceedings for March has been issued in pamphlet form. In addition to presenting an admirable argument against divorcing naval aviation from the Navy control, Captain Craven makes two statements in his article that are well worth remembering when extravagant claims are made regarding present accomplishments of flying machines. One is, "the naval officer is still basing his tactical plans upon the perfect performance of apparatus as yet undesigned." The second reads: "Frequently items are printed regarding aviation which carry naval construction and naval engineering far beyond the development of the arts as they may be practiced at the present time."

National State Aid for Navy Club.

A movement to obtain nation-wide recognition of the Navy Club and to extend its contributing membership to every state in the Union was commenced at the rooms of the club in East 41st street, New York city, on March 21, when representatives of Ohio, Kansas, Illinois, Wisconsin and Tennessee societies, having headquarters in New York city, pledged \$10,000 each to endow state dormitories in the club. Residents of every state will be asked to join in the plan to support a dormitory or room in the building. Among those at the meeting were Rear Admiral Harry M. P. Huse, U.S.N., commandant of the 3d Naval District, and former Assistant Secre-

tary of the Navy Franklin D. Roosevelt, who is president of the club. Admiral Huse, made a brief address, in which he directed attention to the fact that a Navy club for sailors in the port of New York meant much to the entire country and declared, according to a press report, that there is nothing worse for the morale of the Service than to have men stay aboard ship without having the opportunity to go ashore at reasonable intervals.

VARIOUS NAVAL ITEMS.

The mail address of Commander Destroyer Flotilla 5, was on March 19 changed from U.S.S. Dixie, care Postmaster, New York city, to U.S.S. Bridgeport, care Postmaster, New York city.

Domestic rates of postage on letters, post cards and second class matter will apply between the United States and the Dominican Republic on and after April 1, the Post Office Department announced on March 23.

The U.S. destroyer Toncay, Lieut. Comdr. P. L. Carroll, ran aground March 19 off St. Simons's Sound, near Brunswick Lightship, Ga. She was pulled into deep water March 21 by the Coast Guard cutter Yamacraw and a tug.

The U.S. submarine N-12, in command of Lieut. Claude Farmer, while en route to Block Island Sound, ran on the southern extremity of Watch Hill reef, a half mile southwest of Watch Hill lighthouse, R.I., about one o'clock p.m. March 17 during high water. She was pulled off the reef March 18 and was taken to New London.

COAST GUARD NOTES.

The rank of commander in the Military Order of Avis has been conferred upon Lieut. Comdr. John G. Berry, U.S. Coast Guard, by the government of Portugal.

The Coast Guard cutter Yamacraw has been designated to carry out the international ice patrol, beginning April 1, in connection with the cutter Seneca.

Two airplanes from the Coast Guard aviation station at Morehead City, N.C., on a search to the eastward of Cape Hatteras for a barge which had broken from its tow, reached a point seventy miles from the cape, five miles north of Hatteras, landing at Coast Guard Station No. 182 with only enough gas for twenty minutes remaining. The lost barge was not found. Judging from the distance at which various vessels sighted were picked up, the visibility was considered about twenty miles. With this visibility an area of approximately 4,000 square miles was covered in about two hours and twenty minutes. This search brought out strongly three points: The need of quick and accurate information regarding marine casualties; the need of a receiving as well as a sending set in each airplane to communicate and cooperate with surface craft, and the need of large, multi-motored airplanes for offshore work of this nature to give a cruising radius double that of the HS type airplane now in use.

LAUNCH OF THE COLORADO.

The U.S. battleship Colorado was successfully launched at Camden, N.J., on March 22, being christened with a bottle of mineral water by Mrs. Ruth Nicholson, of Denver, Colo., daughter of U.S. Senator Samuel D. Nicholson, of that state. Assistant Secretary of the Navy Theodore Roosevelt, accompanied by his aid, Lieut. Comdr. Lee P. Warren, U.S.N., represented the Navy Department at the launching, and at the luncheon after the Colorado was waterborne, Mr. Roosevelt was among the speakers who urged the need of a strong Navy. The Colorado is a sister ship to the Maryland, Washington and West Virginia, authorized by the Naval Appropriation act of Aug. 29, 1916. Her chief characteristics are: Length overall, 624 feet; maximum beam, 97 feet 5 1/2 inches; mean draft, 30 feet 6 inches; displacement, 32,600 tons; speed 21 knots; battery eight 16-inch guns, fourteen 5-inch guns, four 3-inch anti-aircraft guns, and two submerged torpedo tubes; enlisted complement of 1,448. This vessel has the large cruising radius which characterizes all recent U.S. battleships. Among the new features incorporated in her construction is special protection given against submarine attack, the result of departmental tests and lessons learned in the war. The Colorado and her sister ships are believed to be as nearly immune from torpedo attacks as any ships afloat. The boilers are fitted for burning oil exclusively. The main propelling machinery, which is electric as in the case of all the capital ships now under construction for the U.S. Navy, consists of two main generators driving four propelling motors. The main generators are of the turbine type, designed to develop a total of about 29,000 indicated horsepower, and were built by the Westinghouse Electric Company.

WAR RESOLUTION OPINION REFERRED TO ATTY. GENERAL

An opinion of the Judge Advocate General of the Navy in reference to the effect of the annulments due to the passage of Pub. Res. No. 64, 66th Congress, approved March 3, has been submitted to the chiefs of bureaus of the Navy Department for recommendations and suggestions. It is understood that the opinion contains interpretations relative to pay of retired officers, retainer pay of the Naval Reserve Force and other important matters quite at variance with the views of officers of the Navy, and that the opinion will be referred to the Attorney General for decision. The office of the Judge Advocate General of the Army is not yet ready to submit its opinion for approval of the Secretary of War relative to the annulment effects of the resolution.

SECRETARY OF NAVY'S ITINERARY.

Secretary of the Navy Denby, accompanied by Capt. J. K. Robison, U.S.N., and Col. D. D. Porter, U.S.M.C., left Washington at midnight March 19 on a trip of inspection to the U.S. Atlantic Fleet, now at Guantanamo Bay, and to Santo Domingo and Haiti. The inspection of the fleet will be made without interference with its regular schedule. Secretary Denby's itinerary is as follows: Left Key West on destroyer, March 22; arrived at Guantanamo Bay, March 23; fleet inspection, March 24, 25, 26; leave Guantanamo Bay, March 26 or 27; arrive at Haiti, March 27 or 28; where three days will be spent including inspection of Santo Domingo. Secretary Denby will return to Charleston, S.C., probably on a cruiser, and arrive in Washington on April 5.

DRESS UNIFORM AT NAVAL ACADEMY.

Orders issued by the Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department, approved by Secretary Denby on March 18, direct the resumption of the wearing of the dress jacket by midshipmen at the U.S. Naval Academy, beginning

with the next academic term, Oct. 1. The wearing of dress uniforms was abrogated by G.O. No. 328, N.D., 1917, "during the continuation of the present war." The dress jacket, with its three rows of brass buttons, has always been a popular garment with midshipmen and in the opinion of the Secretary there was no outstanding reason why it should not again be worn at Annapolis.

NEW ENLISTED RATINGS IN THE NAVY.

After nearly a year's study by two boards and long consideration of tentative revisions, the new ratings for enlisted men of the U.S. Navy were approved by Acting Secretary Roosevelt on March 23. The result is a standardization in accordance with the provision of the act of June 4, 1920, which authorized the Secretary of the Navy, in his discretion, to establish such grades and ratings as may be necessary to the proper administration of the enlisted personnel of the Navy and Marine Corps. The new ratings are to become effective on July 1, 1921.

SICK PERSONNEL FROM ATLANTIC FLEET HOME.

The Navy hospital ship Solace arrived at the Washington Navy Yard on March 20, having on board 120 officers and men of the U.S. Atlantic Fleet, who were transferred to the Naval Hospital at Washington. The Solace was relieved by the hospital ship Relief with the Fleet, and will undergo inspection and survey with a view to repair.

THE NAVY.

VESSELS OF THE U.S. NAVY.

We omit the complete table of vessels of the U.S. Navy this week, but give below the changes in the movements of vessels since the table was published in our issue of March 10, pages 808-9.

Aaron Ward, Birmingham, Buchanan, Bulmer, Dent, Dorey, Edsall, Evans, Greene, McCormick, McLeish, Parrott, Selfridge, Simpson, Waters and Wickes. At San Diego, Calif. Alameda. Arrived at Port Arthur, Texas, March 23. Alden. At Lingayen. Arthurs. Sailed from Charleston for Port Arthur March 22. Barker. At Constantinople. Barney, Bernadon, Blakeley, Bridge, Dahlberg, Dickerson, Goldsborough, Graham, Hatfield, Herbert, Leary, Mason, Preble, Schenck, Semmes and Siard. At Guantanamo. Beaufort. Sailed from Santo Domingo City for Hampton Roads March 22. Black Hawk. Arrived at Guantanamo, Cuba, March 21. Borie. At Constantinople. Breck, Dale, Reid. Arrived at Charleston, S.C., March 22. Bridgeport, Converse, Maddox, Moa and Ringgold. At Charleston, S.C. Cassin. Arrived at Boston Navy Yard March 23. Celtic, Glacier, Mercy and New Mexico. At San Pedro. Childs. Sailed from Gulf of Gabes for Tunis March 22. Crowninshield, Lark, Mallard, Murray, Proteus, San Francisco. Arrived at Guantanamo March 23. Dale and Dallas. At Jacksonville, Fla. Dyer. Arrived at New London, Conn., March 23. Dallas. Sailed from Jacksonville for Charleston March 28. Eleano. Sailed from Nanking for Shanghai March 19. Ellis. At Brooklyn, N.Y. Ericsson. En route to Charleston, S.C. Fox. At Constantinople. Frederick. At navy yard, Bremerton, Wash. Glacier. Arrived at San Pedro, Calif., March 21. Greer. In Lingayen Gulf. Gulfport. In West Indian waters. Hale. At Brooklyn, N.Y. Hancock. Arrived at Cristobal March 22. Henderson. Arrived at Norfolk, Va., March 22. Houston. Sailed from Cristobal for Norfolk March 23. Hopkins. At Philadelphia. House. At Balboa. Humphreys. At Constantinople. Huron. At Olongapo. Idaho, Mississippi. Arrived at Bremerton, Wash., March 22. Kittery. Sailed from Hampton Roads for Guantanamo March 22. Long. In Lingayen Gulf. McFarland. At Pola. Mallard. In Guanacabaya Bay. Marcus. Sailed from Mare Island for San Francisco March 23. Mars. Sailed from Hampton Roads for Gibraltar March 28. Mississippi. En route to Bremerton, Wash. Nero. Pearl Harbor to Tutuila, Samoa, March 19. Newport News. Arrived at Mare Island, Calif., March 23. Nicholson. At Philadelphia. Orion. Left New York for sea March 19. Oriole. En route to Salina Cruz. Osmond. Ingram. Sailed from Charleston for Boston March 22. Overton. At Beirut. Panther and Upshur. At Cavite, P.I. Patoika. Arrived at Mare Island March 21. Putnam. At navy yard, Brooklyn, N.Y. Quiros. Arrived at Sasei, China, March 21. Ramapo. Left Brest for United States March 10. Reid. At Jacksonville, Fla. Robert Smith. At Mare Island, Calif. Rochester. En route to Guantanamo, Cuba. Saraden. At Brooklyn, N.Y. Smith-Thompson. Sailed from Batum for Samsun March 20. Solace. At Washington, D.C. St. Louis. At Beirut. Sterrievan. Arrived at Spalato March 21. Tracy. At Haifa. Truxun. Sailed from Newport for Charleston March 21. Villalobos. Sailed from Shanghai to sea March 21. Wainwright. En route to Charleston, S.C. Wheeling. At Galveston. Whipple. At Varna.

NAVY GAZETTE.

Orders to Officers March 16, 1921.

Lieut. R. A. Barker (M.C.) to duty U.S.S. Nereus. Lieut. A. J. Cheshire (M.C.) to duty U.S.S. Michigan. Lieut. (j.g.) H. C. Fenger to duty U.S.S. O-15. Lieut. Comdr. G. H. Fort to duty Navy Examining Board, Navy Dept., Washington, D.C., reporting May 16. Lieut. Comdr. J. H. Gunnell to Supply Off. U.S.S. Shawmut. Lieut. Comdr. G. H. Hulings to Naval Intelligence, Navy Dept. Lieut. W. R. Joiner (M.C.) to duty Bureau Medicine and Surgery Dept. Lieut. (j.g.) H. M. Jones to duty U.S.S. Bell. Lieut. C. King to duty navy yard, Mare Island, Calif. Lieut. C. F. Manley to duty R.S. Mare Island, Calif. Ensign O. H. Masters to duty R.S. Philadelphia, Pa. Lieut. C. O. Miller to duty Asiatic Station. A.P. Clerk J. E. M. Moore to U.S.S. Kansas duty with Supply Officer. Lieut. G. U. Pillmore (M.C.) to duty Naval Training Station, Hampton Roads, Va. Comdr. W. E. Whitehead to U.S.S. Des Moines as Ex. Off. Lieut. E. A. Sharp to U.S.S. Chattanooga. Lieut. (j.g.) J. J. Fitzgerald (C1-2) to duty U.S.S. Cassin.

Orders to Officers March 17, 1921.

Ensign M. M. Angleton to conn. f.e. U.S. Submarine Chaser 412 and on board when commissioned. Ensign W. G. Buch to duty U.S.S. South Carolina. Ensign R. C. Harding to duty U.S.S. Xerxes. Ensign R. A. Harting to duty U.S.S. Michigan. Gunner W. Johnson to duty U.S.S. Chicago. Lieut. E. S. Longburgh to duty U.S.S. Frederick conn. with U.S. Army.

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Lieut. E. C. Marheineke to conn. f.e. U.S.S. Coglian and on board when commissioned. Lieut. J. T. Stringer (M.C.) to duty Naval Torpedo Station, Alexandria, Va.

Ensign W. F. Taylor to duty U.S.S. South Carolina.

Lieut. Comdr. W. P. Williams (C1-2) det. Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, Ill.; to duty U.S.S. Texas.

Orders to Officers March 18, 1921.

Lieut. (j.g.) W. W. Brougham to duty R.S. Philadelphia. Lieut. O. J. Dahl to Navy Rtg. Station, Syracuse, N.Y. Corp. E. L. Harding to duty navy yard, Portsmouth, N.H. Pharm. J. H. Kennedy to duty Naval Training Station, San Francisco.

Lieut. Comdr. F. T. Van Auken, April 11, to conn. f.e. U.S.S. Maryland and on board as Senior Assistant Engineers when commissioned.

Lieut. E. Wyman to duty Asiatic Station.

Orders to Officers March 19, 1921.

Lieut. C. W. Brewington to duty U.S.S. S-16. Chief Corp. W. H. Buchanan to duty U.S.S. Nevada. Ensign H. S. Buck to duty U.S.S. Elder.

Lieut. A. L. Burleigh (D.C.) to duty U.S.S. Frederick. Lieut. Comdr. G. H. W. French (M.C.) to duty U.S.S. Falcon.

Comdr. H. C. Gearing, Jr., to Destroyer Force, Pacific Fleet. Lieut. G. G. Hart (M.C.) to duty U.S.S. Beaver. Ensign G. N. Hess to duty U.S.S. Pigeon.

Btan. A. D. Holland to duty U.S.S. Oriole. Gunr. J. R. Kelley to duty U.S.S. Falcon.

Btan. J. A. Muelchi to duty U.S.S. Lapwing.

Lieut. (j.g.) W. T. Murray to conn. f.e. U.S.S. Peoria and in command when commissioned.

Btan. H. J. Price to U.S.S. Elder.

Lieut. P. F. Shrordt to Destroyer Force, Pacific Fleet. Ensign W. A. P. Thompson to Destroyer Force, Pacific Fleet.

Ensign J. F. Wegforth to duty U.S.S. Pigeon.

Capt. R. Walsh to Naval Training Station, Hampton, Va. Ensign C. E. Wiencke to duty U.S.S. Elder.

(Continued on page 836.)

MARINE CORPS GAZETTE.

MARCH 16—Major J. C. Pegan to Headquarters Western Rtg. Div., San Francisco.

Capt. W. M. McIlvain to Rtg. Office, Los Angeles, Calif.

Capt. H. B. Mims resignation accepted.

MARCH 21—Lieut. Col. F. M. Wise granted one month's leave from March 21, 1921; upon expiration of leave to Quantico, Va.

Major E. C. Williams retired March 17, 1921.

Second Lieut. J. J. Darlington upon arrival in U.S. resignation accepted.

Second Lieut. P. M. Potter to San Diego, Calif.; resignation accepted.

Second Lieut. E. McEvey to Naval Hospital, Fort Lyon, Colo.

MARCH 23—Major W. Thing to Marine Detachment, Amer. Legion, Managua, Nicaragua.

Capt. M. G. Holmes to M.B., Naval Operating Base, Hampton Roads, Va.

First Lieut. O. E. Kelly, St. Thomas, V.I., to U.S.

First Lieut. L. H. Pryor and 2d Lieut. R. L. Stephens, Guam, to U.S.

Second Lieut. G. S. Furey, Olongapo, P.I., to U.S.

Second Lieut. H. H. Titus, Haiti, to U.S.

Second Lieut. G. L. Murray, Santo Domingo, to U.S.

Second Lieut. A. P. Booty resignation accepted.

Second Lieut. M. R. Gustavus resignation accepted.

Col. C. Gamborg-Andreasen on March 23, 1921, detached M.B., New York, and Mare Island, Calif.; to M.B., New York, and Puget Sound, Wash.

Col. T. C. Treadwell detached M.B., New York, and Puget Sound; to M.B., New York, and Mare Island, Calif.

Capt. D. R. Fox, E. O. Ames and 1st Lieut. L. B. Reagan March 24 to San Diego, Calif.

COAST GUARD GAZETTE.

MARCH 18—Lieut. Comdr. H. S. Yendle to duty as Pay and Allowance Officer, relieving Lieut. Comdr. C. H. Jones.

Lieut. Comdr. W. T. Stromberg assigned to command Algonquin.

MARCH 19—Lieut. Comdr. (E) E. Reed-Hill assigned Assistant Inspector for Hulls and to duty on Haida when commissioned.

Lieut. Comdr. (E) E. W. Davis placed on waiting orders.

Lieut. Comdr. J. H. Cornell assigned to Algonquin.

Lieut. Comdr. (E) F. C. Allen assigned to Snohomish.

Lieut. Comdr. (E) F. H. Young assigned to Algonquin.

Lieut. Comdr. E. A. Coffin assigned to Unalga.

Lieut. F. J. Birkett assigned to assist Inspector for Hulls and to Haida when commissioned.

Lieut. Comdr. C. J. Todd assigned to Bear.

Lieut. Comdr. (E) J. I. Bryan assigned to assist Inspector for Hulls and to Tampa when commissioned.

Lieut. Comdr. C. G. Roemer assigned to assist Inspector for Hulls and to Tampa when commissioned.

Lieut. Comdr. W. A. Benham assigned to Tampa when commissioned.

MARCH 21—Lieut. Comdr. (E) A. F. Patterson assigned to Unalga.

MARCH 22—Lieut. Comdr. W. K. Thompson assigned to Bothwell.

Lieut. Comdr. (E) F. E. Bagger resignation accepted, effective April 19, 1921.

NAVY G.C.M. CASES.

Lieut. (S.C.) Ira B. Talton, U.S.N., was found guilty by G.C.M. on Nov. 4, 1920, on board the U.S.S. Bridgeport, of culpable inefficiency in the performance of duty and of embezzlement. He was sentenced to lose \$125 per month of his pay for four months, and then to be dismissed from the Service. President Wilson on Dec. 29, 1920, confirmed the dismissal, but remitted the loss of pay. (C.M.O. 149, Dec. 31, 1920, N.D.)

Ensign J. M. Fassett (T), U.S.N., was tried by G.C.M. on Nov. 11, 1920, on board the U.S.S. Michigan and honorably acquitted of the charge of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman. The acquittal was approved, but the Bureau of Navigation stated that for the fact that the resignation of Ensign Fassett had been accepted, the Bureau would recommend as an entirely separate action, in view of the unusual and irregular methods employed by him in conducting professional examination of enlisted men, and his unusual conduct in other respects as brought out at this trial, that his temporary appointment be revoked, believing that he had clearly demonstrated his unsuitability as a commissioned officer. (C.M.O. 149, Dec. 31, 1920, N.D.)

Ensign Lloyd K. Barry, U.S.N., was tried by G.C.M. on Oct. 14, 1920, on board the U.S.S. Huron and acquitted of the charge of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman. The acquittal was approved Nov. 8, 1920. (C.M.O. 150, Dec. 31, 1920, N.D.)

R.O.T.C. NOTES.

Interest in R.O.T.C. Units Increasing.

There are one hundred educational institutions in the United States and Porto Rico maintaining Infantry units, senior division, of the R.O.T.C., with an enrollment in the basic course of 30,646 and 2,822 in the advanced course, making a total of 33,468. Officers in touch with the work of these institutions, and officers who have made personal inspections are very favorably impressed with the increased interest that is being shown in the R.O.T.C. work, not only among the Infantry units, but in all branches of the Service.

Overseas Cap for the R.O.T.C.

In order to reduce the cost of uniforms, utilize the surplus of overseas caps on hand, and to improve the appearance of students and differentiate them from members of the Army, the War Department has ordered the issue and sale of overseas caps to R.O.T.C. units. The caps may be drawn in place of the service hat or regular cap. Overseas caps worn by junior units will be marked with red piping; those of essentially military schools and other junior units, with blue piping, and those of senior units with black piping. Institutions receiving communication of uniforms may purchase these caps. Institutions requisitioning overseas caps may turn in for salvage hats and caps at the end of the current school year, or they may retain the present hats and caps until worn out.

R.O.T.C. Teams in Hawaiian Small Arms Matches.

In an account of the small arms competition in Hawaii, held in December and noted in our issue of Jan. 29, the list of standing in the team matches was incomplete, writes a correspondent. It did not include the record of two junior division R.O.T.C. teams that took part, those of the Kamehameha Schools and Punahoa Academy. Both made creditable scores, one actually defeating an Army team. In the standing of the teams Punahoa Academy was fifth with a total score of 2,562; Coast Artillery was sixth with a total of 2,433; and Kamehameha Schools was seventh with a total of 2,241. Lieut. Col. Adna G. Clarke, U.S.A., retired, in M.S. and T. officer of the schools and academy. Cadets Moir, Fuller and Lydgate, of the Punahoa Academy team, were also members of the championship Camp Kearny R.O.T.C. rifle team which took part in the National Matches last year.

Michigan Agricultural College Rifle Club.

Major P. G. Wrightson, U.S.A., who is one of the oldest professors of military science and tactics in length of service, now completing his eighth year of duty covering three colleges, writes that one of the strongest sources of interest in developing the R.O.T.C. lies in rifle firing. Michigan Agricultural College, where he is now stationed, has taken the lead in this direction. "The college," Major Wrightson adds, "is not one of the large ones with great state funds at its back. Its enrollment totals about 1,000 men and 400 women; its armory is small, only sixty by ninety feet. Yet its rifle club is without doubt the largest and most enthusiastic of any in the country. Last year the club reorganized after three years' rest during the war when the Government took away rifles and refused to furnish ammunition. About 150 male students and faculty and thirty-five co-eds formed the club. Suitable prizes were offered and an annual banquet with twenty guests for a starter provided as reward of merit. This year the club put up a magnificent sterling silver loving cup for the winning fraternity team. Six class teams, a faculty team, a legion team and sixteen fraternities were scheduled for a series of matches. The individuals of the winning team were to receive silver medals. In addition, in the prescribed gallery course for freshmen, there were gold, silver and bronze medals for the three highest score men. At the close of the team contests, an all round shoot was held for individual entry, with gold, silver and bronze medals for the winners. The Girls' Club with its ninety-six members did some excellent work. A gold and a silver medal were awarded, set as brooches." All winners were guests at a banquet at the Hotel Downey in Lansing, Mich., on March 17, at which Major J. J. Teter, Coast Art., U.S.A., was toastmaster and Major Wrightson was a guest. Out of the total college enrollment of 1,400, the rifle club carries an active membership of 482, or better than thirty-four per cent. Can any other institution beat that percentage? Major Wrightson asks.

Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

In the R.O.T.C. units at the University of Alabama at Auburn, Ala., on Feb. 19 the Alabama Polytechnic Institute gallery rifle team won the second of a series of matches with the Georgia School of Technology, by a score of 950 to 936 out of a possible 1,000. W. H. Winlock and C. N. Johnson tied for second with 96. On March 12 the team defeated Georgia Tech, by 954 to 939, Cadet Rutledge making the remarkable score of 98 out of a possible 100. The match was fired over the regulation course. Both matches were telegraphic, the competition being held at the respective schools and results telegraphed. Later matches will be fired with Yale, Dartmouth, Syracuse, Georgetown, and U. of South Carolina.

At Alabama Polytechnic the military laboratory work of the R.O.T.C. units has proven not only highly beneficial to the students, but also extremely interesting to all visitors. A model trench system has been constructed and two terrains laid out for instruction in minor tactics. A B-H relief map and a 12-inch Leavenworth map table are part of the equipment. Nomenclature boards show all parts of the rifle and there are models of bridges, booms, pile driver and other engineering equipment. This room is the source of great interest to the students and also the instructors. The new gun sheds and stables for use in the Artillery units have been completed at the cost of \$10,000 and will be opened in the next week or so. These are model in all respects. Major L. Spalding, Field Art., U.S.A., is P.M.S. and T. at Alabama Polytechnic. There are four commissioned officers, one warrant officer, eight non-commissioned officers, and twenty-one privates on duty over the 700 students who are enrolled in the Artillery, Infantry and Engineer units.

Montgomery, Ala., High Schools.

Lieut. T. A. Austin, Jr., U.S.A., professor of military science and tactics at the high schools of Montgomery, Ala., and commandant of the R.O.T.C. unit attached to those educational institutions, was the subject of a very complimentary article in the Montgomery Advertiser of March 17 in connection with his administration as commanding officer. Notwithstanding the drawback of the absence of a drill field, every drill and competition with

other organizations, which necessarily have to be held in the public streets, and thus under disadvantageous conditions, has given evidence of the excellence the unit has attained. At a recent official visit Major H. R. Smalley, U.S.A., district inspector, and who is on duty at headquarters, 4th Corps Area, Charleston, S.C., expressed his satisfaction with the progress made by Lieutenant Austin's command. The unit now numbers 321. It expects to attend the six weeks' camp at Camp Knox, Va., to be held in June.

Georgetown University.

Col. Frank J. Morrow, U.S.A., Gen. Staff Corps, on duty in the War Department in charge of R.O.T.C. affairs, made an informal inspection of R.O.T.C. activities at Georgetown University on March 15 and expressed great interest in the progress of the unit. The ten-shot collegiate gallery rifle match at fifty feet, prone position, for teams of fifteen men, which was fired March 6-12, by Georgetown and Vermont Universities was won by Georgetown by a score of 499 to 485.

Salt Lake City High Schools.

The Commercial Club and Chamber of Commerce of Salt Lake City devoted its weekly luncheon on March 9 to the R.O.T.C. The Chamber of Commerce presented the cadets of the Salt Lake City high schools a caliber 30-30 sporting rifle to be presented to the cadet making highest score in gallery practice. Capt. J. Pendleton Wilson, U.S.A., retired, P.M.S. & T. at the schools, presided at the meeting. The rifle was presented to Cadet Capt. George Wasson. Mr. George A. Eaton, assistant superintendent of high schools, made a speech on the advantages of military training to the individual and the school authorities. Capt. Louis A. Witney, assistant P.M.S. & T., described the advantages of the R.O.T.C. its objects and its great benefit to the Federal Government in supplying a corps of Reserve officers for the future.

Great interest has developed among the citizens of Salt Lake City in their R.O.T.C. units and all seem anxious to do anything within their power to encourage them in their work. This spirit is reflected in the cadets, who have made quite an improvement in their drilling since they found they have come under the public eye. It is expected that street parades and public exhibitions will be held to show the citizens what they have in return for their taxes. Mr. Eaton is one of the strongest supporters. Twenty years ago he established military training in the Salt Lake City high schools and in the Ogden high school, but had to fight for all those years to maintain military training. From all accounts Salt Lake City had an excellent cadet corps, which became a part of the R.O.T.C. in 1919 and provided a good foundation for the R.O.T.C. to build upon with twenty years of tradition behind it.

San Francisco Units Plan Camp.

Tentative plans submitted by Capt. Winfield S. Overton, U.S.A., who is on duty with R.O.T.C. attached to the high schools of San Francisco, to the Board of Education of that city, for the establishment of an academic summer camp school under his supervision, have been approved. Under the proposed arrangement the camp would be established either at Fort Baker, near San Francisco, or at the Presidio of Monterey, and continue for six weeks, says a San Francisco message. The camp, which would be the first of its kind in California, would accommodate from 300 to 500 boys, the teachers being furnished by the Board of Education. The Government would furnish the camp grounds, tents and military equipment for the boys, while Government buildings would be used for study from eight o'clock in the morning until noon. Afternoons would be devoted to military training and hiking. Captain Overton is to work out the details of the proposed camp and submit them to the board within a few weeks.

The R.O.T.C. units of San Francisco were complimented by Col. Moor N. Falls, Inf., U.S.A., 9th Corps Area R.O.T.C. officer, on the showing made at the review held at Berkeley, Calif., Feb. 11. Colonel Falls thanked the members of the various units for their splendid appearance in the review and special exhibition, and declared that the exhibition was a revelation to the educators. The review was held for the State High School principals who were holding a convention at the time, the ceremony being held in conjunction with the Oakland Regiment, the entire San Francisco contingent forming a battalion under Cadet Major White.

Vermont Agricultural College.

Major John W. Lang, U.S.A., commandant of the R.O.T.C. of the Lehigh University, Bethlehem, Pa., was one of the speakers at a smoker given on March 4 by the advanced course men of the R.O.T.C. of the Vermont State Agricultural College, Burlington, and of which Col. George J. Holden, U.S.A., professor of military science and tactics, is commandant. Major Lang spoke on the general subject of summer camps and the R.O.T.C., and outlined some of the plans for the camp to be held at Plattsburg next summer. The State Agricultural College unit has always been very efficient. In proof of this one speaker said that more than two-thirds of the more than 900 Vermont men who served in the World War were commissioned officers.

As You Were, Organ of Cornell University R.O.T.C.

As You Were, organ of the R.O.T.C. of Cornell University, made its appearance on March 1. As the salutary explains, it is "edited by one of them," the associate editors being "the rest of them." The idea of starting such a publication came from Capt. Allender Swift, U.S.A., who is on duty at the university with the corps and in the furtherance of which Col. Frank A. Barton, U.S.A., professor of military science and tactics at the university, and commandant of the corps, gave valuable assistance. The publication, which is issued monthly, and for the present is in mimeograph form, consists of eight pages. It has much news of corps doings and gives every promise of success.

PLATTSBURG BARRACKS.

Plattsburg Barracks, N.Y., March 21, 1921.

Lieut. and Mrs. De Caro entertained the bowling crowd last Monday at supper; dancing followed. Captain Witcher is at present in Washington. Major and Mrs. Bryant are now at the post. Major Bryant is the quartermaster and has been recently at Camp Upton and for many years on duty at Forts. Mrs. Bryant came with the Major and then went to New York to gather together their household property and returned to Plattsburg to day.

On Monday after the bowling Chaplain and Mrs. Webster entertained at supper for Major and Mrs. Musgrave, Major, Mrs. and Miss Tukey, Capt. and Mrs. Connally, Capt. Graves, Mr. and Mrs. Lamson, Mrs. and Miss Robinson. On Thursday evening a bridge party was given by Capt. and Mrs. Connally for Major and Mrs. Musgrave, Lieutenant Hart and

his mother, Mrs. Walton, Mrs. Graves and Major, Mrs. and Miss Tukey.

On March 11 the E. and R. instructors gave a dance at the hall in headquarters building. Most of the officers and their families attended it. Preceding the dance Lieut. and Mrs. Van Alstyne gave a dinner for Major and Mrs. Musgrave, Capt. and Mrs. Connally and her mother, Mrs. Graves, and Dr. S. E. W. Bedford, from the University of Chicago, here as assistant corps consultant to inspect the E. and R. school.

An excellent newspaper has been started at the post. It is called the "Bookie" and promises to be a great success.

Mrs. Tukey has organized a children's choir to sing at the morning services. The children sang last Sunday for the first time and did excellently.

WEST POINT.

West Point, N.Y., March 28, 1921.

Many officers from West Point attended the annual dinner of West Point graduates given at the Astor on March 19. Col. E. F. Ladd, retired, came on from Boston for the annual dinner and was the guest of his daughter, Mrs. MacMillan, for a day.

On St. Patrick's day Major and Mrs. Bonesteel entertained with a supper party, followed by bridge, for Col. and Mrs. Danford, Major and Mmes. Dravo, O'Hara, Walthall, Pendleton, MacMillan, Ganee, J. K. Brown, Devers and Nichols.

Miss Julia Fiebeger returned on Saturday from a visit of several weeks at Akron, Ohio, with her grandmother, Mrs. William Upson. Mrs. Ralph Upson and her two children came home with Miss Fiebeger and are guests of her parents. Col. and Mrs. Holt's guests for over Sunday were Miss Elsie Stuart and Miss Lucia Freeland, of Vassar. Col. and Mrs. Holt had a cadet dinner for their guests on Sunday. Major and Mrs. Dravo entertained at dinner on Friday for Majors and Mmes. Dravo, Pendleton, MacMillan and Forbes.

Miss Eleanor Satterlee, of New York, was the guest of Col. and Mrs. Carter for the hop and week-end. Col. and Mrs. Rees, who have recently arrived from San Francisco en route to Antwerp, are stopping off for a visit to Major and Mrs. Cramer. The Misses Nancy and Margaret Rees are visiting their brother, Major Rees. Mrs. Ridgway and her two small daughters have returned from a six weeks' visit in Florida with her parents.

Mrs. Hineman has returned after a visit at Washington and Atlantic City. Roger Holt has come home for the holidays from his school at Great Barrington, Mass. Mrs. Kahle entertained on Wednesday with a card party for Mrs. R. W. A. Marshall, of England, who is visiting her niece, Mrs. Prichard. Major and Mrs. Butcher's guests at dinner on Friday were Majors and Mmes. Newman, Morrison, Devers and Crittenger.

Mrs. Ross gave a tea on Wednesday. Mmes. Robinson and Ganee poured, and the hostess was assisted by Mmes. Crittenger, Harding, T. K. Brown and Wyeth. Col. and Mrs. Robinson had dinner on Tuesday for their guest, Dr. Johnson, of Yale, and for Col. and Mrs. Holt, Major and Mrs. J. K. Brown. Mrs. Dorst gave a tea on Monday for Major Dorst's mother, Mrs. J. H. Dorst. Tea was poured by Mrs. Surles, and Mrs. Mitchell assisted the hostess. Among those there were Mmes. Fiebeger, Alexander, Danford, Strong, Reynolds, Hicks, O'Hara, Pendleton, Buckner, Morrison, Wyeth and the Misses Townsley.

Mrs. Newman had tea on Sunday for Miss Jane Arden, of New York, and for Majors and Mmes. Thurman, Ryder and Sharer. Mrs. Manville and Miss Lorraine Manville, of New York, were week-end guests of Miss Herman. Major and Mrs. Ross had dinner on Thursday for Major and Mrs. Ryder, Miss Perrine and Major Card. Mr. and Mrs. Asensio were week-end guests of Miss Grace Bigelow in New York. Mrs. S. C. MacDonald gave a large tea at the club on Wednesday for her guest, Mrs. Crawford, of Birmingham, Ala.

Mrs. Philip L. Thurber, wife of Major Thurber, with her sister, Mrs. Barney Barnet, of England, were week-end guests of Major Harris. Miss Mildred Wedekind, of New York, was week-end guest of Major and Mrs. D. M. Crawford. Miss Virginia Walthall has gone to Orange, N.J., to visit her grandmother, Mrs. Storm, for the vacation. Mr. Charles E. Bellinger, of New York, who addressed the Cadet Y.M.C.A. on Sunday, was the week-end guest of Major Potts.

The Reading Club met with Mrs. Fiebeger on Thursday, and the hostess, assisted by Mmes. Strong, Crittenger and Sharer, in honor of St. Patrick, read several short Irish plays. At the Thursday luncheon Club Chaplain Wheat and Col. E. L. Daley were the speakers.

Harry Philip Makel, the young son of Major and Mrs. Makel, was christened on Friday at the Cadet Chapel by Chaplain Wheat, the godparents being Colonel Reynolds and Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Gardner, of Baltimore.

The Sewing Club met with Mrs. Pendleton; the Tuesday Afternoon Bridge Club with Mrs. Purdon. Col. and Mrs. Reynolds received at the officers' hop on Friday. Mrs. Wheat and Mrs. D. M. Crawford poured at the post tea on Saturday. Mrs. O'Hare received at the cadet hop with Cadet Kyle.

Miss Mary Palmer, of Governors Island, was a guest of Major and Mrs. Walthall on Saturday. Constance Ganee celebrated her eleventh birthday anniversary by a beautiful party on St. Patrick's day, her guests including the Misses Helen Pendleton, Louise MacMillan, Isabel Walthall, Betty Youngs, Betty Gage, and Pat Carter, Ticky Bonesteel, Ted Timberlake, Harry Covington, Stephen Reynolds, George Strong, Lewis Brown, Billy Butcher, Robert Lyon, Philip Gage and Kimball Brown.

David and Leslie Crawford had a joint birthday party on St. Patrick's day to celebrate four and three years, respectively, the guests including Frances Cramer, Dolores Asensio, Eleanor Harding, Dorothy Donaldson, Odette Lafiamme, Marian Weaver, Teddy Brewer, Sandy Stuart, Sidney and Ned Bingham, Jackie Weaver, Preston Carman, Davis Harding. Philip and Betty Gage had a luncheon party on Saturday for Helen Pendleton, Louise MacMillan, Isabel Walthall, Constance Ganee, Betty Youngs, and Donald Daley, Gabriel Asensio and Dan Daly.

WASHINGTON BARRACKS.

Washington, D.C., March 19, 1921.

Col. Charles E. Kilbourne and Mrs. Kilbourne entertained at dinner at the dinner dance given at the General Staff College Club on March 16. Their guests were Mmes. R. C. Marshall, F. Q. C. Gardner, S. D. Embick, Campbell King, C. L. Corbin, D. E. Nolan and Miss Loring, Brigadier General Nolan, Colonels Cheney, Whiteside, Corbin, King, Embick and Gardner. Col. John M. Morgan had twelve at his table, Col. and Mrs. Frank B. Watson had ten, Col. Ira C. Welborn eleven guests, while Col. Archie Miller had tea and Col. and Mrs. John L. De Witte entertained ten. Col. and Mrs. James B. Gowen entertained at their table Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Amos A. Fries, Mmes. R. H. Hawkins, F. D. Morrow, D. F. Craig, C. J. Wilder, L. S. Sorley and Cols. George G. Gatley, Hawkins, Morrow, Craig, Hawkins, John E. Woodward and Sorley.

Mr. Dorrance Brown, son of Col. and Mrs. Preston Brown, is home for the Easter holidays from his school at Newport, R.I. Lieut. and Mrs. H. W. Benson and little Catherine Benson are recent additions to the post circle. Col. Edgar T. Collins has been a guest on the post for a few days, from his station at Camp Dix.

Chaplain J. E. Duffy, who has been absent for the past three months at Fort Grant, taking a course at the Chaplain's School, is expected here for Easter morning services.

Miss Katharine McGaugh, who has been visiting her cousin, Miss Dorothy Gowen, has left for her home in New York. Capt. Harold R. Richards, C.E., and Mrs. Richards have moved into apartment No. 5, building 56-B, West End.

Major and Mrs. William O. Boss entertained at their table at the dinner dance on Wednesday for the Misses Dorothy Gowen, Esther McVann, Corinne Stephens, Marion Hannah, Capt. William H. Emerson, Benjamin W. Venable, Catesby ap C. Jones and J. E. Whitt. Mrs. Henry M. Morrow, wife of Colonel Morrow, gave a luncheon party in compliment to Miss Dorothy Gowen and her cousin, Miss Katharine McGaugh, during the week, having the debutantes of the season to meet the guests of honor.

Col. James B. Gowen entertained on March 18 at lunch in honor of his classmates of U.S.M.A., 1898, who are attending

the General Staff College this session. Colonel Gowen's guests were Col. Frank C. Boggs, Guy V. Henry, Ralph E. Ingram, James W. Furlow, Ira C. Welborn, John B. Bennett and John M. Morgan.

THE NAVAL ACADEMY.

Annapolis, Md., March 24, 1921.

Mrs. Theodore Richards, wife of Captain Richards, and their daughter, Dorothy, left by boat on Friday for Savannah, where they will visit Mrs. Richards' sister, Mrs. Pollard. Mrs. A. M. D. McCormick, wife of Rear Admiral McCormick, who was called East by the illness of her mother, has returned to Berkeley, Calif.

The family of Capt. D. N. Carpenter is quarantined because of measles. The fine weather of Sunday afternoon and the breeze on the Severn brought out a score of sailing cutters. Lieuts. George F. Hussey, Jr., T. J. Kellher, Jr., and C. T. Joy, members of the Navy Post Graduate School, spent their school holiday in Philadelphia. Mrs. J. B. Abbott, who spent the week with her son and daughter-in-law, Comdr. and Mrs. John S. Abbott, at the Academy, has returned home. Ensigns Emmett Forrestel and M. A. Baker spent the week-end here.

A number of midshipmen of the First Class gave the first sailing party of the spring in the Robert Center on Sunday. They were chaperoned by Miss Sue Manford, Comdr. and Mrs. W. E. Hall gave a buffet luncheon on Sunday. Miss Beatrice Gunn, sister of Instructor Gunn, Naval Academy, is visiting friends in Boston.

Mrs. C. A. Doyen, widow of Brigadier General Doyen, U.S.M.C., and Mrs. J. W. Valiant, her sister, spent a few days recently with their brother and sister-in-law, Col. and Mrs. William G. Fay, at their place, Mulberry Field, in St. Mary's County, Md. Major and Mrs. A. M. Watson have left Annapolis for a fortnight's visit in Washington before going to Louisville, Ky., to live. Major Watson has been on duty at the Academy and was recently retired for physical disability. His relief is Major Randolph Coyle, who is well known here, having served a tour of duty in Annapolis.

The resignations of 109 midshipmen were officially requested on Wednesday, the young men having failed to meet the requirements of the semi-annual examinations a month ago, or to improve their position by the re-examination a month later, which additional time is now permitted. The midshipmen who will leave the Service belong to classes as follows: First, 1; Second, 24; Third, 8; Fourth, 76. As usual, the largest number is in the First Year Class. The results of the first term's work were awaited with special interest owing to new conditions established at the Academy. These are that candidates are admitted on certificate for the first time, and that the re-examination is permitted a month after the close of the first term. These changes about balance each other, as the number of enforced resignations is about in proportion to that of former years.

The Navy is to open the baseball season here on Saturday with Princeton. The following is the remainder of the schedule: March 30, University of Pennsylvania; April 1, Pennsylvania State; 6, Dartmouth; 9, William; 13, Mount St. Mary's; 16, Lafayette; 20, Delaware; 23, Rutgers; 27, George Tech.; 30, Georgetown; May 4, University of Virginia; 7, University of West Virginia and Johns Hopkins, at Baltimore; 11, University of Maryland; 14, Swarthmore; 18, pending; 21, Catholic University; 25, St. John's, of Annapolis; 28, Army, at West Point.

Vincent J. Gallagher, Jr., of Brooklyn, N.Y., has been elected captain of the Naval Academy swimming team for the coming season. He swam in the short distance events and on the relay team. Gallagher has had much experience in athletics. He captained the swimming team at Rutgers before entering the Naval Academy, and rowed No. 7 in the Academy eight which won the world's championship in the Olympic games at Antwerp last summer. W. E. Longfellow, president of the American Swimming Association and field representative of the life-saving department of the Red Cross, is conducting a life-saving contest at the Academy this week, a novel event in college athletics. The program consists of the head carry, tired swimmer's carry, two-point carry and cross-chest carry. Teams of two midshipmen contest, each man carrying the other across the twenty-yard tank and bringing his companion back. Much interest is being taken in the competition.

Richard A. Glendon, coach of the Naval Academy crews for nineteen seasons, making him the college coach longest in continuous charge at one place now so engaged, favors the Academy crews engaging in three-mile or longer races, and entering the Poughkeepsie regatta, if conditions permit. He has no fear of the longer race for his charges.

A highly important step in Naval Academy athletics, indicating the intention of the Naval authorities to enlarge the scope of the relations between the midshipmen and students of other colleges in sports, has been taken in the authority given by Secretary of the Navy Denby for the arrangement of one contest away from Annapolis in nearly every important branch of sport. This is in addition to the contests against the Military Academy and the entry of crews in the American Henley each year. Secretary Daniels was a friend of Academy sports and permitted the midshipmen to engage in a number of contests away from home, but he required each proposed event to be submitted to him. By Secretary Denby's order this power will be exercised directly by the Superintendent of the Academy. Rear Admiral A. H. Scales, the present Superintendent, is a strong friend of competitive sports and favors the midshipmen contesting away from home to a greater extent, and also conforming to the usual eligibility rules. The first activity in pursuance of the new privilege will be the participation of the Naval Academy runners in the relay races of the University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia on April 29.

Naval Academy Gym. Team Wine Intercollegiate Title.

The U.S. Naval Academy gymnastic team won the intercollegiate gymnastic exhibition contest at Princeton, N.J., on March 18, with a total of twenty-three points in the six events, against nine other competing college teams. Pearson of the Navy team won the highest individual mark, with a total of 223.8 points, Cory of the Navy making third place, with 207.2 points. Midshipman Hale made a great impression on the audience by his work in the flying rings event. At the close of the contest the University of Pennsylvania was second, with ten points, while New York University, with nine points, was third. Haverford and Princeton were tied for fourth place, with four points each. Massachusetts Institute of Technology and Chicago University were the only others to figure in the scoring. Dartmouth, Harvard, Rutgers and Yale failed to score a point. The summaries: Horizontal bar—Won by Pearson, Navy; Cory, Navy, second; Cremer, New York U., third. Side Lure—Won by Cremer, N.Y.U.; Cleveland, Yale, second; Cripe, Chicago U., third. Parallel bars—Won by Sherman, Navy; Schmitt, N.Y.U., second; Pearson, Navy, third. Flying rings—Won by Hale, Navy; Humphreys, M.I.T., second; Miller, Princeton, third. Tumbling—Won by Woodward, U. of Pennsylvania; Long, Haverford, second; Cory, Navy, third. Swinging clubs—Won by Gilmore, U. of Pennsylvania; Newman, Princeton U., second; Helman, Haverford, third. Team point score—Navy, 28; Pennsylvania, 10; New York U., 9; Haverford, 4; M.I.T., 3; Chicago U., 1. Individual point score—Pearson, Navy, 223.8; Cremer, New York U., 221.3; Cory, Navy, 207.2.

COAST DEFENSES OF SANDY HOOK.

Fort Hancock, N.J., March 20, 1921.

A club has been organized by the officers and many entertainments have been given in their clubhouse, the old Ordinance brick house. The French gray drawing room makes a beautiful ball room and the large dining room and sun porch make the rooms adaptable to the needs of the club.

Lieut. and Mrs. Leslie W. Jefferson had two tables of bridge Sunday evening for Major and Mrs. Frederick S. Macy, Major and Mrs. J. S. Williams and Capt. and Mrs. John M. Silkman. Major and Mrs. F. S. Macy on Saturday entertained the same party and Mrs. Frank Tennis. The Bridge Club met Tuesday, with Capt. and Mrs. Howard Faust as hosts.

Miss Stockton recently returned from a long visit in Ann Arbor, where she was the guest of Comdr. and Mrs. Faust.

Miss Stockton is the sister of Mrs. Howard P. Faust. The Bowling Club met Thursday and afterwards went to the Officers' Club for supper. Lieut. and Mrs. L. W. Jefferson were hosts. The Bridge Club met Thursday with Mrs. Frank Tennis. Playing were Mmes. Macy, Williams, Jefferson, Baird, McCleary, Carruth and Weldon.

Capt. and Mrs. John M. Silkman gave an informal dance Saturday evening in honor of their week-end guests, Mr. Thomas Decker and Mr. Daniel Kiely and Miss Marion Wilson, of New York.

Major and Mrs. John A. Baird entertained at a dinner Thursday for Col. and Mrs. Joseph B. Douglas, Lieut. Col. George F. Connolly, Miss Gibbons, Major and Mrs. W. H. McCleary. Major and Mrs. W. H. McCleary and little son, George, on Sunday were dinner guests of Lieutenant Colonel Connolly and Miss Gibbons. The Bridge Club met Friday with Mrs. Leslie W. Jefferson.

A very successful masquerade dance was given Thursday evening at the Officers' Club, with Capt. and Mrs. James F. Firestone receiving and acting as hosts. The costumes were original and quite elaborate.

Dr. and Mrs. Maxwell Fein, son-in-law and daughter of Major and Mrs. F. S. Macy, were their guests for the week-end and in their honor Major and Mrs. Macy gave a dinner before the masquerade Thursday. The dinner guests attended in costume and were Major and Mrs. J. S. Williams, Captain Arnold, Capt. and Mrs. John M. Silkman, Mrs. Frank Tennis, Capt. James C. Bates and Lieut. James C. Kilbourne and Dr. and Mrs. Fein.

NORFOLK NAVY YARD.

Norfolk, Va., March 15, 1921.

Major Elmore B. Gray, U.S.A., and Mrs. Gray have returned to Camp Eustis after being the guests for a week of Mrs. Gray's father, Mr. Joseph R. Young, Beechwood place. Brig. Gen. Chester Harding, former Governor of the Canal Zone, and Mrs. Harding are guests of Col. James P. Jersey, U.S.A., retired, and Mrs. Jersey in Portsmouth.

Mrs. S. B. Beard had a card party at Camp Lee on Friday for Mrs. Wilson, wife of Colonel Wilson, U.S.A., of Washington, who is the guest of Major Austin M. Pardee, U.S.A., and Mrs. Pardee, of Camp Lee, who have recently been ordered there from the U.S. Army Supply Base here. Other guests were Mmes. S. W. Myers, H. J. McChrystal, W. C. Whittingham, A. M. Pardee, Prague, Walter Boon, Waltz; also Mmes. Henry Evans, Porter, and George Morgan, of Petersburg.

Lieut. Charles W. Styer, U.S.N., and Mrs. Styer had a dinner at the Country Club, preceding the regular Saturday evening dance, for Lieuts. and Mmes. John Wilkes and John B. Griggs. Mrs. L. B. Lamar, who has been visiting in Cincinnati for several months, has returned to Naval Operating Base; Mrs. H. C. Whitehurst has returned to Army Supply Base; Mrs. Arthur D. Driscoll, who has been in Philadelphia, has returned to her home, Country Club.

Mrs. Walter T. H. Galliford had a card party Thursday for Mrs. T. H. Brown, who left for her future home in Philadelphia on Friday. Other guests were Mmes. Zeigler, Manley, Ross, Webb, Gawne, Gordon Smith, Bulmer, Drury, MacFarlane, Butt, Boland, Tildsley, Pendleton, McElveen, Collins, Walker and Miss Cottrell. Mrs. Miles P. Refro, Jr., had a card party Tuesday for Mmes. Page Lee, Charles P. Truxton, Waldo P. Drury and P. H. Foxwell.

Mrs. E. A. M. Gendreau had tea for Mrs. T. H. Brown on Wednesday. Those calling included Mmes. Spratling, Smith, MacFarlane, Butt, Bolmer, Manney, Gawne, Zeigler, Galliford, Ross, Tildsley of Natchez, J. Tildsley, Wynan, Pendleton, Neilson, Seiman, Steele, Walker and Jeschke.

The Business Women's Class of the Second Presbyterian Church entertained Wednesday evening at the home of Miss Marjorie Gatling, West Ghent boulevard, at a "miscellaneous shower" for Miss Gladys Webb, whose engagement to Lieut. Bradford Devore, U.S.A., has been announced recently. Mrs. L. S. Rogers, of New York, is the guest of her son-in-law and daughter, Lieut. Donald Alexander Green, U.S.N., and Mrs. Green, at the Pine Beach Hotel, U.S. Naval Base. Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. C. H. Bullock and family have left for Philadelphia for station.

Mrs. Bernard H. Blier had a card party and tea Wednesday for Mmes. Fectherle, Johnson, Chadwick, Pryor and some thirty others. Mrs. Donald A. Green had a card party for her mother, Mrs. L. S. Rogers, of New York, Friday at the Pine Beach Hotel. Mrs. Green's guests numbered thirty or more.

Miss Alice H. Webster has returned to her home, Freemason street, after being the guest of her uncle and aunt, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. E. H. H. Old, at the New York Navy Yard.

MANILA NOTES.

Manila, P.I., Jan. 23, 1921.

In honor of Col. and Mrs. Harold W. Jones, who have just arrived, Col. and Mrs. J. M. Wheeler gave a tea at the Polo Club before the game on Sunday. Col. and Mrs. Frank Wells, en route from Zamboanga to Baguio, were house guests of Col. and Mrs. Steger.

Col. and Mrs. Peter E. Marquart, Major and Mrs. Pyle, Major R. R. Nix, Commander Walton and Lieutenant Foe, U.S.M.C., were outgoing passengers on the Madawaska.

Col. and Mrs. Bannister gave a dinner at their quarters for Col. and Mrs. Little, Col. and Mrs. Steger, Major, and Mrs. Dean Wins, Mrs. Noble Wiley, and Colonel Dean. Col. and Mrs. Henry R. Casey, of Gral Luna, gave a dinner for Col. and Mrs. Scott, Mrs. Smith, Commander Hodgman and Col. and Mrs. Steger. Major and Mrs. Ash were hosts at a tea at the Polo Club for Capt. and Mrs. Robert Macon, of Tientsin.

Comdr. and Mrs. Hull gave a farewell party for Mrs. Caroline Roberts at the Polo Club. Commander Spofford, U.S.N., retired, and Mrs. Spofford gave a tea dance at the English Club on Thursday.

Manila, P.I., Jan. 30, 1921.

The officers of the destroyer Greer gave a dinner on board Wednesday. Among the guests were Lieut. and Mrs. S. C. Conner, Mrs. Cone, Miss Elizabeth Cone, Miss Russell, Lieutenant Metzel and Ensign Paulson.

Capt. and Mrs. Harper, of Zamboanga, are guests of Col. and Mrs. Van Deman. Capt. and Mrs. Chance have as their guest Lieutenant Littlefield, of Tientsin. Col. and Mrs. Casey, Col. and Mrs. Bugbee and Capt. and Mrs. Richard K. Smith spent the week-end at Pagasa Falls. The Dutch Consul General, Mr. P. K. A. Meerkamp von Enden, gave a large dinner at the Army and Navy Club, among the Army guests being Major General Kernan, Brig. Gen. and Mrs. R. E. Smith, Major and Mrs. Frazier, Major and Mrs. Pierce and Miss Katherine Smith.

Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Sullivan gave a supper dance at Cavite in honor of Miss Cone. The guests included Comdr. and Mrs. Hall, Miss Nichols, Miss Russell, Lieutenant Skylane, Fink, Holcombe, Post and Wurtele.

Col. and Mrs. Ralph H. Van Deman had a table at the Polo Club on Sunday for tea after the game. Their guests were Col. and Mrs. Gunster, Majors and Mmes. Wente, Colliers and Johnson, Capt. and Mrs. Harper, Major Hickox and Lieutenant Chambliss, Millard, Bradley and Kramz. At another table Capt. and Mrs. Ervin were hosts for Admiral and Mrs. Gleaves, Mr. and Mrs. Sturgis and Miss Sturgis, Miss Nichols, Mr. and Mrs. Busk, Commander Gunther, Lieutenants Holcombe and Post.

Major and Mrs. J. P. Smith had as their guests for the week-end Capt. and Mrs. Ervin, of Corregidor.

Col. and Mrs. Steger, Capt. and Mrs. Bundy, Capt. and Mrs. Ervin, Miss Nichols, Major and Mrs. J. F. Smith and Commander Gunther went to Fort McKinley for a buffet supper at the quarters of Col. and Mrs. Little, afterwards going to the Saseenachs' ball in honor of the St. Andrews Society at Santa Ana.

An amusing party was given Wednesday evening at the Polo Club by Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence in honor of Lieutenant Holcombe, U.S.N., and Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Clark, who are leaving on the Empress. The guests came dressed as children and

Admiral and Mrs. Gleaves chaperoned the party. Supper was served at small tables on the lawn. Among those present were Capt. and Mrs. McWhirter, Commander Spofford, retired, and Mrs. Spofford, Major and Mrs. J. P. Smith, Capt. and Mrs. Ervin, Miss Nichols, Lieutenant Marvell and Lee, U.S.N., and Commander Gunther.

Admiral and Mrs. Straus and Miss Strauss arrived Friday morning on the transport Sherman. Admiral and Mrs. Gleaves and Lieutenant Holcombe left on the Empress of Russia. Among the other passengers were Col. and Mrs. R. P. Davis, who left for a trip to China.

NOTES FROM TUTUILA.

Pago Pago, Tutuila, American Samoa, Feb. 21, 1921.

Le Fa'atou, organ of the Government, in its February issue records the official visit of Capt. Waldo Evans, U.S.N., commandant of the naval station and Governor of American Samoa, to the native governor, other high chiefs and magistrates of the islands of the Manu'a group, in January. Governor Evans was accompanied by Lieut. Comdr. H. L. Dillard, U.S.N., Judge A. M. Noble, who is Secretary of Native Affairs, and Mr. Alexander Forsythe, the trip being made in the U.S. station ship Fortune. A stop was made at the islands of Ofu and Olosega. At the island of Tau the delegation of high chiefs met the distinguished party, a double line of native children, dressed in white, extending from the boat landing to the native district governor's home, where the official party gathered. Following the ancient ceremony of drinking kava, Fa'au, the talking chief of the district, made a long address in Samoan, pledging the loyalty of the people of the group to the American Government, and wishing Governor Evans a long and pleasant term of duty. Replying at length, the Governor said that he wished all to know that he desired their friendship and was working for their best interests, but the law must be upheld.

The Governor, who is a Samoan, was received by Lieutenant Comdr. Dillard, several chiefs and the native district governor, Mauga, on Jan. 21 paid an official visit to the districts of Fagatua and Aunu'u, Tutuila, and was received very cordially by the chiefs and people. Following the visit Governor Evans expressed his appreciation and pleasure to all the island government officials, the chiefs and Samoan people for their loyalty, hearty co-operation and expressions of good-will.

PEARL HARBOR NOTES.

Pearl Harbor, H.T., Feb. 27, 1921.

Supper, bridge and dancing were enjoyed at a party given by Capt. and Mrs. T. B. Gale for Major and Mrs. E. P. Moses, Col. and Mrs. J. T. Myers, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. E. C. Raguet, Comdr. and Mrs. R. P. Enrich, Comdr. and Mrs. D. C. Crowell, Lieut. and Mrs. G. A. Lazar, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. J. A. Logan, Mrs. F. W. Arnold, Lieut. and Mrs. Wooten, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. R. D. Kirkpatrick, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Bodge, Lieut. and Mrs. H. H. Phipps, Lieut. Comdr. J. C. Thom and Mrs. J. Morton Riggs.

On Wednesday Major and Mrs. E. P. Moses gave a supper and bridge party in honor of Mrs. F. W. Arnold, of Hartford, Conn., entertaining Comdr. and Mrs. Harry Orr, Mr. Frank Howes, Mrs. J. Moran Biggs, Lieut. Comdr. Talmadge Wilson, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. J. A. Logan, Lieut. and Mrs. J. H. Carson, Lieut. and Mrs. L. S. Lewis.

Mrs. T. B. Gale is suffering from a broken wrist and will be deprived of the use of it for six weeks or two months.

Honoring Rear Admiral and Mrs. W. R. Shoemaker, Lieut. and Mrs. J. L. Schwartz entertained with a dinner on Tuesday for Comdr. and Mrs. I. T. Yates, Comdr. and Mrs. R. P. Enrich, Capt. and Mrs. C. P. Kindelberger, Col. and Mrs. J. T. Myers, Comdr. and Mrs. C. D. Thurber, Lieut. and Mrs. F. N. Pugley, Capt. and Mrs. T. B. Gale, Miss Marie Brook, Lieut. Comdr. J. C. Thom, Pay Clerk and Mrs. E. J. Mund, Lieut. and Mrs. J. A. Omer and Lieut. C. P. Archambault.

Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. J. T. Alexander gave a supper dance and bridge party for Rear Admiral and Mrs. W. R. Shoemaker on Thursday. An orchestra played for dancing. Some of the guests were Major and Mrs. E. P. Moses, Comdr. and Mrs. Enrich, Crowell, and Lazar, Lieut. Comdr. Kirkpatrick and Raguet, and Mmes. Lewis, Pugley and Lightner, Miss Marie Brook, Lieut. Comdr. J. C. Thom, Lieut. Brython Davis.

CAMP STOTSENBURG.

Camp Stotsenburg, P.I., Feb. 10, 1921.

Lieut. and Mrs. Harry Rising and son and Mrs. R. R. Lyons, mother of Mrs. Rising, are guests of Capt. and Mrs. S. Victor Constant. The Risings will return to Tientsin; Mrs. Lyons to her home in the States. Thursday morning Mrs. S. Victor Constant gave a large bridge party in honor of Mrs. Lyons and Mrs. Rising. Thursday evening Major and Mrs. Harold W. Jones entertained Major and Mrs. Samuel Kaufman at dinner, followed by bridge. Major and Mrs. Bruce E. Brewer entertained Lieut. and Mrs. A. B. Clark at bridge Thursday evening.

Capt. and Mrs. Charles S. Sims entertained at dinner and bridge for Capt. and Mrs. Claude Hollister and Miss Edith Davies before they left for their new station at Fort McKinley. Lieut. Forest V. Bockey was also present.

Mrs. Francis H. Poole gave a bridge luncheon Friday morning. The ladies, about twenty, all met at the Officers' Club and were taken to the Air Service garrison in machines. Mrs. John A. Crane had Lieut. and Mrs. A. B. Clark and Lieut. William Mayer as bridge and dinner guests Friday.

Lieut. and Mrs. Frederick Ward gave a farewell dinner Friday in honor of Major and Mrs. Bruce E. Brewer and Lieut. and Mrs. Earl S. Neilson, who sail on the Sherman about the middle of the month for the States. Their other guests included Lieuts. Grant Henningsen and William Martin. Major Roy S. Brown will return to the States on the Sherman this month. His mother, Mrs. S. S. Brown, of Minneapolis, who has been visiting here, will accompany him. Mrs. Roy S. Brown and sister, Miss Louise Waggoner, sailed for China on the Warren on Monday. They will sail for the States on the March transport.

Lieut. and Mrs. Richard H. Ballard gave a musical on Wednesday, entertaining Miss Beatrice McClarty, Lieut. and Mrs. Charles E. Morrison, Lieut. Newton Longfellow, Lieut. Forest V. Bockey, Capt. Robert C. Candes, Lieut. Elmer Stansbury and Mr. Morse.

Lieut. and Mrs. Richard H. Ballard and Miss Beatrice McClarty left Sunday for a ten days' vacation at Baguio. Col. and Mrs. A. S. Pendleton entertained at dinner Monday for Majors and Mmes. Herbert F. Poole and Samuel Kaufman. Lieut. and Mrs. Arthur B. Clark had Major and Mrs. Bruce E. Brewer as dinner and bridge guests Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie, parents of Mrs. Charles E. Leng, are visiting at the Leng home this week. They leave Feb. 15 for China and Japan and then go back to their home in New York. Capt. and Mrs. Donald S. Perry sailed for Zamboanga Monday on the Merritt. Capt. and Mrs. Charles E. Sims entertained at dinner Sunday evening for Miss Stevenson, Miss Vedder, Majors Claude Cummings and Irwin B. March.

Col. and Mrs. A. S. Pendleton gave a dinner party last Friday for Capt. and Mrs. Charles E. Sims, Majors Claude Cummings and Irwin B. March. Lieut. and Mrs. Ray L. McDonald gave a dinner Tuesday in honor of Major and Mrs. Bruce E. Brewer and Lieut. and Mrs. Earl S. Neilson. Other guests included Major and Mrs. John Allen Crane. Major and Mrs. John A. Crane were dinner and bridge guests of Lieut. and Mrs. Arthur B. Clark on Wednesday. Mmes. Richard B. Going and S. S. Brown returned from China on Monday on the Merritt. Mrs. Dover Bell entertained the Artillery Bridge Club on Friday.

Major and Mrs. John O. Lackey entertained Lieut. and Mrs. J. Oscar Blair Tudor at dinner and bridge Monday. Mrs. Christopher C. Strawn entertained the Sewing Club on Thursday. Present were Mmes. Crane, Brewer, Ward, Bell, Tudor, Neilson, McDonald, Salvosa and Segunda. Lieut. and Mrs. Edward Freeman entertained at dinner Tuesday for Major and Mrs. John O. Lackey.

Lieut. and Mrs. Arthur B. Clark entertained Major and Mrs. John A. Crane at dinner and bridge Wednesday. Lieut.



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and Mrs. Rohland A. Iker were bridge guests of Major and Mrs. Samuel Kaufman on Wednesday.

Those going to China on the Warren this trip were Mrs. Roy S. Brown, Miss Louise Wingman, Lieuts. William Mayor, Moses Pettigrew and John A. Logan.

The 9th Cavalry baseball nine were the winners of the Army league, which entitled them to play the teams of the Manila Bay league. These games were played during carnival week and each one resulted in a victory for the fast 9th, making them the baseball champions in the Philippine Islands. As a reward they were presented with a beautiful loving cup at the Trade School diamond last Friday by Mr. Milton Springer, manager of the Manila baseball league.

FORT SNELLING.

Fort Snelling, Minn., March 12, 1921.

Mrs. C. H. Farrish entertained Tuesday for the Afternoon Card Club. The officers and their wives of the garrison gave a dinner dance Friday in the Service Club. Dinner was served at small tables and Col. A. W. Bjornstad, Captain Smith and Mrs. C. H. Farrish auctioned the dinners, the proceeds to go to the starving children of China. The 49th Infantry band played. A large number of guests from the Twin Cities motored out for the dance.

Lieut. C. S. Gilbert, Inf., entertained Wednesday evening for the Wednesday Bridge Club.

Capt. and Mrs. Tom Fox are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son born March 8 at Northwestern Hospital, Minneapolis.

Capt. and Mrs. Charles Porterfield, who have been guests of Captain Porterfield's mother, Mrs. K. K. P. Porterfield, St. Paul, left Wednesday for their new station at Camp Travis, Texas. They recently arrived here from Coblenz, Germany, where Captain Porterfield has been for two years with the American Forces. During their visit in St. Paul they were honored guests at a number of entertainments.

The utmost enthusiasm is apparent in the newly organized Social Service Club, which comprises all the women of the garrison interested in social activities. The club, organized a few weeks ago under direction of Chaplain A. C. Oliver, has a big membership and already has a program of more than usual interest. Co-operating with the Chaplain are the wives of the officers of the 49th Infantry.

Fort Snelling, Minn., March 19, 1921.

Mrs. J. E. Gilligan entertained Tuesday for the Afternoon Card Club. Mrs. E. G. Sherburne and Edward G. Sherburne, Jr., returned Tuesday from St. Louis, where they spent two weeks the guests of relatives. Miss Margery Sturtevant entertained Thursday evening at an animal party for eleven guests. Lieut. A. D. Johnson left Tuesday for New York, sailing later for Panama for station.

The alumni of the U.S. Military Academy are giving a dinner to-night in the Windsor room of the St. Paul Hotel. Covers are to be used for Capt. Girard Sturtevant '05, J. B. Woolough '14, W. T. Wilder '28, Major H. C. Ingles '14, E. G. Sherburne '15, B. H. Feid '05, A. S. Balsam '15, Fulton '04, McDowell '09, Lieutenants Rose '17, Mumma '17, Davis '18, Goode '17, Captain Cross, Miss Sturtevant, Misses Sturtevant, Sherburne, Feid, Rose, Balsam, McDowell, Wilder, Goode, and Mrs. Davis, widow of Col. F. G. Davis '92.

The officers of the 49th Infantry entertained Friday evening at the Service Club with an informal dance. Mrs. L. G. Berry, wife of Colonel Berry, Omaha, is the guest of her son-in-law and daughter, Capt. and Mrs. Tom Fox.

SAN DIEGO AND NEARBY BASES.

San Diego, Calif., March 17, 1921.

Master Sergt. L. H. Scott and Pvt. L. L. Turner, of the 91st Aero Squadron, narrowly escaped death Saturday while making a flight from Rockwell Field along the border in a De Haviland airplane. They encountered a severe hail storm while at an altitude of about 9,000 feet, then ran into a rain storm, and finally tried to alight to a landing in the mountains with the result that they struck in soft ground, their plane turning over and smashing a gasoline feed pipe. A resulting fire destroyed the plane, the occupants leaping from the cockpit as the De Haviland was turning over.

Recently Major and Mrs. Frank Drake were hosts at Fort Rosecrans at a farewell bridge party given in honor of Col. and Mrs. Gordon Robinson and Chaplain and Mrs. Joseph L. Hunter. Col. Robinson has returned to Fort Riley, San Francisco, as Chaplain Hunter is to go to Fort Grant, Ill., for new duties. Mrs. Hunter will remain here until her son, now in the hospital, is able to accompany her to Fort Grant.

Lieut. and Mrs. A. M. Wilson, of Fort Rosecrans, entertained recently at that post with an evening of bridge, their guests including Col. and Mrs. Edwin Landon, Madeline Landon, Major and Mrs. Frank Drake and Lieut. and Mrs. Hutchinson.

Lieut. and Mrs. E. J. Beakes, U.S.N., retired, have as guests Dr. and Mrs. E. C. Blazdell, of Portsmouth, N.H. Col. Robert H. Noble, Inf., U.S.A., in charge of National Guard affairs in the 9th Army Corps Area, with headquarters in San Francisco, came here Tuesday to inspect and muster into the Federal service two companies of Coast Artillery, National Guard of California.

THIRD DIVISION NOTES.

Camp Pike, Ark., March 17, 1921.

Mrs. W. F. Dalton gave a tea and bridge at the 7th Infantry Club on March 15 for Mmes. Lewis, Davis, Waterman, Powers, Tarleton, Brown, Rosenbaum, Clark, Kline, Wright, Marshall, Cross, Walk, Naylor, Rhett, Lovett, Ayres, Gregory, Chamberlain, Butler, Gairut, Chapman, Elliot, McNeil, McAdams, Ward, Wainwright, Blodgett, Irwin, Wagner, the Misses Spencer, Baldwin and Strickland.

The Visitors' House was the scene of three dinner parties on Saturday. Brig. Gen. and Mrs. E. M. Lewis entertained for forty-three guests. Col. and Mrs. H. C. Smith entertained for the younger set of the camp, among whom were Misses Baldwin, Smith, Robotham, Drexel and Murray, Captain McCullough, Lieutenant Gering, Mays, Miller and Lebke. Lieut. and Mrs. Russell H. Dixon were hosts for the 18th Field Artillery Regiment and Capt. and Mrs. Robert S. McKenzie.

Lieut. Ulmont O. Cumming had a small dinner party at the Country Club on Saturday. On Friday night the 7th Infantry gave a dance at their club. Major and Mrs. Herbert J. Wild entertained at bridge and dancing March 15 in honor of Miss Dorothy Robotham at the Visitors' House. The guests were Misses Baldwin, Drexel, Smith, Robotham, Lieutenant Hildebrand, Williams, Gering and Miller.

Mrs. H. C. Smith and Mrs. G. M. Allen, of the camp, were guests of Mrs. S. Cochran, of Little Rock, at the Country Club on Wednesday. Majors J. J. Waterman and Gardner and Lieutenants Green, Searles and Dayton, 76th F.A., entertained the Brigade Bridge Club at their club on Friday evening. Chile con carne was served.

Lieut. and Mrs. A. F. White had bridge on Saturday for Capt. and Mrs. Shaffer, Major and Mrs. McNeil, Capt. and Mrs.

Gage, Capt. and Mrs. Gale, Lieuts. and Mmes. Pritchett, Walsh and Baker. Lieut. and Mrs. Clifton A. Pritchett had as dinner guests Lieut. and Mrs. Burton L. Lucas, 38th Inf. Mrs. Schenck H. Griffin, wife of Captain Griffin, 6th Engrs., gave a bridge luncheon, entertaining Mmes. Rhett, Hunter, Pritchett, Fairbanks, White, Lopez, McKenzie and Miss Sandoz.

Mrs. Robert A. Hunter, wife of Captain Hunter, 6th Engrs., entertained eight ladies of camp with a brigade luncheon. Mrs. Rosenbaum, wife of Colonel Rosenbaum, entertained at cards in honor of Mrs. W. A. Chapman. While the guests were at lunch the 7th Infantry band played selections on the lawn. Those present were Misses Chapman, Rhett, Brown, Gregory, Lovett, Dalton, Ayres, Blodgett, Chamberlain, Walk, Marshall and Miss Strickland.

The Springtime Picnic Club, composed of Capt. and Mrs. Shaffer, Lieuts. and Mmes. Walsh, Weasley, Baker and White, held its first monthly picnic last Sunday in a forest about ten miles from camp. Horseback was the means of transportation.

A progressive dinner was held last Saturday by the officers and ladies of the 38th Infantry, courses being served at the quarters of the various officers of the regiment. The guests first assembled at regimental headquarters and then motored in turn to the homes of Major and Mrs. Carr, officers' mess, Capt. and Mrs. Beck, Col. and Mrs. Wagner, and thence to Col. and Mrs. Wickhams, where the last course was served. The party then repaired to the Visitors' House and attended the weekly dance of the Saturday Evening Club.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

BORN.

BALLARD.—Born at Chillicothe, Ohio, March 15, 1921, to the wife of Capt. James L. Ballard, U.S.A., a son, Robert Early Ballard.

CARR.—Born at Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 28, 1921, to the wife of Lieut. Frank L. Carr, U.S. Cav., a son, Donald Craig Carr.

DAWLEY.—Born at Providence, R.I., March 14, 1921, to Major E. J. Dawley, U.S.A., and Mrs. Dawley a daughter, Harriet Dawley.

DUNN.—Born at Camp Bragg, N.C., Feb. 28, 1921, to the wife of Capt. Sidney F. Dunn, Field Art., U.S.A., a daughter, Nancy Reed Dunn.

EVEY.—Born at Camp Grant, Ill., March 18, 1921, to the wife of Major John M. Evey, Dental Corps, U.S.A., a daughter, Mary Jane Evey.

GORDER.—Born at Camp Devens, Mass., March 13, 1921, to the wife of Capt. Alexander O. Gorder, U.S.A., a son, Robert Alexander Gorder.

HEWITT.—Born at Boston, Mass., March 16, 1921, a daughter, Margaret Kingland Hewitt, to the wife of Capt. Leland H. Hewitt, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A.

MILLER.—Born at Schofield Barracks, H.T., Feb. 26, 1921, to the wife of Major Fauntley M. Miller, 44th U.S. Inf., a daughter, Susan Jane Miller.

OSBURN.—Born at New York city, March 19, 1921, to the wife of Lieut. Comdr. F. W. Osburn, U.S.N., a son, Clarke William Osburn.

PURDY.—Born at Coblenz, Germany, March 6, 1921, to the wife of Lieut. William G. Purdy, U.S.A., a son.

SARINI.—Born at Fort Sill, Okla., Feb. 25, 1921, to the wife of Capt. D. J. Sabini, U.S.A., a son, John Anthony Sabini.

SHERMAN.—Born at Camp Devens, Mass., March 16, 1921, to the wife of Capt. Raymond Sherman, U.S.A., a son, James Allen Sherman.

WARNER.—Born at St. Paul Hospital, St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 23, 1921, to the wife of Major O. C. Warner, Coast Art., U.S.A., a son, William Lovell Warner.

ZUPPANN.—Born at Fort McIntosh, Texas, March 20, 1921, to the wife of Capt. Lloyd Zuppann, Inf., U.S.A., a son, Lloyd, Jr.

MARRIED.

BRISLAWN-WALLER.—At Manila, P.I., Jan. 15, 1921, Lieut. Mark G. Brislawn, Inf., U.S.A., and Miss Anna Waller.

PERSHING-OUTCAULT.—At New York city, March 19, 1921, Mr. Frank E. Pershing, nephew of Gen. John J. Pershing, U.S.A., and Miss Mary Jane Outcault.

WHITTAKER-ASHLEY.—At Honolulu, H.T., March 3, 1921, Lieut. LeRoy A. Whittaker, U.S.A., and Miss Catherine Ashley.

DIED.

BLACKBURN.—Died at Philadelphia, Pa., on Sunday, March 20, Dorothy, infant daughter of Comdr. and Mrs. Charles T. Blackburn, U.S.N., age five and one-half months.

BRODERICK.—Died at Brooklyn, N.Y., March 12, 1921, Mr. John E. Broderick, father of Capt. John A. Broderick, U.S.A.

GEORGE.—Died at El Paso, Texas, March 12, 1921, of tuberculosis contracted while serving in the Submarine Service during the World War. John Hatch George, son of the late Major Charles P. George, U.S.A. (retired), and brother of Major Charles P. George, 19th Field Art., U.S.A.

HARRIS.—Died on March 18, 1921, at her residence, The Brighton Hotel, Washington, Sophia A. Harris, wife of Rear Admiral U. R. Harris, U.S.N.

HAYNES.—Died at Camp Meade, Md., Feb. 14, 1921, Mrs. Florence Parker Haynes, wife of Lieut. Allen F. Haynes, U.S.A., and daughter of Col. Henry W. Parker, U.S. Cav.

KNAPP.—Died at Hartford, Conn., March 23, 1921, Mary Eunice Burritt Knapp, wife of Frederic Knapp and mother of Rear Admiral Harry S. Knapp, U.S.N., retired.

LAX.—Died at Long Beach, Calif., March 8, 1921, 1st Lieut. Barkley E. Lax, U.S.A., retired.

MORTON.—Died at Honolulu, H.T., March 5, 1921, Ida Hastings Morton, wife of Major Gen. Charles G. Morton, U.S.A., and daughter of the late Major David H. Hastings, U.S.A.

RICE.—Died at Washington, D.C., Robert Torrey Rice, son of Col. John H. Rice, Ord. Dept., U.S.A., and Mary Angell Rice, aged fifteen years and nine months.

WARNER.—Died at St. Paul Hospital, St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 26, 1921, William Lovell Warner, four-day-old son of Major O. C. Warner, Coast Art., U.S.A., and Mrs. Warner.

WEIRICK.—Died at Los Angeles, Calif., March 16, 1921, Capt. Samuel T. Weirick, U.S.A., retired, formerly of the Medical Corps.

NAVY GAZETTE.

(Continued from page 833.)

Ensign W. T. McMahon to U.S.S. Prairie.

Mach. B. Rolf to U.S.S. Charleston.

Orders to Officers March 21, 1921.

Lieut. W. R. Buechner to conn. f.o. U.S.S. California and on board when comm.

Comdr. T. F. Caldwell to off. in charge, Navy Rec't. Sta., Salt Lake City, Utah.

Lieut. Comdr. W. W. Cress to duty U.S.S. Vestal.

Chief Carp. G. P. Fitzmaurice to conn. f.o. U.S.S. Maryland and on board when comm.

Ens. B. Holland to duty Naval Training Station, San Francisco.

Lieut. W. P. Keane (Med.C.) to duty U.S.S. Neptune.

Ens. T. B. O'Connell to duty U.S.S. Oriole.

Lieut. J. A. Rebentisch (Sup.C.) to U.S.S. Galveston as sup. off.

Carp. J. T. Rutherford to duty U.S.S. Rainbow.

Lieut. A. P. M. Shock (Sup.C.) to U.S.S. San Francisco as sup. off.

Lieut. D. D. Shoefeld (Med.C.) to Naval Training Station, Hampton Roads, Va.

Lieut. (j.g.) I. W. Thompson (Sup.C.) to Supply and Disp. Off., Naval Ammunition Depot, St. Julian's Creek, Va.

Lieut. (j.g.) G. W. Travis to duty U.S.S. S-7.

Lieut. Comdr. E. L. Vanderkloot to duty U.S.S. Mississippi.

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Lieut. (j.g.) R. C. Welles to duty U.S.S. H-4.

Ensigns P. F. Hunt and C. P. Woodson to U.S.S. Roper.

Orders to Officers March 22, 1921.

Lieut. (j.g.) C. Axelson to Naval Training Station, San Francisco.

Lieut. C. G. De Foney (M.C.) to U.S.S. Pensacola.

Chief Btsn. L. D. Douglas to duty U.S.S. Finch.

Chief Btsn. J. J. De Voto to conn. f.o. U.S.S. Maryland and on board when commissioned.

Lieut. J. K. Jayne to conn. f.o. U.S.S. S-9 and on board when commissioned.

Ensign C. E. Kiefer to duty U.S.S. Heron.

Capt. S. E. W. Kittelle to Governor of Virgin Islands and Commandant of Naval Station.

Gunr. W. Lamb to conn. f.o. U.S.S. Maryland and on board when commissioned.

Lieut. (j.g.) G. A. C. Leutritz to duty Naval Training Station, San Francisco.

Chief Gunr. C. W. Reimann to conn. f.o. U.S.S. Maryland and on board when commissioned.

Comdr. A. H. Rice to duty San Diego, Calif.

Capt. R. R. Wells to duty Naval Air Station, San Diego.

Ensigns W. H. Buraker, M. A. Baber, W. R. Cushman, E. P. Forrester, R. Keith, F. Purrucker and Lieut. P. F. Shortridge to U.S.S. Bruce.

Lieut. Comdr. E. H. Connor to temporary command U.S.S. Zeilin.

Lieut. (j.g.) G. B. Carter to U.S.S. Zeilin.

Ensigns J. A. Dwyer, M. A. O'Connor and Lieut. C. F. Ware to U.S.S. Philip.

Ensign C. C. Ferrenz to U.S.S. Zeilin.

Comdr. H. C. Gearing, Jr., to temporary command U.S.S. Bruce.

Ensign H. C. Hamilton to U.S.S. Montgomery.

Lieut. Comdr. J. D. Moore to temporary command U.S.S. Philip.

Lieut. G. E. Ross to U.S.S. McLanahan.

Ensign W. W. Smith to U.S.S. Gambit.

Lieut. P. U. Trevis, Ensigns W. G. Tomlinson, H. W. Turney and D. T. Whitmer, U.S.S. Philip; to U.S.S. Zeilin.

Lieut. R. S. Wyman to U.S.S. Bruce.

Ensigns S. S. Kenney (C1-4) and C. A. Rumble (C1-4) to duty Reserve Divisions.

STATE FORCES.

Brig. Gen. C. I. Martin, Adjutant General of Kansas, was introduced to President Harding on March 21 by Senator Capper, of Kansas, who urged General Martin's appointment as Chief of the Bureau of Militia Affairs of the War Department. For this post, Senator Capper said, General Martin has the endorsement of thirty-five state governors.

Col. William C. Langfitt, U.S.A., retired, who during the World War held the rank of major general, and was Chief Engineer of the A.E.F., will review the 22d Engineers, N.Y. N.G., in its armory in New York city Monday night, April 4. Colonel Langfitt is now a resident of Flushing, N.Y.

The annual convention of the National Guard Association of New York will be held at Albany, N.Y., April 1, and a large attendance is looked for.

9TH N.Y., COL. JOHN J. BYRNE.

Col. John Ross Delafield, late colonel, U.S.A., and Col. G. W. Burleigh, J.A., State of New York, jointly reviewed the 9th Coast Defense Command, N.Y.N.G., under Col. J. J. Byrne, in its armory in New York city on the night of March 22, the regiment having a large turnout and making a commendable display. The reviewing officers, together with ex-Governor Charles S. Whitman, Brig. Gen. O. B. Bridgeman, N.Y.N.G., and ex-Col. Louis D. Conley, of the 9th N.Y., in some interesting remarks to the officers of the command, following the military ceremonies, praised the exhibition made by the regiment and the progress made despite the difficulties of recruiting. All the speakers urged the officers to continue their efforts for progress and efficiency, so as to be ready for any emergency that under the present state of world-wide unrest might come sooner than expected.

The command was assembled promptly at the appointed time by Capt. J. G. P. Stokes, the regimental adjutant, and was formed in line of masses for the review. During evening parade which followed some fifty state World War medals were presented to members and ex-members of the command, including Col. J. J. Byrne, Lieut. Col. L. M. Thierry, Capt. L. R. Walton, ex-Capt. J. R. Delafield and Major Mills Miller. The formal presentations were made by ex-Governor Whitman. Regimental Long Service Medals were presented to Col. J. J. Byrne for twenty-five years, to Lieut. Col. L





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ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

The Answers Department is intended for the information of all readers of the paper. We do not answer questions as to personal standing in examinations or individual prospects of appointment or call to duty. Inquiries are so numerous and so varied in character, and in so many cases require time for special research, that we are unable to respond to the request for a personal reply to letters. Inquiries will be answered in the paper as soon as possible after their receipt. Questions must be accompanied by name and address of inquirer.

G. E.—A soldier who served in Cuba during 1902 and 1903 is entitled to count that service double toward retirement. Cuban service counts double in all enlistments entered upon prior to Aug. 24, 1912. See A.R. 134.

G. H.—The base pay of a warrant officer is \$1,320 a year; add ten per cent. longevity for each five years up to twenty. Allowances of a second lieutenant. A warrant officer is retired under same conditions as a commissioned officer. A warrant officer may hold a commission in the Reserve Corps while he is holding the grade as warrant officer. A captain (emergency) discharged Oct. 31, 1919, re-enlisted Nov. 15, 1919, was not entitled to the \$90 bonus upon re-enlisting Nov. 15, 1919. No action was taken in Congress on the bill creating three grades of warrant officers.

J. A. S. asks: If a man was born in the Philippines and enlisted over there (P.I.), served for five years in the islands, came to the United States and took out papers and became a citizen of the United States does he get credit for five years' double time? Answer: No.

U. S. W. V.—Apply through channel for your lineal number on list of technical sergeants of your corps.

F. J. K.—The Army Appropriation act does not carry any provision for changing pay or retirement provisions of warrant officers.

R. D. W.—The 16th Field Artillery was organized May, 1917. Stationed at Sparta, Wis., May to October, 1917; Battery F was at Fort Snelling October to December, 1917, and at Camp Greene, N.C., from December, 1917, to May, 1918. The regiment went abroad in June, 1918, and served in the A.E.F.

R. A. P. asks: Served as commissioned officer during World War; honorably discharged from commission 1910; re-enlisted and was retired as enlisted man September, 1919. Am I entitled to retired pay as warrant officer? Answer: Yes; apply to Finance Department.

R. L. S.—Address Lieut. Col. Fred W. Bugbee, U.S.A., Manila, P.I.

M. D. G.—As your commissioned service began Oct. 11, 1917, you are well down on the list made up of captains and lieutenants arranged among themselves as to length of commissioned service between April 6, 1917, and Nov. 11, 1918. That may explain why you did not find your name among the nominees for promotion, none of which, by the way, were confirmed.

J. S.—The base pay of technical sergeant appointed Jan. 1, 1921, is shown in Sec. 4b of the Army Reorganization act.

Base pay of second grade is \$53; temporary increase of twenty per cent. is \$10.60; longevity of forty per cent. for man over twenty years in the Service, add \$20.20. He is also entitled to the extra ration.

J. S. Write to Representative Julius Kahn regarding the twenty-five-year retirement bill for the Army. Such a measure was not considered in the recent Congress.

F. P.—Regarding your prospects for appointment from technical to master sergeant, Q.M.C., apply through channel.

W. A.—The fact of your having been appointed sergeant March 2, 1921, would not preclude you from becoming a technical sergeant when vacancies occur. We could not say how you rated in examination for technical sergeant last October. Apply through channel for further information.

W. H. T.—Apply through channel to Bureau of Navigation as to your eligibility for examination on May 16.

J. W.—As you were discharged ten days before the approval of the pay increase act of May 18, 1920, you are not entitled to difference in pay from Jan. 1 to May 8, 1920.

H. S. B.—Questions regarding state war bonuses should be sent to the treasurer or comptroller of the state concerned.

F. G. T.—The four new battleships of Japan are the Fusō, Hyuga, Ise and Yamashiro. They are 658 feet long, have a displacement of 31,000 and a speed of 22.5 knots. Their main batteries are twelve 14-inch guns. The armor on the turrets is 12 inches. These ships were completed during 1915-1918. The French Government has suspended work on the Tourville and Gascoigne class of battleships, and they will not be completed. The Italian Government has stopped work on the battleships of the Caracciolo class. They were vessels of 28,000-31,000 tons and were to carry eight 15-inch guns and have a speed of 25 knots.

R. B. H.—The Navy Department memorandum of Nov. 1, 1919, regarding annual submission of statement as to "number of drills and study periods attended; naval studies pursued; amount and kind of active duty, and any equivalent duty," does not apply to Class 3 officers.

R. L.—Bulletin 43, 1918, gives the authority for the wearing of foreign decorations by those in the U.S. Army who received such foreign decorations in connection with service against the Germans. Regulations regarding the wearing of overseas and divisional insignia should be on file at your headquarters.

S. M.—Your name has not appeared on lists for promotion to captain.

T. L. H. asks: (1) While serving on a four-year extension of enlistment, which would have expired April 30, 1918, a man was given temporary appointment as warrant officer. Date of appointment July 2, 1917. On April 2, 1919, was issued a temporary appointment as a chief warrant officer (present status). Holds permanent appointment as a C.P.O. only. In the event of his reverting to a C.P.O. this year what is his status? (2) Would he be entitled to four months' gratuity pay for four-year extension of enlistment which would have expired April 30, 1918? (3) Would he be entitled to another four months' gratuity for enlistment which would expire April 30, 1922, provided he immediately re-enlisted at the expiration of that time, after having received an honorable discharge, of course? (4) In the event of his marks entitling him to good conduct bars for these periods of time would he have a legitimate claim for back pay on same? (5) Would he receive two increases of pay for the two periods which would expire April 30, 1922? Answer: (1) His enlistment was automatically extended and upon revocation of his temporary status he will be discharged because of the expiration of his term of enlistment. (2 and 3) He will not be entitled to honorable discharge gratuity until he re-enlists. (4) No. (5) Only one increase, on actual re-enlistment.

I. P. B. asks: Is it practicable under prevalent regulations for an officer of the Reserve Corps (inactive status) to transfer from one branch of the Service to another, i.e., from the line to the Staff Corps and from one Staff Corps to another? Answer: "Promotions and transfers shall be made under such rules as may be prescribed by the President." The regulations are under revision. Meanwhile, apply to The A.G. regarding the possibility of transfer under the provisions of Sec. 24d, Army Reorganization act, as they apply to the Army: "Upon his own application any officer may be transferred to another branch without loss of rank or change of place on the promotion list."

A. D.—Longevity does not accrue on the retired list, but active duty on the retired list counts toward promotion on retired list. See Sec. 127a, amended National Defense act.

J. L.—Regarding the carrier pigeon detail, apply to The A.G.

E. M.—Retired U.S. soldier should apply to The A.G. for the conditions under which he may reside abroad and retain his pay status.

A. N. G.—It is not possible for this department to explain the rule by which the board of commissioners of the Soldiers' Home comes to a conclusion. If you wish a reconsideration of your application, present your reason for making the request and submit it through the channel.

J. T. M. asks: If service at training camps does not count for man on the precedent list, first lieutenants promoted to captains, how could a man who was commissioned Aug. 7, 1917, be placed ahead of a man commissioned Aug. 6, 1917? Answer: According to age. See Sec. 24s, Army Reorganization act.

E. H. S.—Your reduction by Circular 350 was necessary, it was seen, since you were surplus in grade. An applicant for promotion should receive a reply to his communication. Submit your inquiry, regarding application papers, through the channel.

J. M.—Apply to The A.G. regarding dates of arrivals and departure of the Volunteer organizations mentioned.

R. T. C. asks: Private A enlists for three years, and a month later deserts (in time of peace); three years later he applies for deserter's release under the statute of limitations. Will he be entitled to obtain same, if he has been in continental limits of the United States during the entire period? Answer: See A.R. 125.

B. J. asks: (1) Discharged as captain October, 1919; re-enlisted November, 1919; discharged December, 1920, to accept appointment as warrant officer. Was I entitled to the \$90 bonus when I re-enlisted, or will I receive the bonus upon my discharge? (2) What is the pay of warrant officer and longevity pay and allowances for one who has served thirty-three years in the Army? (3) Are the wife and children entitled to allotment the same as enlisted men? (4) Am I entitled to travel pay upon my discharge to accept appointment as warrant officer? (5) Was I entitled to travel pay from Fort Leavenworth, Kas., to San Francisco, Calif.; discharged as captain on Oct. 31, 1919? (6) How much would I receive? Answer: (1) Neither. (2) Base pay is \$1,320; longevity is ten per cent. each five years up to forty per cent. Allowances of second lieutenant. (3) No; you may make voluntary allotment to your family. (4) No. (5) To place of accepting commission. (6) Ask Finance Department.

MRS. L. E. G. asks: (1) Soldier carrying \$10,000 in insurance. In event of death does his widow receive same in lump sum or at rate of \$57.50 per month for twenty years? (2) Prior to June 4, 1920, when soldiers were paid for enrollment periods, what was paid to soldiers of the Q.M.C.? Answer: (1) If soldier so directed in his application, payment could be made in thirty-six monthly payments. (2) \$52.80 to \$61.60, according to period.

W. H. K. asks: I see the article in your magazine of Feb. 5, 1921, regarding joint resolution passed by the House Committee on Naval Affairs regarding wearing of uniforms, and was indeed glad to hear it was passed. A man honorably discharged from naval service, then convicted of felony and sentenced, then pardoned—question: How much time must elapse before he can be reinstated? The Governor of this state will write a letter recommending reinstatement. To whom should this letter be addressed? The pardon restores citizenship. Answer: Your question is not clear. This man seems to have completely severed his connection with the Navy, and the question would be will he pass the recruiting officer? The Navy is under no obligation to enlist any man. Apply to Bureau of Navigation.

C. I. C.—Apply to the Q.M. General regarding qualifications of master sergeant in Q.M. Corps.

H. K.—The Finance officer that sent the Liberty bond to the soldier would naturally have received a receipt from him. Answer: No.



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or a return of the bond. If you desire to get in communication with the ex-soldier, it may be that The A.G.O. could give you his last known address on proper application.

J. D. B.—Apply to Bureau of Navigation as to your right to the Nicaraguan campaign medal. This is awarded to all officers and men of the Navy and Marine Corps who took part in the Nicaraguan Expedition between Aug. 28, 1912, and Nov. 2, 1912.

A. N. G. asks: I have been informed by the authorities at the Soldiers' Home, Washington, D.C., that service performed as a temporary commissioned officer during the war cannot be counted in determining eligibility for admission to the Home after twenty years' service, under Par. 179, Army Regulations. My contention is that admission to the Home is a modified form of retirement and, as such, would come under the provisions of the act of Congress dated March 30, 1918, to provide for restoration to their former grades of enlisted men discharged to accept commissions. In this act it is provided that "in computing service for retirement and continuous-service pay shall be credited with all time served with the forces of the United States, and his service shall be deemed continuous, notwithstanding the interruption thereof by the changes of status provided for herein." Answer: The ruling of the authorities seems to be correct, since the law cited specifically states two purposes, and none other, for which this service may be credited, retirement and pay. Entrance to a soldiers' home is not retirement. It takes thirty years' service to retire an enlisted man. See A.R. 134. However, we would advise submission through the channel to the J.A.G. for an opinion.

H. L. B.—Since dress uniform is not authorized at present, there is no authority for wearing badges of military societies on the uniform. The Uniform Regulations will be reprinted, when funds are available. The revision no doubt will include the Veterans of Foreign Wars as a recognized military society.

A. E. asks: I retired Sept. 10, 1918; recalled for active duty Dec. 12, 1918. Am I entitled to the \$60 bonus paid to all soldiers who served in the World War between April 6, 1917, and Nov. 11, 1918? Answer: No; you were returned to the retired list; were not discharged.

W. T. C.—Apply to The A.G. for date of arrival of the City Park at Manila with Headquarters and 1st Batn., 29th U.S. Vol. Inf., in 1899.

BONUS.—If you re-enlisted after June 4, 1920, for three years, the \$90 bonus was payable with first pay. If yours was a first enlistment for three years, entered upon after June 4, 1920, you will receive the \$90 in 1923.

R. B. H. asks: If an officer afloat, not drawing commutation and quarters, is granted ninety days' leave on shore pay, is he allowed commutation and quarters during the leave period? Answer: No.

J. O. F.—Headquarters, 1st Infantry, was in Cuba Jan. 4, 1899, to Aug. 8, 1900; various companies had various dates of service. Headquarters was in the Philippines Oct. 1, 1900, to March 25, 1903; again March 1, 1907, to May 15, 1908.

M. L. G.—Mail for soldiers with the American Forces in Germany should be addressed thus: "Pvt. John Smith, U.S.A., Co. _____, Inf., American Forces in Germany."

W. V. G.—Retired Army man going out of the country for a few months should register his address with The A.G. and make arrangements for his pay check.

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¶ The machinery cost in the manufacture of footwear is no more to-day than it has been for twenty years. It has never been more than six cents per pair, a sum less even than the price of the carton in which shoes are delivered to you at a retail store.

CAMP NORMOYLE.

Camp Normoyle, Texas, March 18, 1921.

The Camp Normoyle basketball team on Thursday won the championship of the Army Basketball League of the 8th Corps Area by defeating the strongest team the 2d Division could place in the league. The official designation of the 2d Division team is Camp Travis No. 2, which is composed of players of the 9th and 23d Infantry. The Normoyle team finished with the same five throughout the game, while the 2d Division team made nine substitutions during the two twenty-minute halves. The score was 37 to 29. This game was the hardest fought the Army basketball fans have witnessed throughout the season. Intense feeling between the heretofore unconquerable 2d Division team several weeks ago and therefore tied for the championship, which necessitated this extra game being played off. The game was played on neutral grounds at Fort Sam Houston. The gymnasium was packed and the attendance estimated at 4,000 persons, about 700 of which were from Camp Normoyle. Fully 3,000 from the 2d Division could not get inside the hall. Major General Dickman, Commanding General of the 8th Corps Areas, was present with his staff. The General presented a beautiful silver cup to the champions, with appropriate remarks. The fact that the Camp Normoyle garrison only consists of about 750, while the 2d Division is composed of close on to 18,000, speaks well for the type of athletes of which Camp Normoyle boasts.

A dinner was given the victors by the officers and ladies of the garrison on their return to camp, and the band turned out to serenade the players. It was early in the morning before the camp was restored to its natural quiet. Each member of the team will be presented with a gold basketball watch fob and a 'varsity sweater. The following composed the Camp Normoyle team: Bunn, r.f.; Rodriguez, l.f.; Ward, c.; Carlock, r.g.; Quasick, l.g.; McCullough, Perry, Berkstrasser, Watkins, Paiza.

Much credit is due Lieut. R. L. Lawrence, E. and R. officers and Lieut. Claude L. Mumble, coach, for the wonderful record made by the team.

Major Francis J. Torney has reported for duty and Mrs. Torney and son will join him shortly. Major Torney has been assigned as depot supply officer, relieving Capt. Clarence Longacre, who has been made camp quartermaster as well as commanding officer, Motor Repair, Company C. Several officers received their promotions during the past week. 1st Lieuts. E. F. Wallender, H. O. Snyder, C. O. Temple, and 2d Lieut. C. H. Odeon becoming captains, and 2d Lieuts. W. H. Mosby, O. H. Foggin, N. W. Thomas, and Laurel E. Stone first lieutenants. It is planned by these officers to give a promotion party to the officers and ladies of the garrison. Lieut. C. E. Jones will depart on March 26 on a ten-day leave for the purpose of taking unto himself a wife. After a honeymoon spent in the Middle West they will return to the garrison and occupy Quarters 38, Apartment 4. The next monthly hop of the Officers' Club is to be held on April 6, and is to be a barn dance.

SECOND DIVISION NOTES.

Camp Travis, Texas, March 14, 1921.

The 2d Artillery Brigade of the 2d Division, at Camp Travis, was reviewed March 8 at the Salado parade grounds north of Camp Travis, by Major Gen. Joseph T. Dickman, commander of the 8th Corps Area, and Major Gen. James G. Harbord, commander of the 2d Division. The review was preliminary to a week of target practice the brigade will engage in at Camp Stanley. In the review the entire brigade, composed of the 12th and 15th Field Artillery Regiments and the 2d Ammunition Train, under command of Lieut. Col. George V. H. Moseley, passed down the field, first at a walk and then at a gallop. Equipment and men were then inspected by General Harbord. This was the first time in many weeks that the public had an opportunity of seeing the entire brigade together, as the batteries composing it have been going through firing practice separately for several months.

Mrs. Louis M. Nuttman, wife of Colonel Nuttman, chief of staff of the 2d Division, has taken her place among the prominent Army hostesses here and has become prominently identified with society circles of the city.

West Point graduates stationed in the vicinity of Camp Travis held a banquet at the Gunter Hotel, San Antonio, March 12. An elaborate dinner and program of speeches and entertainment was carried out. Approximately 100 officers and former officers were present. Major Gen. Joseph T. Dickman, Class of '81, was presiding officer, and Col. Lytle Brown, '98, toastmaster. Brig. Gen. Hanson E. Ely, '01, gave a short talk on "Alma Mater—What We and Others Owe to Her." Brig. Gen. W. S. Scott, retired, '80, made an address on "My Opinions Fixed in the Seventies." F. W. Russell, '68, a civilian, the oldest graduate present, gave a talk on "Lest We Forget. Let Us Reminiscere a While."

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Hanson E. Ely were honor guests at a pretty dinner party given by Major and Mrs. John L. Jenkins on March 11, after which the entire party attended the brigade hop at Camp Travis. The guests included Col. and Mrs. Louis M. Nuttman, Col. and Mrs. Wolf, Lieut. and Mrs. Stockton, Miss Pearl Wilkinson, Colonel Brown, Lieutenant Barber and Sidney Shepherd.

Col. and Mrs. J. De Camp Hall entertained with a dinner at the Country Club on March 10, honoring Major and Mrs. Alexander Wilson. The guest list included Major and Mrs. C. P. Mills, Col. and Mrs. Burton, Col. and Mrs. Wolf, Major and Mrs. Skillman.

Col. Paul A. Wolf, commander of the 9th Infantry at Camp Travis, will leave about the latter part of May or early June for Denver to assume command of the Reserve Officers' Training

Camp. Colonel Wolf will take with him a picked staff of qualified training officers. Colonel Wolf is known as possibly the best rifle shot in the Army, having taken part in numerous contests and has received many prizes. He also was the first commandant of the civilian training camp at Plattsburgh.

The 23d Infantry basketball team defeated the 20th Infantry team by a score of 53 to 16 on March 7. On March 9 the 9th and 23d Infantry played an exceedingly close game of basketball, resulting in a score of 32 to 29, in favor of the 23d Infantry.

FOURTH DIVISION AND CAMP LEWIS NOTES.

Camp Lewis, Wash., March 17, 1921.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. R. M. Blatchford were guests of honor at a reception given by the officers and ladies of the 8th Infantry Brigade on Tuesday. Among the hosts in the receiving line were Col. and Mrs. P. H. Mullay, Col. W. H. Jordan, Major and Mrs. F. E. Walts, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. A. W. Bradbury. Mrs. W. M. Inglis, wife of Major Inglis, sang several songs. The 8th Infantry Brigade band furnished music during the afternoon, and dancing followed the reception until the dinner hour.

Mrs. E. D'A. Pearce, wife of Colonel Pearce, commanding the 59th C.A.C., and Major R. D. Johnson were the special hosts at the weekly hop at the Camp Lewis Officers' Club on Friday.

The Riding and Hunt Club went to Cranny Crow on Sunday's ride. More than fifty officers and guests participated in the cross-country chase, and the committee, composed of Colonel Holcomb, Captain Speed and Lieutenant Matlack, had arranged a surprise for the party as part of the program. Among the officers attending with guests were: Col. P. S. Golderman, Col. F. P. Holcomb, Majors French, Lyons, Porter, Gurney, Dunigan and Johnson, Captains Dupuy, Houston, Manley, Price, Speed and Jones and Lieutenants Jones, Persons and Matlack.

Major Andrew D. Chaffin, G.S., arrived from San Francisco on Friday to take up his new duties as assistant chief of staff for military intelligence. Mrs. Chaffin accompanied the Major and quarters were assigned.

Major S. Frankenberger, 16th F.A., and Mrs. Frankenberger announced the birth of a daughter. Capt. John W. Luftrio arrived on Tuesday and has been assigned to duty with Major Dishman. Mrs. Luftrio is expected from Washington at an early date. Captain Luftrio was at one time adjutant of the 2d Division.

Lieuts. and Mmes. George E. Cushman, Jr., and Francis O. Wood were honor guests at a dance given for all the non-commissioned officers of Camp Lewis on March 7. Lieut. G. A. O'Rourke, 16th F.A., spent a few days visiting friends in Colfax, Wash., recently.

The Camp Lewis Polo Association has been formed and officers elected as follows: Major General Muir, president; Major F. M. Barrows, 16th Field Art., vice president; Captain Manly, C.A.C., secretary-treasurer. A series of games will be played soon between teams representing the various regiments in the camp. In addition a team composed of the best players in camp will meet outside teams.

FIFTH DIVISION NOTES.

Camp Jackson, S.C., March 19, 1921.

The Camp Jackson Polo Association will enter polo teams in competition at Camden about March 30 and at Pinehurst about April 4. Officers' saddle-mounts and hunters are to be entered in the horse shows at both these places, and all officers and their wives who attend the Pinehurst show are to be entertained by the management of the Pinehurst winter resort.

The officers of the 11th Infantry gave a pretty hop and social Wednesday evening, the hostesses being Mmes. Paul O. Franson and Glenn L. Allen. Miss Hazel Nelson and Miss Morrow, of Washington, were guests of honor. The 11th Infantry orchestra played. Outside guests included Miss Frances Morrow, of Washington, and Mr. James Elkins, brother of Captain Elkins, 11th Inf.

Miss Rose Moran, of Atlanta and New York, is spending a few days with her sister, Miss Dorothy J. Moran, at the Camp Jackson Hotel. Miss Moran is en route from New York to her home in Atlanta to be the guest of her mother for several weeks.

Brig. Gen. U. G. McAlexander returned to Camp Jackson Saturday after a ten-day's leave spent at Boston and visiting old friends in Vermont. Mrs. McAlexander accompanied the General to Boston, going thence to Salt Lake City for a few weeks' visit, and will later visit points on the Pacific coast.

The 60th Infantry card party met with Mrs. Martin on Monday, and assisting Mrs. Martin was Mrs. Amis, Miss Morrow, guest of Miss Nelson, was guest of honor at a party given by the Misses Hero on Friday. Misses Waring, Nelson, Morrow, the Misses Hero, Lieutenants Brimmer, Hinwood, Rogers, Jones and Bunting were among those present.

Lieutenant Dunn, 56th Art., C.A.C., has left on a ten-day leave to visit the bedside of his uncle, who is critically ill.

Mrs. Hines had the second of her series of card parties on Thursday. The first was given two weeks ago in honor of Mrs. Paul T. Hayne and the guests included many Columbia people. One of the prettiest parties of the week was that given by Mrs. Clarke S. Smith on March 11. There were five tables of bridge, and others came in for tea. Those present were Mmes. J. L. Hines, R. H. McMaster, H. B. Nelson, J. R. Lee, P. T. Hayne, J. P. Barnes, Vest of Washington, D.C., J. B. La Guardia, Allen Park, W. J. O'Loughlin, E. H. Bertram, W. L. Medding, M. J. Young, B. Wilkinson, J. V. Ware, Rosever, Potts, Gray, McGruder, Braley, Misses Hines and Rosever.

Capt. and Mrs. Mackin entertained Major and Mrs. Young and Mrs. Vest at dinner in town on Tuesday. Mrs. Walter

Mullins, in behalf of the 61st Infantry, gave a benefit bridge party on March 10 to the institution of a regimental fund for men in the hospital. Mrs. Rothermich assisted Mrs. Mullins, and the prize, donated by Captain Rothermich, was won by Mrs. Bertram. Mrs. O'Loughlin judged tea.

Mrs. Mason J. Young gave a luncheon March 9 to Miss Rosever. The guests were Mrs. Vest, mother of Mrs. Young; Mrs. Rosever, Miss Rosever, Mmes. E. H. Bertram, W. J. O'Loughlin, W. J. Medding and G. E. Mackin. On Wednesday Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Paul Hurst gave a dinner party in honor of Mrs. Hunt's mother, Mrs. Cole, of New York. Following the dinner was a theater party at the Columbia. The guests included Major Gen. and Mrs. John L. Hines and Col. and Mrs. McMaster. Mrs. Reading Wilkinson gave a bridge party on March 10 for the ladies of the 7th Engineers.

The 60th Infantry Bridge Club met on Monday with Mrs. L. G. Martin, who was assisted by Mrs. L. W. Amis.

Jack Hines celebrated his sixteenth birthday anniversary with a St. Patrick's day party on Saturday night. The guests came in costume and played a number of jolly games, the prizes for which were won by Miss Louise Totten and Dick Oliver.

Complimentary prizes were won by Miss Louise Totten and Dick Oliver. Consolation prizes were won by Miss Doris Meyer and Willoughby Nelson. The guests included Miss Louise Totten, dressed as a cook; Miss Doris Meyer as a maid, Miss Jean Totten as a nurse, Frank Coleman as a jockey, Dick Oliver as a colored mammy, Bill Nelson as a workman, Hugo Pitt as a waiter, and Jack Hines as a coachman.

At the Wednesday Afternoon Card Club Mrs. Glen Davis, Mmes. Mullins, Butler and Olmstead were the hostesses. Mmes. Willett and Murphy won the prizes.

Lieut. and Mrs. Mark Potter entertained Capt. and Mrs. W. F. Daugherty on Friday evening last, followed by a bridge party on Saturday evening for Capt. and Mrs. William T. Brock.

A jolly theater party witnessed the performance of "Hello Alexander" at the Columbia Theater Tuesday evening. After the theater the party proceeded to the home of Miss Waring for dinner. Among those present were Misses Hines, Nelson, Morrow, Waring, Hero, Captain Cleland, Lieutenants Rogers, Saulnier, Hinwood and Brimmer. Miss Jacqueline Hero and Mr. Geddings Crawford joined the party at dinner.

SEVENTH DIVISION AND CAMP MEADE.

Camp Meade, Md., March 19, 1921.

Brig. Gen. Fox Conner was a guest of Col. Abram G. Lott, chief of staff at division headquarters, March 16. Mrs. W. F. L. Hartigan entertained eight tables of bridge at Camp Meade, March 16, in honor of Mmes. George Herbat and John S. Switzer, of Washington. Mrs. Ralph M. Parker entertained at cards and tea Thursday in honor of Mrs. George P. Peed, wife of Colonel Peed, and Mrs. Arthur M. Parker and Miss May Parker, of Washington. Six tables were entertained at bridge, and at tea other friends gathered to meet the guests of honor.

Camp Meade is to take its place in the ranks of golf playing stations. Last Friday a meeting of golf representatives conferred with Col. A. G. Lott and selected a course. Already work preparatory to getting the ground in shape to play has commenced.

Lieut. E. T. Loucks, 64th Inf., and Mrs. Loucks have arrived at Camp Meade. Mrs. Loucks was Miss Amelia K. Downing, of Louisville, Ky., and during the war was interested in the hostess activities in our camps. The wedding took place last month. They will be at home to their friends at No. 7-G.

A ceremony unique in the history of our Service took place Saturday when the 7th Division was paraded and reviewed by Brig. Gen. E. F. McGlachlin, Jr., and the athletes of the division received the black sweater with the superimposed red seven issued to our athletes who qualified under the very rigid rules prescribed by the division commander. The names of athletes who received sweaters are as follows (eq., equitation; ri., ride; tr., track; bl., baseball; bkb., basketball; fb., football; p., pistol): Major V. P. Erwin, eq.; Capt. R. O. Miller, ri.; First Lieuts. J. H. Gibson, tr.; K. B. Bush, ri.; G. F. McMullin and A. D. Cameron, bb.; T. S. Brand, bkb.; H. F. Thompson, fb.; J. S. Robinson, bb.; L. J. Compton, fb.; P. J. Vevia, bkb.; J. A. Klein, ri.; K. J. Fielder, bb.; P. L. Sadler, bkb.; F. R. Wolfe, fb.; T. R. Holmes, bb.; P. M. McRae, ri.; A. S. Champa and M. L. Rosenthal, bkb.; Second Lieut. L. J. Claterhos, bkb.; Staff Sergts. P. S. Murphy, ri., and F. S. Steiner, bb.; 1st Sergt. G. Driscoll and G. M. Kirk, bb.; 1st Sergt. C. M. Day, fb.; Sergt. H. J. Newcomb, fb.; Corps. M. L. Abrams and J. D. Hibler, bb.; Pts. 1st Cl. W. W. Shoemaker, tr., and J. Czokas, bkb.; Pts. C. Locklin, fb., and C. D. Reynolds, bb.; Sergt. C. Hoog, p.

MARE ISLAND.

Mare Island, Calif., March 16, 1921.

Rear Admiral J. L. Jayne, who was stricken with paralysis while with the Pacific Fleet in Southern waters, and who was brought North on the hospital ship Mercy, is now under treatment at the hospital here, and is doing remarkably well. Mrs. Jayne is staying at the yard as the guest of Capt. and Mrs. J. M. Ellicott while the Admiral is under treatment.

Complimentary to Major and Mrs. Carl Gamborg-Andresen, Comdr. and Mrs. L. M. Cox entertained at a dinner March 4. Other present: Capt. and Mrs. J. M. Ellicott, Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Sharp, Capt. and Mrs. M. E. Reed, Comdr. and Mrs. Charles S. Kerrick and Harold G. Bowen. Comdr. and Mrs. Frederick K. Perkins have taken up their residence here, the former as disbursing officer. The largest party of the week was that given March 9 by Mrs. T. J. See, when she entertained at bridge.

Capt. and Mrs. Henry F. Odell, Capt. and Mrs. Hugo W. Osterhaus and Comdr. and Mrs. H. L. Haislip are spending a few weeks at Pebble Beach, Carmel, having taken cottages there. The trip down was made by motor. Lieut. and Mrs. J. R. McMeekin, of San Francisco, spent the weekend in Vallejo, guests of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Weir. Comdr. R. Leroy Nielson, ordered to Honolulu to command the submarine S-6, is to leave for station next month and will be joined there later by Mrs. Nielson. Major and Mrs. Nelson P. Vulte have arrived here from San Francisco, the former relieving Major D. M. Randal, who has gone South to organize the 1st Battalion of the 7th Regiment of Marines, of which he will have command.

Lieut. James Snow is under treatment at the hospital here, having contracted pneumonia following an attack of influenza. Read Admiral Casey B. Morgan arrived from the Asiatic Station last week and is now in San Francisco.

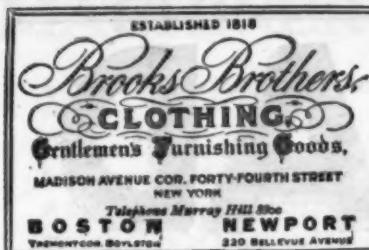
Comdr. and Mrs. Philip Seymour were dinner hosts in Vallejo on March 4. Comdr. and Mrs. R. H. Skelton have returned to Vallejo after a two weeks' pleasure trip. Mrs. Claude R. Riney, who has been spending the winter with her mother in Vallejo, has left for San Pedro. Dr. Riney's ship was stationed there at the present time.

Mrs. Frank L. Kelly was a bridge hostess last week, entertaining three tables. Comdr. and Mrs. James M. Doyle entertained at a luncheon for sixteen guests at their San Francisco home Thursday in honor of Rear Admiral Alexander Halstead and Admiral Roger Welles. They also gave a dinner for sixteen guests one night last week. Rear Admiral Welles is commandant of the recently organized 11th Naval District, with headquarters in San Diego.

Capt. and Mrs. J. M. Ellicott gave a dinner last week for Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. O. L. Wolfard, Frank J. Wille, W. L. Calhoun, George J. McMillan and Frank Kelly.

The destroyer Farenholt, launched at the yards of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation on Wednesday, was named for the late Rear Admiral Farenholt, whose son, Rear Admiral Ammen Farenholt, in charge of the naval hospital here, gave a luncheon at the Palace Hotel in that city following the ceremony. It was complimentary to Mrs. J. Stewart Fairweather, sponsor for the vessel, and others present were Rear Admiral and Mrs. W. H. Whiting, Capt. and Mrs. C. M. Fiske, Lieut. and Mrs. Collins McCrea, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Hovey, Rear Admiral and Mrs. McCormack, Col. and Mrs. D. P. Hall and Mrs. John Fulton.

Mrs. C. C. Kress is here for a short stay, en route to Guam, where she will join Lieutenant Commander Kress, M.C. Comdr. and Mrs. R. E. Hoyt, due on the transport Sherman to-morrow, will be guests of Mrs. Hoyt's mother, Mrs. Lincoln Karmann, and Colonel Karmann for two weeks. Col. and Mrs. Karmann are to sail on the April transport for



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Rogers, Miss Marie Brook, Mr. John Macaulay, Mr. Thomas Abel and Mr. Edward Wootten enjoyed a dinner given by Major and Mrs. F. Heard at the Officers' Club. Mrs. J. C. Hughes entertained on Thursday for the ladies of the 13th Field Artillery at a tea.

Lieut. and Mrs. Francis Boucher had supper on Sunday for Capt. and Mrs. A. H. Platt and Capt. and Mrs. D. Blakelock. Mrs. W. K. Jones entertained the 44th Infantry Bridge Club on Thursday. Mrs. E. J. Nowlen poured tea.

Lieut. and Mrs. P. J. Lloyd gave a dinner on Monday for Brig. Gen. and Mrs. J. E. Kahn, Major and Mrs. C. White of Fort Shafter, Lieutenant Brown and Capt. A. J. Funk. On Monday Mrs. Frank Caum and Lieut. Norman Caum entertained at dinner for Major and Mrs. F. Heard, Major and Mrs. Z. Drolinger, Mr. John Macaulay and Mr. Edward Wootten.

Misses Marion and Eise Howlitt, of Cambridge, Mass., were weekend guests of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Harrington. Mrs. Arthur Harrington, mother of Captain Harrington, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. George Rudin, of Waialua, for several days last week. Mrs. T. A. Harkins gave a pretty tea for the ladies of the Engineer Corps on Friday. On Washington's Birthday the 44th Infantry entertained with a supper dance.

On Wednesday evening Major and Mrs. C. B. Kendall entertained at bridge for Capt. and Mrs. A. Platt, Miss Mabel Sawbridge, Lieut. Ben Sawbridge, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Harrington, Lieut. and Mrs. A. C. Berry, Major and Mrs. Arthur Conard of Fort De Russy.

Major and Mrs. D. C. Richard, Major and Mrs. Curry, Major and Mrs. Hazelton, Capt. and Mrs. Spilman and Lieut. W. B. Augar enjoyed a dinner given by Major and Mrs. A. B. Conard, of Fort De Russy, on Friday. The party later went to the Moana Hotel dance. Capt. and Mrs. Ducat entertained Capt. and Mrs. Murray, Lieut. and Mrs. Berry with a chop suey supper on Sunday. Mmes. Gillem, Lloyd, Scobey, Nowlen and Ducat enjoyed a luncheon given by Mrs. C. W. White, of Fort Shafter, on Monday.

CANAL ZONE NOTES.

Cristobal, Canal Zone, March 4, 1921.

Mrs. Hilary P. Jones, wife of Vice Admiral Jones, and her mother, Mrs. Lippincott, were entertained at lunch by Rear Admiral Marbury Johnston before they sailed on the S.S. Ulua for their home in Philadelphia. Mrs. McNamee, wife of Captain McNamee, of the U.S.S. Nevada, has been on the isthmus for several months. Mrs. McClintic, wife of Commander McClintic, of the Pennsylvania, is again on the isthmus, accompanied by her sister, Miss Morley. Mrs. King, mother of Captain King, U.S.M.C., who has been visiting her niece, Mrs. Carl Hull, of Coco Solo, sailed on the U.S. Panama on Tuesday. Miss Genevieve Cooper, who has been visiting her sister,

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New York without brains, but not without money."—Our Navy.

The ship's band had just finished playing a selection from "William Tell." The bandmaster tapped his music stand and announced, "Next we'll play the 'Stars and Stripes Forever'."

"Escoose me, please," meekly remarked the Filipino trombone player, "I joost played 'Stars and Stripes' on trombone." Anyhow, nobody noticed the difference, so no harm was done.—Our Navy.

Bill, pacing Post No. 1, the newest of new recruits, heard footsteps.

"Halt, who's there?" he challenged sharply.

"Friend," answered a voice.

"Praise heaven!" shouted Bill, tears of joy coming into his eyes. "You're the first I've met since I joined up with this darn outfit."—American Legion Weekly.

"Say, Buddy, do you remember when we were over there, they used to tell us that when we got back nothing would be too good for us?"

"Sure, what about it?"

"Well, they told the truth."—American Legion Weekly.

"What a peculiarly marked cat," said the lady visitor as the ship's mascot strolled across the deck. He certainly did have many markings, but his favorite hangout was on the ship's writer's desk, and the busy yeoman used him for a pen wiper.—Our Navy.

"Say, what's a good ration for a mule?" asked the quartermaster.

"Soothing syrup," answered the vet who had just suffered a defeat at one's hoofs.—American Legion Weekly.

Wife of a gob applied for a pension the other day, saying both she and her husband had fought all through the war.—Our Navy.

Battalion Commander: "Now, Mr. Simpkins, you have the battalion arranged by squads, facing south. How would you get it into line—companies front—facing north?"

Mushroom Ensign: "That's just what I've been thinking about ever since I got them facing south." (It's a gift.)—Our Navy.

A bluejacket was coming out of the navy yard gate all ready to make a big liberty in New York. A highwayman stepped out of the shadow of a doorway, stuck a big turret into the gob's face and muttered, "Throw up your hands or I'll blow out your brains." "Fire when you're ready, Gridley," replied the gob, "I can make a liberty in